ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



Des Moines Independent Community School District
DES MOINES, IOWA

Des Moines Independent Community School District, Des Moines, Iowa

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2022

> Official Issuing Report: Shashank Aurora

Chief Financial Officer

Office Issuing Report: Business and Finance Department

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Chief Financial Officer



November 29, 2022

The Board of Education and Residents
Des Moines Independent Community School District

We are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Des Moines Independent Community School District (the District, Des Moines Public Schools, or DMPS) for fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

The District operates in compliance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and prepares its financial statements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34. This report has been prepared to conform to guidelines recommended by the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO International) and the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

RSM US LLP, Certified Public Accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

The responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with District management. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. The District believes that the data presented herein is accurate in all material respects, the data is presented fairly to set forth the financial position and results of operations of the District as measured by the financial activity of the various funds, and all necessary disclosures have been included, enabling the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the District's financial affairs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the District's basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

As is the case every year, the District was required to undergo a single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act and Subpart F of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this Single Audit, including a schedule of expenditures of federal awards, summary schedule of prior audit findings, the independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters, independent auditor's report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal control over compliance, a schedule of findings and questioned costs, and corrective action plans (if any) are included in the single audit compliance section of this report.

Profile of the Government

In May 2017, the lowa Legislature created limited home rule for lowa school districts. The change provides more flexibility to school districts in their exercise of powers, where the law or administrative rule does not already prescribe or prohibit the action. All lowa school districts remain under the control of a local board of directors and have fiscal independence from other governmental entities. The District is a political subdivision of the State of lowa, and, as such, operates public schools and supporting programs for children in preschool through grade twelve.

A seven-member Board of Education (the Board) governs the District. Members serve overlapping four-year terms and are elected on a non-partisan basis. The Board operates under the policy governance model and, thus, is a policymaking and planning body whose decisions are carried out by the Superintendent.

The District serves more than 214,000 people who live in Polk and Warren Counties. Covering nearly 86 square miles, the District has developed in the heart of the Des Moines city center, east into Pleasant Hill, west into Windsor Heights, and south into Warren County. The District benefits from having strong and diverse neighborhoods and a citizenry deeply involved in its public education.

Here are what others have to say about Des Moines being a great place to live and work:

- 2022 #13 Best Places to Live in the US U.S. News & World Report
- 2021 Top 10 City to Live in After the Pandemic Today.com
- 2020 #7 Best Place to Live in the U.S. U.S. News & World Report
- 2020 #3 Best Affordable Place to Live in the U.S U.S. News & World Report
- 2019 #5 Best Place to Live in the U.S. U.S. News & World Report
- 2019 #3 Best Affordable Place to Live in the U.S. U.S. News & World Report
- 2019 #10 on Best State Capitals to Live In WalletHub.com
- 2019 #6 Best American Cities to Work in Tech in 2019 Yahoo Finance
- 2018 #1 Most Popular City for Millennial Homebuyers Lending Tree
- 2018 #8 Best Job Market for 2018 ZipRecruiter
- 2018 One of "5 Up-and-Coming Tech Hotspots" Livability
- 2018 #8 Best City to Find Small Business Jobs ZipRecruiter
- 2018 #7 Place Where Jobs Will Be In 2018 Forbes
- 2017 #1 Best Place for Millennials to Live in the Midwest Growella
- 2017 #1 Best Affordable Place to Live in the U.S. U.S. News and World Report
- 2017 #4 Best Place for Children SmartAsset
- 2017 #3 Best Place to Live with a Low Cost of Living Business Insider
- 2017 The best city for young professionals TheSpruce.com
- 2016 Best City for the Middle Class BusinessInsider
- 2016 Ranked in the Top 10 Hippest Mid-Sized Cities in America Gogobot.com
- 2016 #4 Best Mid-Sized Cities for Making a Living MoneyGeek.com
- 2016 #4 Best Cities for Young Families ValuePenguin.com
- 2016 #10 Best City to Live and Work Robert Half
- 2015 #2 Best City to Find a Job WalletHub
- 2015 Emerging Start Up City Investopedia
- 2015 #3 Top City for New College Graduates SmartAsset
- 2015 #6 Midsize Metro Where College Grads Move for Jobs AIER
- 2015 #4 Best City for Technology Workers to Start their Career Computer Training Schools
- 2015 Best Places for Business and Careers Forbes

The District provides a full range of programs and services including instructional, preschool, student services, school building administration, maintenance of sites and facilities, transportation, food service, custodial, extra co-curricular and athletic activities, and childcare. The District provides a comprehensive educational program appropriate to students in preschool through grade twelve. These services include regular and enriched academic education; special education; vocational education; and numerous individualized programs such as instruction for at-risk students, gifted and talented students, and students in the English Learner (EL) program.

The District's enrollment for school year 2021-2022 was 31,024, making it by far the largest public school district in lowa. Students are served in 38 elementary schools, 10 middle schools, five comprehensive high schools, a secondary career and technical institute, an advanced learning central academy, a virtual school, and other specialty schools and programs. The District also operates preschool programs for more than 1,500 children in four District preschool centers, a half-dozen elementary schools throughout Des Moines, as well as more than a dozen community partners. The District also maintains a maintenance/warehouse facility, a print shop, and athletic complexes. The average age of the District's buildings is 69 years. However, using Statewide Penny revenues, the District has ensured these buildings are well-maintained allowing for many additional years of future use. The District prefers to renovate and maintain current structures, as opposed to building new ones to replace them, whenever possible.

Des Moines Public Schools may be the biggest provider of public education in Iowa, but the District takes anything but a one-size-fits-all approach to educating students. In fact, families in Des Moines can find more educational options than anyplace in the state, including:

- Advanced Learning. Central Academy attended by students from 39 central lowa middle and high schools —
 is lowa's top Advanced Placement program, dedicated to providing a challenging curriculum. The Belin-Blank
 Center for Gifted Education and Talent Development placed Central Academy "in a class by itself" as a college
 preparatory school. In addition, the District significantly expanded AP course offerings in all five comprehensive
 high schools. All five comprehensive high schools are on the Belin-Blank Center's lowa AP Top 25 Index.
- Career & Technical Institute (CTI). Located at Central Campus, CTI presents students with learning
 opportunities in several high-skill areas, including graphic design, broadcasting & film, culinary arts, fashion,
 skilled trades, and automotive technology. In addition, DMPS offers one of only three high school aviation
 programs certified by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) and has the largest marine biology program of
 any non-coastal high school. Central Campus is the first lowa school named by the Department of Labor (DOL)
 as a "high-quality pre-apprenticeship" program.
- International Baccalaureate (IB). Home to the first IB program in Iowa, DMPS offers this world-class educational opportunity at five elementary schools (Hubbell, Park Avenue, Stowe, Moore, and Walnut Street), four middle schools (Brody, Goodrell, Meredith, and Merrill), and at Hoover High School.
- Montessori. Cowles Montessori School is the only public Montessori program in Iowa, serving students in kindergarten through eighth grade. Students learn in multiage classrooms and children's natural curiosities are exploited to the fullest as they advance at their own pace.
- Virtual School. Virtual Campus is an online high school, designed and taught by DMPS educators, to provide
 greater equity of access and opportunity for success to all students. The District continues to expand course
 offerings each semester to fully maximize the virtual opportunities for students.
- Higher Education Partnerships. Des Moines Public Schools' proximity to Drake University, Iowa State
 University, Des Moines University, Grandview University, Des Moines Area Community College, and other
 institutions of higher education have created numerous partnerships and collaborative efforts that support
 students, teachers, and administrators. This includes the District's Master's Degree Program available
 exclusively through Drake offered to teachers, at little or no cost, who are part of the Blue Teaching Contract.

Des Moines educators and staff are recognized as being among the very best in their fields. These are just some of the awards and honors they have earned in recent years:

- 2022 Junior High Coach of the Year Iowa Wrestling Coaches and Officials Association
- 2022 2014 Energy Star Partner of the Year (Sustained Excellence)
- 2021 2007 Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Association of School Business Officials for the District's annual comprehensive financial report
- 2021 2007 Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association for the District's annual comprehensive financial report
- 2021 Iowa History Teacher of the Year
- 2021 Ag Ed Administrator of the Year
- 2021 School Lunch Hero
- 2021 ISPRA Communication Awards 25 honors
- 2021 ASCA Model Program Award American School Counselor Association
- 2020, 2016, 2013, 2012, 2010, 2009, 2006, 1998, 1997, 1997, 1995, 1995, 1983 Presidential Award for Excellence in Mathematics and Science Teaching – National Science Foundation, on behalf of the White House Office of Science and Technology Policy
- 2020 Administrator of the Year Iowa High School Press Association
- 2020 Orgametrics Award Winner Orgametrics
- 2020 Top 5 ESPN Unified Champion School ESPN
- 2019 2015 Meritorious Budget Award from the Association of School Business Officials
- 2019 Teacher of the Year Des Moines chapter of the Izaak Walton League
- 2017 2013 Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the Government Finance Officers Association
- 2018 Teacher of Promise Iowa World Language Association
- 2018 Agriculture Leader of the Year Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Management
- 2018 Iowa School Social Worker of the Year Midwest School Social Work Council
- 2018 Iowa Middle School Physical Education Teacher of the Year Iowa Association for Health, Physical Education, Recreation and Dance
- 2018 Des Moines Police Department Officer of the Year Des Moines Rotary Club
- Ten awards in NSPRA's 2018 Publications and Electronic Media Awards competition, including six entries earning an Award of Excellence, the highest honor in each category
- 2018 Ally of the Year Capital City Pride
- 2018 Iowa's Educator of the Year National Speech & Debate Association
- 2018 Friend of Children Award Iowa School Social Workers Association
- 2017 Stephen Tsai Award for Excellence in Autism Education Autism Society of Iowa
- 2017 Iowa High School Press Association's Administrator of the Year Iowa High School Press Association
- 2017 PBS Digital Innovator
- 2016 AP Teacher of the Year
- 2016 ISPRA Communicator of the Year
- 2016 Des Moines Register Coach of the year

Economic Condition and Outlook

State Economy – The net General Fund receipts for the State of Iowa for fiscal year 2021 actual was \$8,800.6 million. The Iowa Revenue Estimating Conference (REC) met on March 10, 2022 and increased the estimated net General Fund receipts for the State of Iowa for fiscal year 2022 to \$9,171.1 million (an increase of \$370.5 million (+4.2%) compared to fiscal year 2021 actual). The March 2022 REC established a net General Fund receipts estimate for FY 2023 of \$9,156.3 million. This is a decrease of \$14.8 million (-0.2%) compared to the revised FY 2022 estimate.

The REC met on October 13, 2022 and revised estimates for FY 2023. The actual net General Fund receipts for the State of lowa for fiscal year 2022 was \$9,803.4 million (an increase of \$1,002.8 million (11.4%) compared to the fiscal year 2021 actual of \$8,800.6 million). The October 2022 estimate for FY 2023 net General Fund receipts for the State of lowa is \$9,534.1 million (a decrease of \$269.3 million (-2.7%) compared to fiscal year 2022 actual).

Local Economy – The Des Moines Independent Community School District is in the center of Iowa, primarily in the city of Des Moines (the City). The City is comprised of 80.87 square miles of land with a population of 214,000, approximately 24% of which is younger than 18. The median household income (2019) in Des Moines was \$54,843, and approximately 16.0% of persons live below the poverty line.

While lowa is an agricultural state, the City's economic diversification insulates it from most swings in the farming-based economy. The City is the industrial, technology, commercial, financial, trade, transportation, and governmental center of lowa. The City's insurance industry is the third largest in the world, after London and Hartford, with more than 200 insurance offices/headquarters located in Des Moines. Insurance activities are part of a strong local economy that is also based in agriculture, manufacturing, technology, education, health care, and other services. Wells Fargo, UnityPoint Health Systems, and Principal Financial Group, Inc. are the major private employers within the District.

The variety of components contributing to the City's economy creates a stability that is apparent from unemployment figures. The City has historically enjoyed a relatively low unemployment rate for each of the last three years: 4.2 percent in 2021, 4.1 percent in 2020, and 2.7 percent in 2019.

State Funding – State Aid is the largest single source of revenue the district receives. The two factors that impact the amount of State Aid the District receives are: the rate of growth for Supplemental State Aid and student enrollment. The rate of growth for Supplemental State Aid for fiscal year 2022 was 2.4, compared to 2.3 percent for fiscal year 2021. Supplemental State Aid for fiscal year 2023 will be 2.5 percent.

The last four school years, the District has experienced declining enrollment. Official enrollment that determined fiscal year 2022 State Aid was taken on October 1, 2020. As a direct result of COVID-19, enrollment decreased by 3.1% (986 students) as compared to the October 1, 2019 count. This was the largest single decrease in enrollment in decades. The District was down approximately 600 students in the 2021-22 school year compared to the 2020-21 school year. This official enrollment impacts State Aid for fiscal year 2023. Overall, the District has lost nearly 1,600 students when compared to the pre-pandemic school year of 2019-20. Enrollment is projected to continue to decrease in future years.

Long-Term Financial Planning and Relevant Financial Policies - The District's solvency ratio is a measure of the District's fund equity position and is defined as the unassigned fund balance (commonly referred to as the cash reserves) divided by the District's total General Fund revenues, less the Area Education Agency (AEA) flow-through. Board guidelines state that the solvency ratio should not go below three percent, without prior knowledge of the Board. The lowa Association of School Boards (IASB) considers a solvency ratio of zero to five percent to be adequate for short-term credit purposes, while a ratio of five to ten percent is within "Target" or "Good" and therefore "can handle the unexpected." In addition, during the 2012-2013 school year, the Board approved a 15% target for the District's solvency ratio. The solvency ratio for the District was 34.82% as of June 30, 2022, compared to 31.15% in the prior year.

In addition, the Board monitors the District's unspent spending ratio. This ratio is a measure of the District's unbudgeted authorized spending capacity (not cash reserves) and is defined as the District's unspent spending authority divided by the District's maximum budget authority. It should be noted that reaching the maximum budget authority level would

require the Board to authorize and levy additional property taxes. The IASB recommends this ratio be in the target range of 5% - 15%, not to exceed 25%. The unspent spending authority balance ratio (including categoricals) for fiscal year 2022 is estimated to be 14.9%, compared to 13.8% for the prior year. Excluding categoricals, the unspent spending authority balance ratio for fiscal year 2022 is estimated to be 13.4%, compared to 11.3% for the prior year.

Major Initiatives - The District has completed the fifth phase of bonding ahead on the Statewide Penny. The District sold Revenue Bonds in fiscal year 2018 to minimize future inflationary increases by condensing repair and renovation costs from a 10-year plan into a five-year plan. In November 2021, the District refunded the Series 2012, 2013, and 2016 revenue bonds with the Series 2021 bonds. The refinancing of the bonds led to an approximate savings of \$6,650,000 over the life of the bonds. The District carries the following revenue bonds currently: Series 2014, Series 2018, and Series 2021. All revenue bonds will be paid back using Statewide Penny revenue.

The District continues to treat energy savings and consumption as a priority. Currently 100% of classrooms are air conditioned. This is a 35% increase since 2008. Forty-one (41) DMPS schools utilize the earth's natural temperatures to heat and cool the building through geothermal heating/cooling. The District's sustainability efforts have been recognized with these major awards:

- 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014 ENERGY STAR Partner of the Year Environmental Protection Agency, Department of Energy
- 2017 Achievement Award Facility Maintenance Decisions
- 2016 Governor's Iowa Environmental Excellence Award in Energy Efficiency/Renewable Energy Office of the Governor
- 2016, 2015, 2014 ENERGY STAR Partner of the Year: Climate Communications Environmental Protection Agency, Department of Energy
- 2015 Environmental Protection Agency's ENERGY STAR National Building Competition: Operations Center and Greenwood Elementary School top finishers in the category of water-use reduction for individual buildings. DMPS High Schools team finished #5 for water-use reduction out of all teams entered.
- 2014 Environmental Protection Agency's ENERGY STAR National Building Competition: Findley Elementary School ranked #1 in education category for the most energy-consumption reduction among all entered K-12 facilities. Pleasant Hill, a top finisher in the category of water-use reduction, with five additional facilities posting more than 20-percent reductions in water use.
- 2014 FMXcellence Recognition Building Operations Management

The District continues to heavily invest in technology in the classroom, and investment in technology was ramped up in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. All DMPS students are given a laptop for their academic use and wifi hotspots are available for students and teachers who need connectivity from home. The District is incorporating a blended learning approach in the classroom as well as through its virtual school. This is an ongoing initiative to ensure each student is taught in a 21st century learning environment.

Voters approved the continuation of the District's Property, Plant, And Equipment Levy (PPEL) on November 5, 2019 for another 10 years. With this vote, the District will continue to receive PPEL funds through fiscal year 2031.

Other Financial Information

Internal Control. District management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control system designed to ensure that its assets are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of the basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Internal control is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurances that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

<u>Single Audit.</u> As a recipient of federal, state, and county financial assistance, the District also is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal control is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control is subject to periodic evaluation by management and external auditors.

As a part of the District's single audit described earlier, tests are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control over financial reporting and its compliance with applicable laws and regulations, including those related to major federal awards programs. The results of the District's single audit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022 provided no instances of material weaknesses in the District's internal controls or violations of applicable laws and regulations.

<u>Budgetary Controls.</u> In addition, the District maintains strong budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Board of Education. Activities of the General fund, Special Revenue funds, Debt Service fund, Enterprise funds, Capital Projects fund, and Private Purpose Trust funds are included in the annual appropriated budget by program. Project length financial plans are adopted for Capital Projects funds and budgeted accordingly on an annual basis. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the function level for all combined funds, rather than at the individual fund level.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound fiscal management.

<u>Basis of Presentation.</u> The charts and accounts used by the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and Audits of State and Local Governmental Units issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. In addition, the District's accounting records materially conform to the Uniform Accounting System for Iowa Schools, Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa and Area Educational Agencies issued by the Iowa Department of Education. The chart of accounts manual is updated annually, and the District is materially in compliance with these requirements.

Independent Audit. The accounting firm RSM US LLP was selected to perform the annual audit in accordance with Chapter 11 of the Code of Iowa. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in state statutes, the audit was designed to meet the requirements of the federal Single Audit Act and Subpart F of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The auditor's report on the basic financial statements, combining and individual fund statements and other schedules, is included in the financial section of this report. The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report also includes a statistical section which is unaudited.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The District is pleased to say that ASBO International awarded a *Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the District for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The District has received this recognition from ASBO since 2007. This award represents the highest recognition for school district operations offered by ASBO International. In addition, GFOA awarded a *Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting* to the District for its for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The District has received this recognition from GFOA since 2007. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a district must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

Each certificate is valid for a period of one year only, and the certificates for fiscal year 2021 are included in this report. The District believes that the current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the requirements for the GFOA and ASBO International certificate programs and will be submitting it to GFOA and ASBO International to determine eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated efforts of the District's Financial Services and Human Resources departments staff and our independent auditors from RSM US LLP. The District would like to express its appreciation to all staff members who assisted and contributed to this report, as well as members of city and county governments. Additional information on the operation of Des Moines Public Schools can be obtained from the District website: www.dmschools.org. Finally, appreciation is expressed for the interest and support of the Board in conducting the financial operations of the District in a most responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Matthew Smith, Interim Superintendent

Shashank Aurora, CFO

CPA, SBO

Board of Education and School District Officials Year Ended June 30, 2022

Name	Title	Term Expires	District
	Board of Education		
Dwana Bradley	Chair	2023	District Three
Teree Caldwell-Johnson *	Vice Chair	2025	District Four
Maria Alonzo-Diaz	Board Member	2025	At-Large
Jenna Knox	Board Member	2025	District Two
Kimberly Martorano **	Board Member	2023	District One
Jackie Norris	Board Member	2025	At-Large
Kelli Soyer	Board Member	2023	At-Large

^{*} Ms. Caldwell-Johnson was elected Chair for 2022-2023 on November 15, 2022.

School District Officials

Matthew Smith ***

Interim Superintendent

Shashank Aurora

Secretary and Treasurer

Appointed

^{**} Ms. Martorano was elected Vice Chair for 2022-2023 on November 15, 2022.

^{***} Mr. Smith was appointed Interim Superintendent by the Board on June 1, 2022 after the resignation of former Superintendent Dr. Thomas Ahart.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Des Moines Independent Community School District Iowa

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Des Moines Independent Community School District

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021.

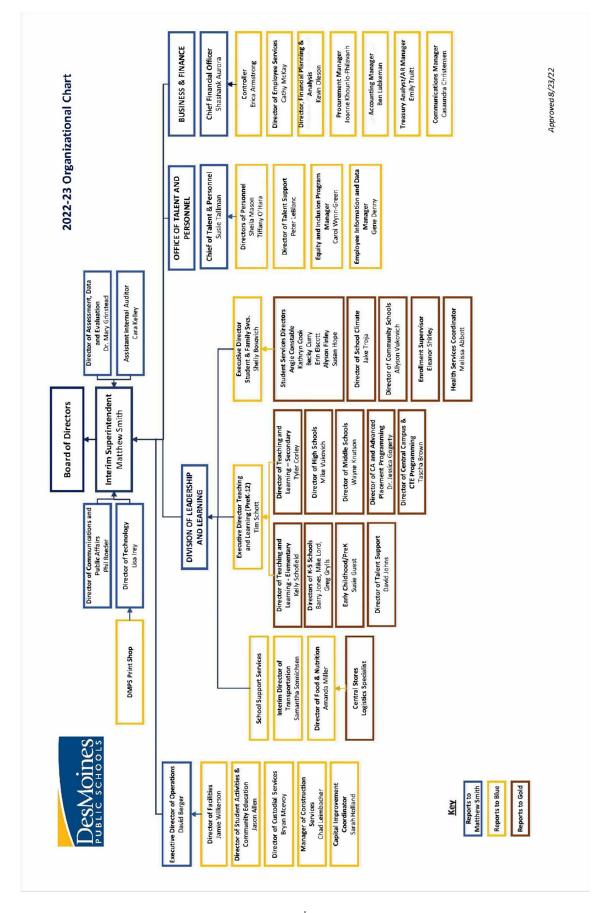
The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



William A. Sutter President

Will Clark

David J. Lewis
Executive Director





Independent Auditor's Report

RSM US LLP

Board of Education
Des Moines Independent Community School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Des Moines Independent Community School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Des Moines Independent Community School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 14 to the financial statements, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Statement No. 87, *Lease*, as of July 1, 2021. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Districts' ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the District's contributions, notes to required supplementary information, Des Moines Teachers' Retirement System schedule of changes in net pension liability (asset), schedule of net pension liability (asset) and related ratios, schedule of money-weighted rate of return and schedule of contributions from the District. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 29, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Des Moines, Iowa November 29, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

This Management's Discussion and Analysis is provided by the management of the Des Moines Independent Community School District (the District or DMPS) to offer readers an overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the discussion and analysis presented here in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow.

Financial Highlights

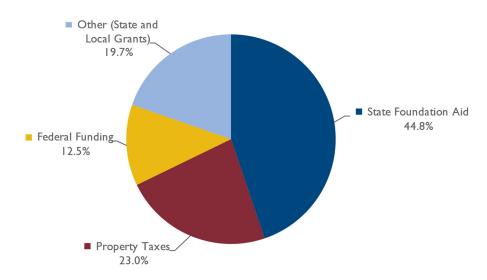
• **Budget:** The State of lowa (the State) legislatively approved a state supplemental aid factor of 2.30% for fiscal year 2021. For fiscal year 2022, the state supplemental aid rate was 2.40%.

In April 2021, the District's Board of Education (the Board) approved an expenditure budget for fiscal year 2022 for all funds of \$554.2 million (without transfers) or \$578.2 million (including transfers). In April 2022, the Board approved a budget amendment to increase expenditures by \$109 million due to \$75.7 million sales tax revenue bond refinancing from the debt service fund and \$33.3 million of COVID-19 / ESSER expenses.

Revenue: Government-wide revenues were \$570.7 million for the year ended June 30, 2022, which
primarily consisted of state aid, property taxes, federal grants, and SAVE taxes for capital projects.
General revenues accounted for 68.7% of the Government-wide revenue. Program revenues in the
form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for 31.3% of total
government-wide fiscal year 2022 revenues. Government-wide revenues were lower in fiscal year
2022 compared to fiscal year 2021, and the decrease was primarily in General Fund revenues, as
described below.

The General Fund had \$459.4 million in revenues for fiscal year 2022, which primarily consisted of state aid and property taxes. General Fund revenues decreased 9.6% (approximately \$48.8 million) in fiscal year 2022, primarily due to a decrease in federal funds and property tax revenues. Federal funds decreased as a result of \$25.6 million less in ESSER funding. Property tax revenues decreased by \$20.1 million, primarily because the district did not charge the Cash Reserve levy in fiscal year 2022, as the District hit the cash reserve limitation clause.

GENERAL FUND REVENUES

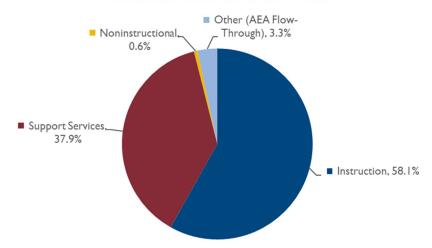


Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

• **Expenses:** Government-wide expenses (including business-type activities) for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$493.9 million, of which \$178.9 million of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services or grants and contributions. General revenues of \$391.8 million provided for the remaining costs of these programs.

The General Fund had \$465.8 million in fiscal year 2022 expenditures, which primarily consisted of instructional expenditures. General Fund expenditures increased 3.5%. Increases in expenditures are the result of costs correlating to federal COVID funds, a one-time teacher retention bonus of \$2.3 million, tuition out costs of \$2.0 million, and other operational costs related to being back in school for the full year, compared to fiscal year 2021 which was partially hybrid.

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES



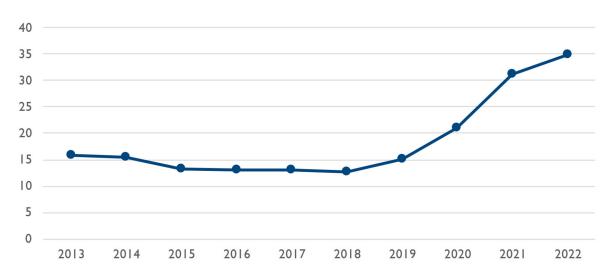
General Fund Balance and Solvency Ratio: The District's overall General Fund balance decreased from \$184.3 million as of June 30, 2021 to \$179.8 million as of June 30, 2022, a decrease of \$4.4 million. The District, like all school districts in the state, is required to maintain a balanced budget. To balance the District budget, one of many strategies the District employed was to ensure revenue and expenditures remained balanced.

The General Fund unassigned portion of fund balance increased from \$152.0 million as of June 30, 2021 to \$154.4 million as of June 30, 2022, an increase of \$2.4 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

The District's solvency ratio increased from 31.2% as of June 30, 2021 to 34.8% as of June 30, 2022.

SOLVENCY RATIO BOARD RANGE



The Board established a solvency ratio minimum of 15% during fiscal year 2013. The Iowa Association of School Boards (IASB) considers a solvency ratio of 0% - 5% to be adequate for short-term credit purposes, while a ratio of 5% - 15% is within "target" or "good" and, therefore, "can handle the unexpected." The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) recommends at least two months of expenditures of cash on hand. The District will continue to focus efforts on maintaining the solvency ratio to meet the 15% objective.

• **Debt:** The District's total long-term debt related to bonds decreased by \$25.4 million during the fiscal year due to continued principal payments on existing bonds and refinancing of Series 2012, 2013, and 2016 SAVE Revenue Bonds, along with the corresponding reduction in interest expense. The total outstanding bond debt at the end of the fiscal year is approximately \$132.6 million, consisting solely of revenue bonds. The District implemented GASB Statement No. 87 (capitalizing leases on right-to use assets), which resulted in an increase in debt of \$10.5 million. After principal and interest payments made during fiscal year 2022, the remaining lease obligation was \$6.0 million at June 30, 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

Overview of the Financial Statements

This Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements is comprised of: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to basic financial statements, and 4) required supplementary information.

Government-wide financial statements: The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status. That is, all the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when the cash is received or paid.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. However, to assess the District's overall financial health, nonfinancial factors should also be considered, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of District's school buildings.

In the Government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: These are activities primarily supported by property taxes and
 intergovernmental revenues such as state aid or federal funding, and expenditures are classified by
 function such as instruction, student services, instructional support services, general administration,
 building administration, business and central administration, plant operation and maintenance,
 student transportation, noninstructional, and interest and issuance costs on long-term debt.
- **Business-type activities:** These are supported by fees charged by the District to help cover the costs of services such as school nutrition, childcare, home construction, automotive, and farm-to-market ag store.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. These statements focus on individual parts (funds) of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the Government-wide statements. Some funds are required by state law or bond covenants and some are established to control and manage money for particular purposes.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions
reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide financial statements. These statements
explain how basic services, such as regular program and special education, were financed in the
short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund, which are considered major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. This aggregated information includes the Special Revenue funds of Student Activity, Management, and DMPS Expendable Trust; Capital Projects funds of Physical Plant and Equipment Levy (PPEL) and Public Education and Recreation Levy (PERL); and the Debt Service Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

Proprietary funds: Proprietary funds offer short-term and long-term financial information about the
activities the District operates like businesses, i.e., fees are charged to cover the cost of services
rendered.

These funds include activities defined as enterprise funds and internal service funds. The District's enterprise funds are all considered nonmajor and include School Nutrition, Child Care, Home Construction, Automotive, and Farm-to-Market Ag Store.

The District has three internal service funds: Self-Insurance, Risk Management, and Print Shop. Because all these services predominately benefit the District's governmental activities, rather than the business-type activities, they have been included in the governmental activities in the Government-wide financial statements.

• **Fiduciary funds:** Fiduciary funds provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or custodian for the benefit of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the Government-wide financial statements, because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. These funds include Des Moines Teachers' Retirement System (DMTRS) Pension Trust, Private Purpose Trust, and Custodial Funds.

Notes to basic financial statements: The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and fund financial statements.

Major features of the Government-wide and fund financial statements:

	Government-Wide Statements									
	Otatements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds						
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	Activities that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instruction, administration, and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses such as school nutrition	Activities the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarships						
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet	Statement of Net Position	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position						
	Statement of Activities	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position						
Accounting basis	Accrual accounting	Modified accrual accounting	Accrual accounting	Accrual accounting						
Measurement focus	Economic resources focus	Current financial resources focus	Economic resources focus	Economic resources focus						
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital and short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or longterm liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can						

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Government-Wide Statements	Fui	nd Financial Statemen	ts
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or within specified periods after year-end of the year; expenditures when goods or services are received and liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Supplementary information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budget process and other postemployment benefit information. The District adopts an annual budget for all budgeted governmental funds, enterprise, and trust funds in total. A budgetary comparison schedule and other post-employment benefit information has been provided as required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net position: The following table presents a summary of the District's net position for the year ended June 30, 2022 with comparison totals as of June 30, 2021.

			Governmental							
	G	overnmental	Activities	В	Business-Type	Вι	ısiness-Type		Total	
		Activities	2021		Activities		Activities	Total	2021	
		2022	Not Restated		2022		2021	2022	Not Restated	Difference
Current assets and										
other assets	\$	539,185,622	\$ 520,372,883	\$	4,879,784	\$	2,396,241	\$ 544,065,406	\$ 522,769,124	\$ 21,296,282
Capital assets, net		580,518,483	570,494,566		1,472,250		1,702,350	581,990,733	572,196,916	9,793,817
Total assets		1,119,704,105	1,090,867,449		6,352,034		4,098,591	1,126,056,139	1,094,966,040	31,090,099
Deferred outflows of resources		76,164,353	80,090,246		1,676,730		2,269,791	77,841,083	82,360,037	(4,518,954)
Current liabilities		103,320,536	98,507,850		1,584,580		1,209,115	104,905,116	99,716,965	5,188,151
Long-term liabilities		218,196,948	399,650,586		1,394,639		10,464,732	219,591,587	410,115,318	(190,523,731)
Total liabilities		321,517,484	498,158,436		2,979,219		11,673,847	324,496,703	509,832,283	(185,335,580)
Deferred inflows of resources		345,135,176	217,012,394		7,247,140		1,218,693	352,382,316	218,231,087	134,151,229
Net position:										
Net investment in capital										
assets		454,935,481	431,069,588		1,472,250		1,702,350	456,407,731	432,771,938	23,635,793
Restricted		112,513,490	100,034,357		· -		-	112,513,490	100,034,357	12,479,133
Unrestricted		(38,233,173)	(75,317,080)		(3,669,845)		(8,226,508)	(41,903,018)	(83,543,588)	41,640,570
Total net		·	,				•	•	,	
position	\$	529,215,798	\$ 455,786,865	\$	(2,197,595)	\$	(6,524,158)	\$ 527,018,203	\$ 449,262,707	\$ 77,755,496

The Districts total assets increased by \$31.1 million during the year ended June 30, 2022, \$11.5 million of this increase was due to adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, excluding this, the District had an increase in total assets of \$19.6 million. The \$9.8 million increase pertaining to capital assets (net) was primarily the result of the sale of two buildings offset by continued capitalization of school renovation and major repair projects completed as part of the District's renovation plans and implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 for capitalizing right-to-use assets with net book value of \$7.8 million at June 30, 2022. It should be noted that the District uses these capital assets to provide educational services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The \$21.3 million increase in current and other assets was primarily due increase in cash and investments offset by reduction in due from other governments related to ESSER claims.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$4.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2022, primarily from amounts recorded for IPERS and DMTRS defined benefit pension plans as detailed in Note 9.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District's total liabilities decreased by \$185.3 million compared to year ended June 30, 2021. The change is primarily due to an increase in capital lease obligations of \$6.0 million offset by a decrease in termination benefits of \$8.4 million, a decrease in long term liabilities related to revenue bonds of \$19.2 million, and a decrease due to post-employment benefits and change in net pension liability of \$172.7 million.

Deferred inflows of resources increased by \$134.2 million during the year ended June 30, 2022, primarily from amounts recorded for IPERS and DMTRS defined benefit pension plans as detailed in Note 9.

The District's total net position increased by \$76.8 million during the year ended June 30, 2022. At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District reported a positive balance in total net position. The same held true for the prior fiscal year.

Changes in net position: The following schedule shows the changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2022 with comparison totals for the year ended June 30, 2021. The difference between revenues and expenditures represents the change in net position.

			Governmental									
	G	Sovernmental	Activities	В	usiness-Type	Вι	isiness-Type			Total		
		Activities	2021		Activities	Activities			Total	2021		
		2022	Not Restated		2022		2021		2022	Not Restated	Difference	
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	36,259,644	\$ 33,572,603	\$	3,381,081	\$	1,796,263	\$	39,640,725	\$ 35,368,866	\$ 4,271,859	
Operating grants												
and contributions		115,933,911	146,867,423		23,346,985		16,287,095		139,280,896	163,154,518	(23,873,622)	
General revenues:												
Property taxes		143,834,920	164,515,529		-		-		143,834,920	164,515,529	(20,680,609)	
Sales tax, capital projects		38,218,634	31,561,628		-		-		38,218,634	31,561,628	6,657,006	
Investment earnings		(181,252)	(252,637)		-		-		(181,252)	(252,637)	71,385	
State aid and other state												
sources		205,760,431	207,395,814		-		-		205,760,431	207,395,814	(1,635,383)	
Other local sources, including gain on sale of capital												
assets		4.181.651	2.558.487		_		_		4.181.651	2.558.487	1,623,164	
Total revenues		544.007.939	586,218,847		26,728,066		18,083,358		570,736,005	604,302,205	(33,566,200)	
		0.1,00.,000	000,210,017		20,120,000		10,000,000		0.0,.00,000	00 1,002,200	(00,000,200)	
Expenses:												
Instruction		251,459,003	303,488,319		-		-		251,459,003	303,488,319	(52,029,316)	
Support services		191,817,911	187,197,565		-		-		191,817,911	187,197,565	4,620,346	
Noninstructional		4,122,574	2,064,361		-		-		4,122,574	2,064,361	2,058,213	
Other expenses		23,652,701	20,040,561		22,894,116		20,899,496		46,546,817	40,940,057	5,606,760	
Total expenses		471,052,189	512,790,806		22,894,116		20,899,496		493,946,305	533,690,302	(39,743,997)	
Increase in net												
position before												
transfers		72,955,750	73,428,041		3,833,950		(2,816,138)		76,789,700	70,611,903	6,177,797	
uansiers		72,955,750	73,426,041		3,633,930		(2,610,136)		76,765,700	70,011,903	0,177,797	
Transfers		(492,613)	1,139,221		492,613		(1,139,221)		-	-		
Change in net position	- -	72,463,137	74,567,262		4,326,563		(3,955,359)		76,789,700	70,611,903	6,177,797	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		456,752,661	381,219,603		(6,524,158)		(2,568,799)		450,228,503	378,650,804	71,577,699	
Net position, (deficit) ending	\$	529,215,798	\$ 455,786,865	\$	(2,197,595)	\$,	\$	527,018,203	\$ 449,262,707	\$ 77,755,496	
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- The main revenue sources of general revenues for fiscal year 2022 were state aid and other state sources, property taxes, and sales taxes, which account for 68.0% of total revenue.
- The District's expenses primarily relate to instruction and support services which account for 89.7% of the total expenses for fiscal year 2022.
- Overall, the District had an increase in net position of \$76.8 million in fiscal year 2022. The change in net position was an increase of \$70.6 million in fiscal year 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

- Governmental activities increased the net position by \$72.4 million, which is 94.4% of the total
 increase in net position for fiscal year 2022. The change was primarily the result of a decrease in
 federal revenues and reduction in expenditures to ensure we maintained compliance with the
 District's spending authority requirements.
- Restatement of beginning net position is a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 Lease accounting for right-to-use assets during fiscal year 2022. Net effect of beginning balances was an increase to net position for Governmental activities of \$965,796.

Governmental Activities

- State foundation aid and other state sources, property taxes, and sales taxes are the primary sources of general revenue for the District at 37.8%, 26.4%, and 7.0%, respectively, of total governmental activities revenues for fiscal year 2022 compared to 35.4%, 28.1%, and 5.4%, respectively, for fiscal year 2021. Overall, governmental activities revenue decreased by 7.2%.
- Instruction constitutes the largest portion of governmental activity expenditures at \$251.5 million, representing 53.4% of governmental activities expenses. The District offers a wide array of programs including general and special education, vocational, and college preparatory classes.
- The noninstructional and other expenses of the District accounted for 5.9% of total governmental
 activity expenses.

Net Cost: The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities including instruction, other support services, noninstructional programs, and other expenses for fiscal year 2022, with comparative totals for fiscal year 2021:

		2	022			2021					
				Net (Expense)			Net (Expense)				
	Total Expenses Revenue					Total Expenses		Revenue			
Instruction	\$	251,459,003	\$	(152,527,454)	\$	303,488,319	\$	(161,465,679)			
Other support services		191,817,911		(156,155,433)		187,197,565		(164,397,709)			
Noninstructional programs		4,122,574		(1,928,654)		2,064,361		(1,870,857)			
Other expenses		23,652,701		(8,247,093)		20,040,561		(4,616,535)			
Total expenses	\$	471,052,189	\$	(318,858,634)	\$	512,790,806	\$	(332,350,780)			

Net cost of governmental activities was financed by general revenues, which are made up of primarily property taxes and state aid. Federal and state governments and charges for services subsidized certain programs with federal funds, grants and contributions, and other local revenues of \$152.2 million, representing 32.3% of total governmental activities expenses.

Business-Type Activities – Change in Net Position:

- The School Nutrition and Child Care funds constitute most of the District's business-type activities.
- The School Nutrition Fund's primary sources of revenue are (1) federal revenue and (2) student fees, and the primary expenses are staff and food expenses. Compared to FY 2021, there was an increase in food sales and a higher federal reimbursement rate from COVID funding. As a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, all students in all DMPS schools were eligible for free meals in fiscal year 2022. The School Nutrition Fund had an increase in net position of \$1.9 million for fiscal year 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

 The primary source of revenue for the Child Care Fund is childcare fees, and the primary expense is staff. Compared to FY 2021, there was an increase in the number of families that participated in the District's childcare program, sites previously closed during the pandemic were reopened, leading to an increase in revenue. The Child Care Fund had an increase in net position of \$2.4 million for fiscal year 2022.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Governmental Funds Highlights

General Fund:

- The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District.
- The fund balance for the General Fund for decreased \$4.4 million in fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021.
- General Fund revenues decreased 9.6% in fiscal year 2022 compared to fiscal year 2021 and was
 primarily due to 16.0% decrease in property taxes, a 36.7% decrease in federal funding, and a slight
 decrease in state foundation aid of 0.8%, as compared to fiscal year 2021. The decrease in property
 taxes and state foundation aid is tied to declining student enrollment and the inability to levy cash
 reserves. The decrease in in federal funding is tied to a decrease in ESSER claims of \$25.6 million
 for fiscal year 2022.
- The General Fund had \$465.8 million in fiscal year 2022 expenditures, which primarily consisted of instructional expenditures. General Fund expenditures increased 3.5%, primarily due to expenditures related to COVID funding. Additional increases in expenditures are a result of teacher retention bonus of \$2.3 million, tuition out costs of \$2.0 million, and other operational costs related to being back in school for the full year, compared to fiscal year ending 2021 which was partially hybrid.

Capital Projects Fund:

- The Capital Projects Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures generated through the
 collection of SAVE tax dollars and expenditures for capital outlays. The cash restricted in this fund is
 for the purpose of future capital outlay expenditures.
- The Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$70.8 million as of June 30, 2022 and \$75.4 million as of June 30, 2021.
- The net decrease in the Capital Projects Fund for the fiscal year was due to continued principal payments on existing bonds.
- In May 2019, House File 546 was signed into law, which extended the Secure an Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE) program through calendar year 2050. The District will continue to evaluate the pragmatism of issuing additional revenue bonds.

Debt Service:

Accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to
expenditure for principal and interest on long-term debt. Management elected to classify the debt
service fund as a major fund due to bond refunding in the current year for public interest purposes.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

- The Debt Service fund does not hold a fund balance. Funds are transferred in cover the debt
 payments due during the current fiscal year. Debt Service payments are made on the principal
 and interest payments for sales tax and service revenue bonds and lease obligations. For the
 current year, principal and interest paid was \$26.5 million.
- On November 15, 2021, the District issued School Infrastructure Sales, Service and Use Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2022 totaling \$66.3 with an interest rate of 0.84 percent. The bonds were issued to advance refund the School Infrastructure Sales, Services and Use Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, 2013, and 2016. The District paid \$75.7 million of existing debt service reserve fund resources into escrow as a result of the issuance. As a result of the refunding, the District reduced its debt service requirements by \$6.9 million for a net present value savings of \$6.6 million after considering the payment of existing resources from the debt service reserve fund.

Management Fund:

- Management Fund is the accounts for transactions related to unemployment, early retirement, judgments and settlements and the cost of liability insurance as it relates to property and casualty.
- The Management Fund has a total fund balance of \$33.9 million as of June 30, 2022 and \$19.6 million as of June 30, 2021.
- The net increase in the Management Fund for the fiscal year was due to an increase in the Management Fund levy due to planned authorized expenses. The District implemented a new break/fix insurance program that is funded through the Management Fund.

Business-Type Activities – Proprietary Fund Highlights

There are no major enterprise funds.

Budgetary Highlights

In accordance with state law, the Board annually adopts a budget following the public notice and hearing requirements. Although the budget document presents functional area expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated functional level, not at the fund or fund type level. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The District's budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As is the District's practice, the District modified its adopted budget once during fiscal year 2022.

- For fiscal year 2022, the District received 105.1% of budgeted General Fund revenues.
- The District had an additional influx of federal funds via the American Rescue Plan Act after the FY 2022 budget was certified in April 2021. ESSER 3 was not announced by the Federal government until March 2021 and allocations to districts from the Iowa Department of Education were not provided until summer 2021. The initial application window for the FCC Emergency Connectivity program was not available until summer 2021.
- The District budgeted for a total General Fund Expenditure for fiscal year 2022 to be \$437.9 million. The actual fiscal year 2022 General Fund Expenditure was \$469.8 million, a \$32.0 million increase.
- The General Fund had \$465.8 million in fiscal year 2022 expenditures, which primarily consisted of
 instructional expenditures. General Fund expenditures increased 3.5%. Increases in expenditures are
 the result of costs correlating to federal COVID funds, a one-time teacher retention bonus of \$2.3
 million, tuition out costs of \$2.0 million, and other operational costs related to being back in school for
 the full year, compared to fiscal year 2021 which was partially hybrid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

The District's General Fund, its principal operating fund, continues to remain financially solvent.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: As of June 30, 2022, the District had invested \$582.0 million in capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, buses and other vehicles, computers, and other equipment. The sale of two buildings was offset by continued capitalization of school renovation and major repair projects that were completed as part of the District's renovation plans. Total capital assets represents a net increase of \$9.8 million, the District had an increase in capital assets of \$11.5 million due to adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, excluding this, the District had net capital asset decrease of \$1.7 million.

The following schedule presents capital asset balances, net of accumulated depreciation, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, compared with balances as of June 30, 2021:

	 Governmental Activities 2022	Activities 2021			Activities Business-Type Business-Type Total 2021 Activities Activities Total 2021				Activities Business-Type Business-Type 2021 Activities Activities Total			Total			ities Activities Total 2021			2021	Difference
Land Construction-in-progress Land improvements Buildings and improvements	\$ 4,963,615 9,918,962 1,011,660 544,285,547	\$	4,963,615 13,147,599 1,191,895 540,557,349	\$	9,499 - - -	\$	9,499 - - -	\$	4,973,114 9,918,962 1,011,660 544,285,547	\$	4,973,114 13,147,599 1,191,895 540,557,349	\$ (3,228,637) (180,235) 3,728,198							
Vehicles, furniture and equipment Lease assets, equipment Total	\$ 12,574,842 7,763,857 580,518,483	\$	10,634,108 - 570,494,566	\$	1,462,751 - 1,472,250	\$	1,692,851 - 1,702,350	\$	14,037,593 7,763,857 581,990,733	\$	12,326,959 - 572,196,916	\$ 1,710,634 7,763,857 9,793,817							

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the Basic Financial Statements.

Debt Administration: The District debt liability consists of SAVE revenue bonds and lease liabilities.

The District currently holds the following SAVE revenue bonds:

- Series 2014 SAVE Revenue Bonds: \$61.9 million
- Series 2018 SAVE Revenue Bonds: \$56.2 million
- Series 2021 SAVE Revenue Bonds: \$66.3 million

In fiscal year 2021, the Series 2012, 2013, and 2016 SAVE Revenue Bonds were refunded with \$66.3 million in revenue bonds (Series 2021 SAVE Revenue Bonds). The refinancing of the bonds led to an approximate savings of \$6.7 million over the life of the bonds.

As of June 30, 2022, the District had \$132.6 million in bonds outstanding, of which \$16.4 million is due within one year.

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 87 (capitalizing leases on right-to use assets), which resulted in an increase of debt of \$10.5 million. After principal and interest payments made during fiscal year 2022, the remaining lease obligation was \$6.0 million at June 30, 2022, of which \$3.5 million is due within one year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

The following table presents a summary of the District's outstanding long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022, with comparative information as of June 30, 2021:

		2021	
	 2022	As Restated	Difference
ease liability	\$ 5,984,721	\$ 10,508,349	\$ (4,523,628)
ales tax revenue bonds	132,600,000	158,015,000	(25,415,000)
al	\$ 138,584,721	\$ 168,523,349	\$ (29,938,628)

State statutes currently limit the amount of debt a district may issue to five percent of its total assessed valuation. The District's debt limitation for fiscal year 2022 was \$720.5 million, which is substantially more than the District's outstanding debt.

Additional information about the District's debt can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could affect its financial health in the future:

- Due to COVID-19, the District experienced a significant enrollment decrease of nearly 600 students
 for school year 2021-2022. This was the second largest single decrease the District has experienced
 in decades and impacted the District in fiscal year 2022 and will continue to impact in 2023 and
 potentially for years beyond. Overall, the District has lost nearly 1,600 students when compared to the
 pre-pandemic school year of 2019-20. Enrollment is projected to continue to decrease in future years.
- In addition to the enrollment impact due to the global pandemic, during the 2021 legislative session, the lowa Legislature enacted a bill to eliminate voluntary diversity plans for lowa school districts. The District has been operating without a diversity plan since spring of 2021 when the governor signed that new legislation into effect for the 21/22 school year. At that time, the deadline was eliminated for families residing in a district that had a diversity plan, and impacted families were able to apply to leave the District at any time.

Last session, legislation was also passed to remove the deadline for ALL applicants so now anyone in lowa can apply for OE at any time. This means that open enrollment decisions are made by the receiving districts, and they can only deny the request if they do not have the space/staff to accommodate the student. There are no other means of denial for open enrollment per new state code. Those two factors have led to the dramatic 50% increase in the number of new open enrollment out applicants the last two years because of the lack of deadline.

• The October 2021 enrollment was multiplied by the district cost per student to determine the amount of state foundation aid the District received for fiscal year 2022 (from a combination of state aid and property taxes). The cost per student from year-to-year increases by a factor known as state supplemental aid. The state supplemental aid rate for fiscal year 2022 was 2.4%; state supplemental aid rate for fiscal year 2023 is 2.5%. The Consumer Price Index-U (Midwest) has a 5.1 percent from 2020 to 2021. The first half of 2022 has had an 8.5 percent increase. It is unknown if the state supplemental aid rate that will be established in the 2023 lowa Legislative Session will cover the cost of inflation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2022

- COVID-19 has impacted the District in more than just enrollment. Significant expenses have been incurred because of the pandemic for example the purchase of hot spots, increased technology needs, development of online curriculum, purchase of personal protective equipment, and increased cleaning expenses. There has been a tremendous shortage of substitute teachers, which has resulted in an increased cost to incentivize subs to work in the District. Finally, COVID-19 has had an enormous impact on the economy, causing the United States to experience another economic recession, the full impact of which remains to be seen. While it is unknown the impact that COVID-19 will have on the overall economy, a significant enrollment decrease would likely necessitate the District utilizing the Budget Guarantee again. The Budget Guarantee allows for a budget equal to 101% of the previous year's regular program budget, and it is funded completely by property tax.
- The state controls the maximum amount each district can spend each year through the spending authority function. Under the spending authority control, it is illegal for a school district to exceed its maximum authorized budget (to reach the maximum budget authority level, the Board would have to authorize and levy additional property taxes). It is important to understand that the limit on spending is the amount of spending authority a district has, not the amount of cash or fund balance a district has. The District's total spending authority includes the current-year authorized budget *plus* the unspent authorized budget from the prior year (e.g., the amount of money that a district was authorized to spend in a fiscal year but did not, similar to "savings").

Spending authority is directly tied to student enrollment, and there are only three general means by which the District's spending authority can increase: (1) increased State Supplemental Aid (i.e., Allowable Growth), (2) increased enrollment, or (3) increased miscellaneous income. The District does not anticipate significant growth in any of those three areas.

The unspent spending authority ratio is a measure of the District's unbudgeted authorized spending capacity (not cash reserves) and is defined as a district's unspent spending authority divided by the district's maximum budget authority. The lowa Association of School Boards (IASB) recommends this ratio be in the target range of 5% - 15%. The Board adopted guidelines in fiscal year 2012 setting the target for the District's unspent spending authority ratio at 10%; in 2015 the Board raised this target to 15%. The district ended fiscal year 2022 with an increase to the unspent spending authority ratio. The unspent spending authority balance ratio (including categoricals) for fiscal year 2022 is estimated to be 14.9%, compared to 13.8% for the prior year. Excluding categoricals, the unspent spending authority balance ratio for fiscal year 2022 is estimated to be 13.4%, compared to 11.3% for the prior year.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact:

Shashank Aurora, CPA
Chief Financial Officer
Des Moines Independent Community School District
Office of Business and Finance
515-242-7635
2100 Fleur Drive
Des Moines, Iowa 50321

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	•	Governmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$	321,849,087	\$	2,111,982	\$ 323,961,069
Cash held with agent		20,341,043		-	20,341,043
Property taxes receivable—current year		884,957		-	884,957
Property taxes receivable—succeeding year		139,118,437		-	139,118,437
Interest receivable		238,475		-	238,475
Other receivables, net		1,937,294		1,218,413	3,155,707
Due from other governments		48,708,565		712,814	49,421,379
Inventories		1,971,235		836,575	2,807,810
Prepaid expenses		525,961		-	525,961
Total current assets		535,575,054		4,879,784	540,454,838
Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash and investments		3,610,568		-	3,610,568
Capital assets:					
Capital assets—nondepreciable		14,882,577		9,499	14,892,076
Capital assets—depreciable, net		565,635,906		1,462,751	567,098,657
Total capital assets		580,518,483		1,472,250	581,990,733
Total noncurrent assets		584,129,051		1,472,250	585,601,301
Total assets		1,119,704,105		6,352,034	1,126,056,139
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Pension related amounts		72,699,722		1,676,730	74,376,452
OPEB related amounts		3,464,631		· · ·	3,464,631
Total deferred outflow of resources		76,164,353		1,676,730	77,841,083

See notes to basic financial statements.

	Governmental Business-Type Activities Activities					Total
Liabilities		Activities		Activities		Total
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	10,459,288	\$	248,001	\$	10,707,289
Claims payable	Ψ	12,762,305	Ψ	0,00 .	Ψ	12,762,305
Accrued payroll		25,125,504		128,058		25,253,562
Accrued interest payable		513,150		-		513,150
Other current liabilities		15,009,952		_		15,009,952
Due to other governments		14,955,892		_		14,955,892
Unearned revenue		46,944		908,661		955,605
Termination benefits		752,178		-		752,178
Compensated absences		3,764,313		299,860		4,064,173
Lease liability		3,486,010				3,486,010
Revenue bonds		16,445,000		_		16,445,000
Total current liabilities		103,320,536		1,584,580		104,905,116
		100,020,000		1,001,000		101,000,110
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Retrospective insurance rating plan		1,404,457		- 		1,404,457
Compensated absences		1,624,888		107,836		1,732,724
Lease liability, net of current position		2,498,711		-		2,498,711
Termination benefits		86,502		-		86,502
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)		41,254,939		-		41,254,939
Revenue bonds, net of bond premiums and current position		127,507,292		-		127,507,292
Pollution liability		174,814		-		174,814
Net pension liability		43,645,345		1,286,803		44,932,148
Total noncurrent liabilities		218,196,948		1,394,639		219,591,587
Total liabilities		321,517,484		2,979,219		324,496,703
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Property taxes—succeeding year		139,118,437		-		139,118,437
Pension related amounts		166,586,225		7,247,140		173,833,365
OPEB related amounts		38,348,704		-		38,348,704
Deferred gain on refunding		1,081,810		-		1,081,810
Total deferred inflows of resources		345,135,176		7,247,140		352,382,316
Net Position (Deficit)						
Net investment in capital assets		454,935,481		1,472,250		456,407,731
Restricted for:		,,		, ,		, - , -
District Supported Trust		2,666,919		_		2,666,919
Capital projects		50,447,132		_		50,447,132
Categorical funding		8,127,592		_		8,127,592
Shared programs		964,038		_		964,038
Grants		602,769		_		602,769
Management levy		33,938,622		-		33,938,622
Physical plant and equipment levy		12,636,989		-		12,636,989
Public education and recreation levy		2,101,654		_		2,101,654
Student activities		1,027,775		-		1,027,775
Unrestricted (deficit)		(38,233,173)		(3,669,845)		(41,903,018)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	529,215,798	\$	(2,197,595)	\$	527,018,203

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenues			
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	
Functions/Programs						
Primary Government						
Governmental activities:						
Instruction	\$	251,459,003	\$	20,492,892	\$	78,438,657
Student services	*	37,694,571	Ψ		*	4,069,634
Instructional support services		28,781,319		_		30,815,182
General administration		8,235,575		_		-
Building administration		29.735.063		_		_
Business and central administration		22,072,137		_		_
Plant operation and maintenance		51,145,290		_		_
Student transportation		14,153,956		361,144		416,518
Noninstructional		4,122,574		· -		2,193,920
AEA support		15,405,608		15,405,608		, , , <u>-</u>
Interest and issuance costs on long-term debt		8,247,093				-
Total governmental activities		471,052,189		36,259,644		115,933,911
Business-type activities:						
School nutrition		19,784,668		492,581		22,258,103
Child care		3,066,812		2,875,880		1,088,882
Automotive		13,825		8,121		, , , <u>-</u>
Farm to market ag store		28,811		4,499		-
Total business-type activities		22,894,116		3,381,081		23,346,985
Total primary government	\$	493,946,305	\$	39,640,725	\$	139,280,896

General revenues:

Property taxes:

Levied for general purposes

Levied for management

Levied for property, plant and equipment

Levied for playground

Sales tax, for capital projects

State foundation aid, for general purposes

Investment loss

Other local sources

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net position

Net position (deficit), beginning of year, as restated

Net position (deficit), end of year

See notes to basic financial statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position						
	Governmental Business-Type					
	Activities		Activities		Totals	
\$	(152,527,454)	\$	-	\$	(152,527,454)	
	(33,624,937)		-		(33,624,937)	
	2,033,863		-		2,033,863	
	(8,235,575)		-		(8,235,575)	
	(29,735,063)		-		(29,735,063)	
	(22,072,137)		-		(22,072,137)	
	(51,145,290)		-		(51,145,290)	
	(13,376,294)		-		(13,376,294)	
	(1,928,654)		-		(1,928,654)	
	(0.047.000)		-		- (0.047.002)	
	(8,247,093)		<u> </u>		(8,247,093) (318,858,634)	
	(310,030,034)				(310,030,034)	
	-		2,966,016		2,966,016	
	-		897,950		897,950	
	-		(5,704)		(5,704)	
	-		(24,312) 3,833,950		(24,312) 3,833,950	
	<u> </u>		3,033,330		3,033,930	
	(318,858,634)		3,833,950		(315,024,684)	
	105,721,486		-		105,721,486	
	20,660,671		-		20,660,671	
	16,270,408		-		16,270,408	
	1,182,355		-		1,182,355	
	38,218,634		-		38,218,634	
	205,760,431		-		205,760,431	
	(181,252)		-		(181,252)	
	4,181,651		-		4,181,651	
	(492,613)		492,613		-	
	391,321,771		492,613		391,814,384	
	72,463,137		4,326,563		76,789,700	
	456,752,661		(6,524,158)		450,228,503	
\$	529,215,798	\$	(2,197,595)	\$	527,018,203	

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

Restricted cash and investments			General	C	Capital Projects	Management	C	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Restricted cash and investments	Assets									
Cash held with agent - 20,341,043 - - 20.3 20.3 Property baxes receivable—current year 661,719 - 133,579 89,659 89,659 8 Property baxes receivable—succeeding year 100,368,244 - 20,799,985 17,950,208 139,11 Chier receivable 238,475 - 20,799,985 17,950,208 19,91 19,92 100,736 19,92 19,92 100,736 19,92 19,92 100,736 19,93 19,93 100,736 19,93 100,736 19,93 100,736 19,93 100,736 19,93 100,736 19,93 100,736 19,93 100,736 19,93 100,736 19,93 100,736 19,93 100,736 19,93 19,93 100,736 19,93 100,736 19,93 19,93 100,736 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 19,93 <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>192,192,106</td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$ 34,967,499</td> <td>\$</td> <td></td> <td>\$</td> <td>295,514,181</td>		\$	192,192,106	\$		\$ 34,967,499	\$		\$	295,514,181
Property taxes receivable—current year			-			-		1,769,603		3,610,568
Properly taxes receivable—succeeding	Cash held with agent		-		20,341,043	-		-		20,341,043
Vear 100,388,244 - 20,799,985 17,950,208 139,1 Interest receivable 238,475 2 Other receivables 1,825,521 9,431 100,736 1,9 Due from other governments 40,333,668 7,988,565 20,874 48,3 Invertories 1,846,110 1,9 Due from other funds 9,366,985 - 408,666 5 Total assets 346,934,243 80,208,928 55,921,937 \$38,604,04 \$521,7 Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Funds 40,346,934,243 80,208,928 55,921,937 \$38,604,04 \$521,7 Liabilities 10,1415 15,680 - 40,866 - Resources and Fund Balances 1,247,2105 1,248,213 1,248,			661,719		-	133,579		89,659		884,957
Interest receivable 238,475 -	Property taxes receivable—succeeding									
Other receivables 1,825,521 9,431 - 100,736 1,9 Due from other governments 40,333,668 7,988,565 20,874 - 48,3 Due from other funds 9,366,985 - - - - 1,8 Due from other funds 9,366,985 - - - 408,866 - 9.3 Total assets \$346,934,243 \$80,208,928 \$55,921,937 \$38,660,404 \$521,72 Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities Accounts payable \$5,868,307 \$2,681,028 \$ \$1,775,325 \$10,3 Accrued payroll 24,721,005 2,133 - \$1,847 24,7 Termination benefits 1,424,453 944 - 1,185 14,4 Compensated absences 502,784 - - - 5 Total liabilities 13,436,544 1,421,331 - 8,67,93 66,1 Deferred inflows of resources: Sup					-	20,799,985		17,950,208		139,118,437
Due from other governments	Interest receivable		238,475		-	-		-		238,475
Inventories	Other receivables		1,825,521		9,431	-		100,736		1,935,688
Due from other funds	Due from other governments		40,333,668		7,988,565	20,874		-		48,343,107
Prepaid itlems 101,415 15,680 - 408,866 5 Total assets \$ 346,934,243 \$ 80,208,928 \$ 55,921,937 \$ 38,660,404 \$ 521,72 Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Session of Part of	Inventories		1,846,110		-	-		-		1,846,110
Total assets \$346,934,243 \$80,208,928 \$55,921,937 \$38,660,404 \$521,77	Due from other funds		9,366,985		-	-		-		9,366,985
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable \$5,868,307 \$2,681,028 \$-\$1,775,325 \$10,3 Claims payable \$2,721,005 \$2,133 \$-\$1,847 \$24,7 Termination benefits \$-\$-\$752,178 \$-\$-\$1,847 \$24,7 Termination benefits \$-\$-\$-\$752,178 \$-\$-\$70,188 \$-\$-\$752,178 \$-\$-\$-\$70,188 \$-\$-\$752,178 \$-\$-\$-\$70,188 \$-\$-\$752,178 \$-\$-\$-\$-\$70,188 \$-\$-\$-\$752,178 \$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$70,188 \$-\$-\$-\$752,178 \$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-\$-	Prepaid items	_	101,415		15,680	-		408,866		525,961
Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities Sacration Sacratio	Total assets	\$	346,934,243	\$	80,208,928	\$ 55,921,937	\$	38,660,404	\$	521,725,512
Liabilities: Accounts payable \$ 5,868,307 \$ 2,681,028 \$ - \$ 1,775,325 \$ 10,3	Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of									
Accounts payable \$ 5,868,307 \$ 2,681,028 \$ - \$ 1,775,325 \$ 10,3 Claims payable 431,152 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 4 5 5 8,953,093 \$ 4,105,436 \$ 1,183,330 \$ 1,867,993 \$ 66,1 \$ 1,185 \$ 14,4 \$ 1,185 \$ 1,1	Resources and Fund Balances									
Claims payable	Liabilities:									
Accrued payroll 24,721,005 2,133 - 1,847 24,7 Termination benefits 752,178 - 752,178 Other current liabilities 13,436,544 1,421,331 - 89,636 14,9 Due to other governments 14,424,453 944 - 1,185 14,4 Compensated absences 502,784 5 Total liabilities 58,953,093 4,105,436 1,183,330 1,867,993 66,1 Deferred inflows of resources: Succeeding year—property taxes 100,368,244 - 20,799,985 17,950,208 139,1 Unavailable revenue—sales tax - 5,315,317 5,3 Unavailable revenue—intergovernmental 7,767,005 7,7 Total deferred inflows of resources 108,135,249 5,315,317 20,799,985 17,950,208 152,2 Fund balances: Nonspendable 1,947,525 15,680 - 408,866 2,3 Restricted 9,694,399 70,772,495 33,938,622 18,433,337 132,8 Committed 11,500,000 11,5 Assigned 2,331,042 2,3 Unassigned 154,372,935 154,3 Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	Accounts payable	\$	5,868,307	\$	2,681,028	\$ -	\$	1,775,325	\$	10,324,660
Termination benefits	Claims payable		-		-	431,152		-		431,152
Other current liabilities 13,436,544 1,421,331 - 89,636 14,99 Due to other governments 14,424,453 944 - 1,185 14,4 Compensated absences 502,784 - - - - 5 Total liabilities 58,953,093 4,105,436 1,183,330 1,867,993 66,1 Deferred inflows of resources: Succeeding year—property taxes 100,368,244 - 20,799,985 17,950,208 139,1 Unavailable revenue—sales tax - 5,315,317 - - - 5,3 Unavailable revenue—intergovernmental 7,767,005 - - - 7,7 Total deferred inflows of resources 108,135,249 5,315,317 20,799,985 17,950,208 152,2 Fund balances: Nonspendable 1,947,525 15,680 - 408,866 2,3 Restricted 9,694,399 70,772,495 33,938,622 18,433,337 132,8 Committed	Accrued payroll		24,721,005		2,133	-		1,847		24,724,985
Due to other governments	Termination benefits		-		-	752,178		-		752,178
Compensated absences	Other current liabilities		13,436,544		1,421,331	-		89,636		14,947,511
Compensated absences	Due to other governments		14,424,453		944	-		1,185		14,426,582
Deferred inflows of resources: Succeeding year—property taxes 100,368,244 - 20,799,985 17,950,208 139,1 Unavailable revenue—sales tax - 5,315,317 5,3 Unavailable revenue—intergovernmental 7,767,005 7,7 Total deferred inflows of resources 108,135,249 5,315,317 20,799,985 17,950,208 152,2 Fund balances: Nonspendable 1,947,525 15,680 - 408,866 2,3 Restricted 9,694,399 70,772,495 33,938,622 18,433,337 132,8 Committed 11,500,000 11,5 Assigned 2,331,042 154,3 Unassigned 154,372,935 154,3 Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and 100,368,244	5				-	-		· -		502,784
Succeeding year—property taxes 100,368,244 - 20,799,985 17,950,208 139,1 Unavailable revenue—sales tax - 5,315,317 - - - 5,3 Unavailable revenue—intergovernmental 7,767,005 - - - - 7,7 Total deferred inflows of resources 108,135,249 5,315,317 20,799,985 17,950,208 152,2 Fund balances: Nonspendable 1,947,525 15,680 - 408,866 2,3 Restricted 9,694,399 70,772,495 33,938,622 18,433,337 132,8 Committed 11,500,000 - - - - 11,5 Assigned 2,331,042 - - - - 2,3 Unassigned 154,372,935 - - - - - 154,3 Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4	Total liabilities		58,953,093		4,105,436	1,183,330		1,867,993		66,109,852
Succeeding year—property taxes 100,368,244 - 20,799,985 17,950,208 139,1 Unavailable revenue—sales tax - 5,315,317 - - - 5,3 Unavailable revenue—intergovernmental 7,767,005 - - - - 7,7 Total deferred inflows of resources 108,135,249 5,315,317 20,799,985 17,950,208 152,2 Fund balances: Nonspendable 1,947,525 15,680 - 408,866 2,3 Restricted 9,694,399 70,772,495 33,938,622 18,433,337 132,8 Committed 11,500,000 - - - - 11,5 Assigned 2,331,042 - - - - 2,3 Unassigned 154,372,935 - - - - - 154,3 Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4	Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenue—sales tax - 5,315,317 - - 5,3 Unavailable revenue—intergovernmental 7,767,005 - - - - 7,7 Total deferred inflows of resources 108,135,249 5,315,317 20,799,985 17,950,208 152,2 Fund balances: Nonspendable 1,947,525 15,680 - 408,866 2,3 Restricted 9,694,399 70,772,495 33,938,622 18,433,337 132,8 Committed 11,500,000 - - - - 11,5 Assigned 2,331,042 - - - 2,3 Unassigned 154,372,935 - - - - 154,3 Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4			100 368 244		_	20 799 985		17 950 208		139,118,437
Unavailable revenue—intergovernmental Total deferred inflows of resources 7,767,005 - - - - 7,77 2,7,72 7,77 2,7,72 7,72 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>5 315 317</td><td></td><td></td><td>,000,200</td><td></td><td>5,315,317</td></th<>			-		5 315 317			,000,200		5,315,317
Total deferred inflows of resources 108,135,249 5,315,317 20,799,985 17,950,208 152,2 Fund balances: Nonspendable 1,947,525 15,680 - 408,866 2,3 Restricted 9,694,399 70,772,495 33,938,622 18,433,337 132,8 Committed 11,500,000 - - - - 11,5 Assigned 2,331,042 - - - - 2,3 Unassigned 154,372,935 - - - - 154,3 Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4			7 767 005		-	_		_		7,767,005
of resources 108,135,249 5,315,317 20,799,985 17,950,208 152,2 Fund balances: Nonspendable 1,947,525 15,680 - 408,866 2,3 Restricted 9,694,399 70,772,495 33,938,622 18,433,337 132,8 Committed 11,500,000 - - - - 11,5 Assigned 2,331,042 - - - 2,3 Unassigned 154,372,935 - - - 154,3 Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4	•	_	.,,							.,,
Nonspendable 1,947,525 15,680 - 408,866 2,3 Restricted 9,694,399 70,772,495 33,938,622 18,433,337 132,8 Committed 11,500,000 - - - - 11,5 Assigned 2,331,042 - - - - 2,3 Unassigned 154,372,935 - - - - 154,3 Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4			108,135,249		5,315,317	20,799,985		17,950,208		152,200,759
Nonspendable 1,947,525 15,680 - 408,866 2,3 Restricted 9,694,399 70,772,495 33,938,622 18,433,337 132,8 Committed 11,500,000 - - - - 11,5 Assigned 2,331,042 - - - - 2,3 Unassigned 154,372,935 - - - - 154,3 Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4	Fund balances:									
Restricted 9,694,399 70,772,495 33,938,622 18,433,337 132,8 Committed 11,500,000 - - - - 11,5 Assigned 2,331,042 - - - - 2,3 Unassigned 154,372,935 - - - - 154,3 Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4			1 947 525		15 680	_		408 866		2,372,071
Committed 11,500,000 - - - - 11,500,000 - - - 11,500,000 - - - - 11,500,000 - - - - - 2,331,042 - - - - - - - 2,331,042 - - - - - - - 154,372,935 - - - - - - 154,372,935 - - - - - 154,372,935 - - - - - - - - - - 154,372,935 - <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td>33 938 622</td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td>132,838,853</td>	•				,	33 938 622		,		132,838,853
Assigned 2,331,042 2,331,042 - 2,331,0					-	-		.0, 100,001		11,500,000
Unassigned 154,372,935 154,3 Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and					-	-		-		2,331,042
Total fund balances 179,845,901 70,788,175 33,938,622 18,842,203 303,4 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and	•				_	_		_		154,372,935
inflows of resources and	•				70,788,175	33,938,622		18,842,203		303,414,901
	•									
fund balances \$ 346 934 243 \$ 80 208 928 \$ 55 921 937 \$ 38 660 404 \$ 521 7	fund balances	\$	346,934,243	\$	80,208,928	\$ 55,921,937	\$	38.660.404	\$	521,725,512

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2022

Total governmental fund balances		\$	303,414,901
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of			
net position are different because:			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, used in			
governmental activities are not financial resources and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Land	\$ 4,963,615		
Construction-in-progress	9,918,962		
Land improvements	9,742,977		
Buildings and improvements	759,178,607		
Lease asset	9,836,616		
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	35,180,609		
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (249,490,520)	_	579,330,866
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures			
and, therefore, reported as deferred inflows of resources—unavailable			
revenue, in the governmental funds.			13,082,322
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the			
costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance benefits for			
employees and print shop services to individual funds. The			
assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in			
governmental activities in the statement of net position.			11,051,466
Pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of			
resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not			
reported in the governmental funds, as follows:			
Deferred outflows of resources—IPERS	29,201,894		
Deferred outflows of resources—DMTRS	43,497,828		
Deferred outflows of resources—OPEB	3,464,631		
Deferred inflows of resources—IPERS	(159,017,594)		
Deferred inflows of resources—DMTRS	(7,568,631)		
Deferred inflows of resources—OPEB	 (38,348,704)	-	(128,770,576)
Certain assets and liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not			
due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not			
reported as assets or liabilities in the funds. These assets and liabilities at			
year-end consist of:			
Net pension liability—DMTRS	(40,647,473)		
Net pension liability— IPERS	(2,997,872)		
Compensated absences	(4,865,022)		
Sales tax revenue bonds	(132,600,000)		
Bond premiums	(11,352,292)		
Accrued interest payable	(513,150)		
Deferred charge on refunding	(1,081,810)		
Lease liability	(4,821,893)		
Claims payable for workers' compensation	(7,092,957)		
Retrospective insurance rating plan	(1,404,457)		
Other postemployment benefits	(41,254,939)		
Pollution remediation liability	(174,814)		
Termination benefits	 (86,502)		(248,893,181)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	529,215,798

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	G	General	С	apital Projects		Debt Service	ı	Management	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	\$ 10	F 704 40F	\$		\$		•	00 000 074	\$	47 450 700	Φ.	440.004.040
Property taxes		5,721,485 9,708,659	Ф	-	Ф	-	\$	20,660,671	Þ	17,452,762 2,251,192	\$	143,834,918
Other local sources	2	9,706,659		- 38,218,634		-		61,696		2,251,192		32,021,547
Sales tax, for capital projects Investment earnings (loss)		(685,727)		116,028		-		-		- 388,447		38,218,634
Intermediate sources		814,975		110,020		-		-		300,447		(181,252) 814,975
State foundation aid	20	5,760,431		-		-		-		-		205,760,431
Other state sources		0,515,934		-		-		-		-		60,515,934
Federal sources		7,514,559		-		-		-		23		57,514,582
Student activities	3	23,182		_		_				1,766,554		1,789,736
Total revenues	45	9,373,498		38,334,662				20,722,367		21,858,978		540,289,505
Total revenues		3,070,430		00,004,002		_		20,722,007		21,000,070		040,200,000
Expenditures:												
Current:												
Instruction		0,826,701		-		-		664,987		1,936,039		273,427,727
Student services	3	8,119,417		-		-		70,026		-		38,189,443
Instructional support services	2	9,008,456		-		-		-		3,951		29,012,407
General administration		7,066,625		-		-		1,488,090		-		8,554,715
Building administration	2	9,839,271		101,502		-		9,706		17,736		29,968,215
Business and central administration		6,225,197		-		-		2,485		3,229,509		19,457,191
Plant operation and maintenance		7,266,279		-		-		2,988,065		554,881		40,809,225
Student transportation		0,779,042		-		-		854,711		2,232,990		13,866,743
Noninstructional		2,954,994		-		-		312,102		170,309		3,437,405
AEA support	1	5,405,608		-		-		-		-		15,405,608
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		8,353,695		16,396,118		-		-		5,617,294		30,367,107
Debt service:												
Bond issuance costs		-		215,513				-		-		215,513
Principal retirement		-		-		20,088,927		-		-		20,088,927
Interest		-		-		6,450,140		-		-		6,450,140
Total expenditures	46	5,845,285		16,713,133		26,539,067		6,390,172		13,762,709		529,250,366
Excess (deficiency)												
of revenues												
over expenditures		6,471,787)		21,621,529		(26,539,067)		14,332,195		8,096,269		11,039,139
Other financing sources (uses):												
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		28,252		_		_		_		3,978,316		4,006,568
Issuance of refunding bonds		-		66,335,000		_		_		-		66,335,000
Premium on bonds		_		9,591,519		_		_		_		9,591,519
Transfers in		3,689,038		· · ·		102,249,067		_		-		105,938,105
Transfers out		1,664,731)		(102,152,536)		· · ·		_		(2,613,451)		(106,430,718)
Payment to escrow for refunded bonds	,	-		-		(75,710,000)		-		-		(75,710,000)
Total other financing												
sources (uses)		2,052,559		(26,226,017)		26,539,067		-		1,364,865		3,730,474
Net change in fund												
balances	(-	4,419,228)		(4,604,488)		-		14,332,195		9,461,134		14,769,613
Fund balances, beginning of year	18	4,265,129		75,392,663		-		19,606,427		9,381,069		288,645,288
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 17	9,845,901	\$	70,788,175	\$	-	\$	33,938,622	\$	18,842,203	\$	303,414,901

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds		\$	14,769,613
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the			
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over			
their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by			
which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period and other			
transactions involving capital assets:			
Capital outlay	\$ 25,413,362		
Depreciation and amortization expense	(19,400,117)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(4,006,568)		
Loss on sale of capital assets	 (2,979,412)	•	(972,735)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial			
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, which represents the			
change in deferred inflows of resources—unavailable revenue.			4,325,344
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources			
to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term			
debt consumes the current financial resources of the governmental			
funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.			
Also, governmental funds report the effect of bond premiums,			
whereas this amount is reported as a liability and amortized in the statement			
of activities:			
Principle payments on leases	4,048,927		
Repayment of bond principal	16,040,000		
Issuance of refunding revenue bonds	(66,335,000)		
Payments to escrow agent	75,710,000		
Amortization of bond premiums	(6,174,969)		04.440.000
Deferred amount on refunding amortization	(1,848,326)	•	21,440,632
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the			
use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as			
expenditures in governmental funds:			
Increase in compensated absences	190,612		
Decrease in retrospective insurance rating plan	(104,607)		
Decrease in accrued interest expense	(24,449)		
Increase in claims payable for workers' compensation	(1,312,806)		
Pollution remediation liability	(124,796)		
Pension expense	29,554,721		
OPEB expense	4,267,463		20 502 450
Decrease in termination benefits	 117,312	•	32,563,450
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of			
certain activities, such as self insurance benefits for employees and			
print shop services, to individual funds. The change in net position in the			
internal service funds is reported with governmental activities in the			200 000
statement of activities.			336,833
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	72,463,137

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

		Governmental Activities
	Nonmajor Enterprise	Internal Service
	Funds	Funds
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,111,982 \$, ,
Other receivables, net	1,218,413	1,606
Due from other governments	712,814	365,458
Due from other funds	-	255,199
Inventories	836,575	125,125
Total current assets	 4,879,784	27,082,294
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable	9,499	_
Depreciable, net	1,462,751	22,965
Lease right of use assets, net	, , , <u>-</u>	1,164,652
Total noncurrent assets	 1,472,250	1,187,617
Total assets	6,352,034	28,269,911
Deferred Outflow of Resources, pension related amounts	1,676,730	_
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:	0.40.004	404.000
Accounts payable	248,001	134,628
Claims payable	-	5,238,196
Accrued payroll	128,058	400,519
Due to other governments	-	529,310
Lease liability	-	490,653
Advance from other funds	-	246,569
Unearned revenue	908,661	46,944
Compensated absences	299,860	16,031
Due to other funds	-	9,375,615
Other	- 1 504 500	62,441
Total current liabilities	 1,584,580	16,540,906
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Lease liability, net of current position	_	672,175
Compensated absences	107,836	5,364
Net pension liability	1,286,803	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	 1,394,639	677,539
Total liabilities	 2,979,219	17,218,445
Deferred Inflow of Resources, pension related amounts	 7,247,140	-
,		
Net Position (Deficit)	4 470 050	20.005
Investment in capital assets	1,472,250	22,965
Unrestricted	 (3,669,845)	11,028,501
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (2,197,595) \$	11,051,466

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

		G	Sovernmental Activities
	Nonmajor		Internal
	Enterprise		Service
	Funds		Funds
Operating revenues:			
Student activities	\$ 12,620	\$	-
Charges for services:			
Employee benefits	-		71,490,628
Sale of food	416,188		-
Child care	2,875,880		-
Miscellaneous	-		1,694,989
Total operating revenues	3,304,688		73,185,617
Operating expenses:			
Instruction	25,080		-
Student services	19,525,769		-
Depreciation and amortization	301,535		485,478
Community services	3,041,732		-
Claims and related costs	-		70,947,288
Miscellaneous	_		1,368,975
Total operating expenses	22,894,116		72,801,741
Operating income (loss)	 (19,589,428)		383,876
Nonoperating revenues and expenses:			
Other local sources	76,393		-
State sources	168,389		-
Federal sources	23,178,596		-
Nonoperating expenses, right to use leased equipment—interest	-		(47,043)
Total nonoperating revenues and expenses	23,423,378		(47,043)
Income before transfers	 3,833,950		336,833
Transfers in	1,664,731		-
Transfers out	(1,172,118)		_
Total other financing sources	492,613		
Change in net position	4,326,563		336,833
Total net position (deficit), beginning of year	 (6,524,158)		10,714,633
Total net position (deficit), end of year	\$ (2,197,595)	\$	11,051,466

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:	•		_	
Cash received from user charges	\$	3,259,076	\$	73,232,561
Cash payments to employees for services		(12,449,126)		(496,133)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(9,352,065)		(71,040,992)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(18,542,115)		1,695,436
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Payments from other funds		(1,606,512)		-
Payments to other funds		(307,859)		5,606
Grants and donations received		22,058,390		-
Transfers in		(1,172,118)		-
Transfers out		1,540,199		-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		20,512,100		5,606
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Lease agreements - principal		-		(474,701)
Lease agreements - Interest		-		(47,043)
Acquisition of capital assets		(71,435)		(7,985)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(71,435)		(529,729)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		1,898,550		1,171,313
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		213,432		25,163,593
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,111,982	\$	26,334,906
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(19,589,428)	\$	383,876
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating				
activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		301,535		485,478
Commodities used		1,155,566		-
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Receivables		(194,720)		274,262
Inventories		-		8,527
Prepaid items		(56,316)		-
Accounts payable and due to other governments		199,743		401,201
Claims payable		-		(145,938)
Unearned revenue		149,108		46,944
Accrued liabilities and compensated absences		(46,526)		241,086
Net pension liability		(7,082,585)		-
Deferred outflows of resources		593,061		-
Deferred inflows of resources		6,028,447		<u>-</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(18,542,115)	\$	1,695,436
Noncash items, noncapital financing activities, commodities received				
from the U.S. Department of Agriculture	\$	1,155,566	\$	-

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2022

	Pension Trust	Pri	vate Purpose Trust	Custodial Fund
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	2,305,561	\$ 124,128
Investments:				
Money market mutual funds and certificates of deposit	3,748,040		-	-
U.S. government and agency securities	4,338,520	-	-	
Corporate equities	48,213,456		-	-
Mortgage-backed securities	13,611,301		-	-
Corporate obligations	79,908,562		-	-
Preferred stock	1,983,985		-	-
Municipal bonds	33,886,155		-	-
Other fixed income	7,656,605		-	-
Interest receivable	1,718,301		-	-
Total assets	195,064,925		2,305,561	124,128
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	 -		562	12,237
Net Position Restricted				
Employees' pension benefits	195,064,925		-	_
Scholarships	, , <u>-</u>		2,304,999	-
Faculty and staff	-		-	111,891
Total net position restricted	\$ 195,064,925	\$	2,304,999	\$ 111,891

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2022

	ſ	Pension Trust	Pu	Private rpose Trust	Custodial Fund
Additions:					
Contributions:					
Employer	\$	940,505	\$	-	\$ -
Employee		762,777		-	-
Private sources		-		88,300	-
Total contributions		1,703,282		88,300	-
Investment earnings:					
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments		(29,641,820)		-	-
Interest		5,967,237		6,282	-
Dividends		1,790,622		-	-
Total investment earnings	· <u> </u>	(21,883,961)		6,282	-
Less investment expense		120,708		-	-
Net investment earnings		(22,004,669)		6,282	-
Collections for other organizations		-		-	89,349
Total additions		(20,301,387)		94,582	89,349
Deductions:					
Benefit payments		25,148,956		-	-
Scholarship awarded		-		140,263	-
Administrative costs and other costs		131,304		897	-
Distributions to other organizations		-		-	92,909
Total deductions		25,280,260		141,160	92,909
Change in net position		(45,581,647)		(46,578)	(3,560)
Net position, beginning of year		240,646,572		2,351,577	115,451
Net position, end of year	\$	195,064,925	\$	2,304,999	\$ 111,891

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Des Moines Independent Community School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applied to governmental organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Nature of operations: The Board of Education (the Board) is organized under lowa Code. Management of the District is independent of other state or local governments. The County Treasurer collects taxes for the District, but exercises no control over its expenditures.

The membership of the Board consists of seven members elected by the public. Under existing statutes, the Board's duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property; the development and adoption of a school program; and the establishment, organization and operation of schools.

The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls. The District's major operations include education, pupil transportation, construction and maintenance of District facilities and food service.

Reporting entity: The District is a primary government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. The financial statements of the District include all District operations required to be included in accordance with GASB pronouncements concerning the reporting entity. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria are: a) appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District; and b) fiscal dependency. In addition, GASB Standards, set forth additional criteria to determine whether certain organizations for which the District is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the District. These criteria include 1) the economic resources being received or held by the separate organization being entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, its component units, or its constituents, 2) the District being entitled to, or having the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the District and 3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the District is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the District. The District evaluated certain alumni foundations, parent-teacher associations (PTAs), booster clubs, parent-teacher organizations (PTOs), and Des Moines Public Schools Foundation (DMPS Foundation) and determined that each of those entities are not significant to the District as a whole. Therefore, the District has no component units which meet the GASB criteria that should be included in these basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Significant accounting policies:

Government-wide financial statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The statement of net position presents the District's nonfiduciary assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not required to be included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements: Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Fund accounting: The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which comprise its assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows, fund balance/net position, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The District has the following funds:

Governmental fund types: Governmental fund types are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following is the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The General Fund accounts for the instructional and most of the support service programs of the District's operations. Revenue of the fund consists primarily of local property taxes and state governmental aid.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: The Capital Projects Fund accounts for all revenues and expenditures generated through the collection of local option sales tax and expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets not covered by the physical plant and equipment levy (PPEL) and public education and recreation levy (PERL) funds. The cash restricted in this fund is for the purpose of future capital outlay expenditures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Management Fund</u>: This fund is authorized by Iowa Code Section 298.4 and accounts for transactions related to unemployment, early retirement, judgments and settlements and the cost of liability insurance as it relates to property and casualty.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: Accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest on long-term debt. Management elected to classify the debt service fund as a major fund due to bond refunding in the current year for public interest purposes.

The other governmental funds of the District are considered nonmajor and are as follows:

<u>Special revenue funds</u>: Account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Student Activity Funds</u>: This fund accounts for transactions that occur due to student-related activities from groups and organizations such as athletic and activity events, fundraising and other extracurricular or cocurricular activities.

<u>District Supported Trust Fund</u>: This fund accounts for transactions that are received in trust in which both the principal and interest earned can be used to support the District.

<u>Capital projects funds</u>: Accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

<u>Physical Plant and Equipment (PPEL) Levy Fund</u>: This capital projects fund is authorized by lowa Code Section 298.2 and accounts for transactions related to the improvement of facilities and grounds, construction of schoolhouses, certain equipment expenditures and other expenditures authorized in lowa Code Section 298.3.

<u>Public Education and Recreation Levy (PERL) Fund</u>: This fund is authorized by lowa Code Section 300.2 and accounts for transactions related to schoolhouse playgrounds and recreational activities within the District. This fund also accounts for community education activity.

<u>Proprietary fund types</u>: Proprietary fund types are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are operated similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is upon income determination, financial position and cash flows.

Enterprise funds: Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the District has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The following enterprise funds of the District are considered nonmajor:

<u>School Nutrition Fund</u>: This fund accounts for transactions related to the school lunch, breakfast and summer food programs authorized by lowa Code Section 283A.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Child Care Fund</u>: This fund accounts for transactions for before and after school child care and summer child care programs authorized by Iowa Code Sections 298A.12 and 279.49.

<u>Home Construction Fund</u>: This fund accounts for transactions for the home building activity performed by students as part of their instructional or extracurricular program. This fund also accounts for the sale of those homes.

<u>Automotive Fund</u>: This fund accounts for transactions for the service and repair of automobiles performed by students as part of their instructional or extracurricular program.

<u>Farm to Market Ag Store Fund</u>: This fund accounts for transactions from the student operated ag store as part of their instruction or extracurricular program.

Internal Service Funds: The internal service funds are used to account for goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The District has the following internal service funds:

<u>Self-Insurance Fund</u>: This fund accounts for transactions for self-insured health insurances including medical, dental, prescription and vision received by District employees in which the District is responsible for paying all claims and administrative costs attributable to the insurances listed above.

<u>Risk Management Fund</u>: This fund accounts for transactions for certain health insurances including life and disability received by District employees in which the District is responsible for paying all premiums as specified attributable to the insurances listed above.

<u>Print Shop Fund</u>: This fund accounts for transactions for print shop and copying services. It also accounts for transactions for materials for arts and crafts and services such as laminating and other related activities.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for the benefit of others and cannot be used to support District activities.

The District has the following fiduciary fund types:

<u>Pension Trust Fund</u>: The Pension Trust Fund (DMTRS) accounts for the District's retirement plan for teachers. The fund provides pension benefits to eligible District teachers and administrators.

<u>Private Purpose Trust Funds</u>: These funds account for transactions that are received in trust in which both the principal and interest earned can be used to support the individuals or other organizations. The District's Private Purpose Trust Funds are primarily comprised of scholarship funds to benefit students.

<u>Custodial Fund</u>: This fund accounts for assets held in a custodial capacity by the District for individuals, private organizations or other governments. PTAs and PTOs are generally accounted for in these funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Government-wide financial statements and the proprietary, the fiduciary funds and the custodial funds financial statements are reported using the "economic resources measurement focus" and are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end.

Property tax when levied, intergovernmental revenues when eligibility requirements have been met (shared revenues, grants, and reimbursements from other governments), and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be measurable and are recorded as revenue, if available. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, early retirement payments, other postemployment benefits, pension related amounts and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when the liability has matured and payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital financing and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general resources. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted resources available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general resources.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and claims, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Property tax receivable: Property tax receivable is recognized on the levy or lien date, which is the date the tax asking is certified by the District's Board of Education.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Current year property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes related to the April 2021 levy certification. Property taxes become due and collectible in September and March of the following fiscal year with a 1.5% per month penalty for delinquent payments. This tax levy is based on January 1, 2020 assessed property valuations and is revenue for fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education in April 2021. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. The tax asking represents a lien which is effective on the first day of that calendar year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year ended June 30, 2022, the year for which it is levied.

Due from other governments and other receivables: Due from other governments and other receivables represents amounts due from the State, other school districts, and other various grants, reimbursements and shared revenues. All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, if applicable. The District's nonmajor enterprise funds and business-type activities have reported an allowance of \$842,002 as of June 30, 2022 related to other receivables.

Inventories: Inventories are carried at the moving average cost for purchased items and contributed value (acquisition value at the date received) for government commodities and other donated items. Inventories are recorded as expenses when consumed in the Government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds' financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, inventories are accounted for using the consumption method whereby inventory acquisitions are recorded in inventory accounts when purchased and are charged to operations when consumed or sold. The fund balance in the governmental funds relating to inventories is reported as nonspendable.

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the Government-wide and fund financial statements on the consumption method. The fund balance in the governmental funds relating to prepaid items is reported as nonspendable.

Investment earnings: Investment earnings are composed of interest, dividends and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

Investments: Most of the District's investment are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. For some assets and liabilities, observable market transactions or market information might be available; for others, it might not be available. However, the objective of a fair value measurement in both cases is the same—that is, to determine the price at which an orderly transaction to sell the asset or to transfer the liability would take place between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value is an exit price at the measurement date from the perspective of a market participant that controls the asset or is obligated for the liability. See Note 3 for additional information regarding fair value measures.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital assets: Capital assets which include land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment, and construction-in-progress are reported in the Government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds' financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more (\$500 or more for the School Nutrition Fund) and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements20 yearsBuildings and improvements20 - 50 yearsVehicles, furniture and equipment5 - 15 years

The District's collection of library books and other similar assets are not capitalized. These collections are unencumbered, held for public exhibition and education, protected, cared for and preserved and subject to District policy that requires proceeds from the sale of these items, if any, to be used to acquire other collection items.

Leases: The District is the lessee for a noncancellable lease of equipment. The District has recognized a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes leases when the initial measurement of the lease liability, based on terms of the lease, is \$100,000 or more.

At the commencement of the lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, lease term and lease payments.

The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and a purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with current and noncurrent liabilities on the statement of net position.

Deferred outflows of resources: Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of items not yet charged to pension expense, the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and contributions from the District after the measurement date but before the end of the District's reporting period.

Deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected in the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from sales tax and intergovernmental revenue. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In the District's government-wide statements and governmental fund statements, succeeding year property tax revenues are reported as a deferred inflow of resources and will become an inflow in the year for which they are levied.

The District's government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position also includes pension related amounts and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) related amounts as a deferred inflow of resources and a deferred charge on refunding that will be recognized in interest expense over the shorter of the maturity of the related refunded or refunding bond issuance. The pension related amounts consist of the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, the unamortized portion of the net difference between expected and actual plan experience and changes in proportion. The OPEB related amounts consist of the impact of changes in assumptions and other inputs.

Cash flows: For purpose of the statement of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Salaries and benefits payable: Payroll and related expenditures for teachers with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year, which are payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities in the fund and government-wide financial statements.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue in the statement of net position and in the governmental fund financial statements consists primarily of unearned grant proceeds and unearned student nutrition revenue.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated absences: The District's employee vacation and sick leave policies generally provide for granting vacation and sick leave with pay. Accrued sick leave is earned by all full-time employees at a rate determined by either the Iowa Code or their Comprehensive Agreements. Sick leave balances are not paid upon termination of employment. Full-time employees earn vacation in accordance with their employment agreement. The current and long-term liabilities for accumulated vacation are accrued when incurred in the Government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee leave, resignations and retirements.

Long-term obligations: In the Government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums are reported as a liability and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are reported as an outflow in the year in which the expenses were incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums through current year operations. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Principal payments and bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions: For purposes of measuring the net pension asset (liability), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS) and Des Moines Teachers' Retirement System (DMTRS) and additions to/deductions from these fiduciary net positions has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IPERS and DMTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund balance: In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable: Amounts which cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u>: Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: Amounts which can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints formally imposed by the Board through resolution approved prior to year-end. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same action it employed to commit those amounts.

<u>Assigned</u>: Amounts constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose. It is the District's policy that the authority to assign fund balance has been delegated by the District's Board of Education to the Chief Financial Officer and Controller, through the adoption of the budget.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u>: All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. Residual deficit amounts of the other governmental funds would also be reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's procedure is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications—committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Net position: Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources in the Government-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. Unspent debt proceeds (which includes proceeds reserved for debt retirement) for the Capital Projects Fund was \$20,341,043. Net position is reported as restricted in the Government-wide financial statements when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Net position restricted through enabling legislation as of June 30, 2022 consists of \$33,938,622 for management levy, \$12,636,989 for PPEL, and \$2,101,654 for PERL.

Donor restricted net position includes \$2,666,919 for net position in the District Supported Trust Fund which is to be used mainly for the Smouse School.

Net position restricted for other purposes consists of \$10,722,174 restricted for categorical funding, various grants and sponsored programs and student activity balances.

The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Interfund activity: Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Estimates: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2. Legal Compliance

The District operates within the budget requirements for school districts as specified by state law and as prescribed by the lowa Department of Management.

The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the functional area for budgeted governmental, enterprise and private purpose trust funds in total, rather than by individual fund type. Formal and legal budgetary control is based on four major classes of expenditures known as functional areas. These four functional areas are instruction, support services, noninstructional programs and other expenditures. The District adopts its annual program budget on a U.S. GAAP basis of accounting.

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 41, *Budgetary Comparison Schedules—Perspective Differences*, the District presents budgetary comparison as required supplementary information based on the program structure as required by state statute for its legally adopted budget.

The Child Care Fund, School Nutrition Fund, and Print Shop Fund have deficit balances as of June 30, 2022, of \$1,318,581, \$1,075,148, and \$154,482, respectively. The District will analyze the fund's activity and take the necessary steps to reduce the negative net position. The primary cause of the deficit balance is due to accounting for the Child Care and School Nutrition Funds' share of the District's proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net pension liability related to IPERS. The primary cause of the Print Shop deficit is due to rising supply costs and implementation of GASB Statement No. 87.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

As of June 30, 2022, the District's cash, cash equivalents and investments (including fiduciary fund assets) were as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 111,040,358
Restricted cash and investments	3,610,568
Investments, including pension trust funds	408,697,024
	\$ 523,347,950

In addition, the District has cash held with agent of \$20,341,043, which will be used for future debt service payments as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investments:

Authorized investments: The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds not currently needed for operating expenses in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured lowa depository institutions approved by the Board; prime eligible bankers' acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; and certain joint investment trusts. However, the District's investment policy additionally limits investments in commercial paper to obligations at the time of purchase rated within the two highest ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations with a maturity less than 270 days, with no more than 5% at the time of purchase placed in the second highest classification. The District's investment policy additionally limits investments in prime bankers' acceptances that mature within 270 days and that are eligible for purchase by a federal reserve bank. Investment income interest is spent according to the fund parameters as outlined by the District.

The above description of authorized investments does not apply to investments donated to the District. In addition, the DMTRS Pension Trust Funds investments are governed by the underlying plan documents and not the District's investment policy. The DMTRS investment policy authorizes investment in cash, fixed income securities rated AAA to BBB, investment grade preferred stock, large-, mid-, and small-cap domestic equity securities, international stocks, and domestic real estate. The investment policy also establishes allocation and exposure limitations for each class of investments authorized.

Interest rate risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy requires operating funds to be invested in investments that mature within 397 days or less. When investing other than operating funds, the investments must mature according to the needs of the funds. Operating funds of the District are funds which are reasonably expected to be used during a current budget year or within 15 months of receipt.

Deposits: The District's deposits consist of balances held with financial institutions, including nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and money market funds.

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

It is the District's policy to require that time deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits be secured by collateral or private insurance to protect public deposits in a single financial institution if it were to default. Chapter 12c of the Code of lowa requires all District funds be deposited into an approved depository and be either insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2022, the District's deposits with financial institutions were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or insured by the state through pooled collateral, state sinking funds and by the state's ability to assess for lost funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity as of June 30, 2022:

Des Moines Independent Community School District (without DMTRS)

		Investment Maturities (in Years)										
	 Fair Value		Less than 1 1		1 - 5	(6 - 10		More than 10			
Corporate equities	\$ 1,769,603		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A			
Money market mutual funds Fixed income securities	45,664,767		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A			
(commercial paper)	24,766,811	\$	24,766,811	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
U.S. Government securities	 143,149,219		143,149,219		-		-					
	\$ 215,350,400	\$	167,916,030	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			

Des Moines Teachers' Retirement System (DMTRS)

		Fair Value		Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	N	More than 10
Money market mutual funds	\$	3,748,040		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
U.S. Government and agency securities		4,338,520	\$	-	\$ 1,052,970	\$ 1,901,115	\$	1,384,435
Corporate equities		48,213,456		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Mortgage-backed securities		13,611,301		433,000	1,954,746	399,597		10,823,958
Corporate obligations		79,908,562		3,501,980	17,120,947	20,626,315		38,659,320
Preferred stock		1,983,985		N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A
Municipal bonds		33,886,155		1,016,140	7,697,334	6,032,496		19,140,186
Other fixed income		7,656,605		-	3,074,168	2,415,069		2,167,368
	\$	193,346,624	\$	4,951,120	\$ 30,900,165	\$ 31,374,592	\$	72,175,267

Credit risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment policy does not formally address credit risk. The credit ratings for the District's investments are included in the table below. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not subject to credit risk in accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*.

Fair value measurements: The District uses the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date. Level 2 inputs are observable inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1. The observable inputs, either directly or indirectly, include prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data from third-party pricing agencies for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

The District uses the following valuation methods for recurring fair value measurement:

- Quotes market prices
- Matrix pricing techniques
- Market approach that considers benchmark quote prices

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The following table provides the distribution of the District's investment by fair value hierarchy level and the credit rating as of June 30, 2022.

Des Moines Independent Community School District (without DMTRS)

	in Act	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Imputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Imputs (Level 3)		Total Fair Value	S&P Rating	
Corporate equities Money market mutual funds Commercial paper U.S. Government securities	\$	1,769,603 45,664,767 - - 47,434,370	\$	24,766,811 143,149,219 167,916,030	\$	- - - -	\$	1,769,603 45,664,767 24,766,811 143,149,219 215,350,400	Not Rated Not Rated A+ AA+	
Des Moines Teachers' Retireme	nt System	n (DMTRS)								
	in Ac	oted Prices tive Markets entical Assets		Significant ner Observable Imputs	Unob In	nificant servable nputs		Total		
	(1	Level 1)		(Level 2)	(Le	evel 3)		Fair Value	S&P Rating	
Money market mutual funds Certificates of deposit U.S. Government and	\$	Level 1) - -	\$	(Level 2) 3,748,040 -	(L€	evel 3) - -	\$	3,748,040 -	S&P Rating Not Rated Not Rated	
Certificates of deposit		Level 1) - -	\$,	`	evel 3) - - -	\$		Not Rated	
Certificates of deposit U.S. Government and		Level 1) 48,213,456	\$	3,748,040	`	evel 3) - - - -	\$	3,748,040	Not Rated Not Rated AA+ Not Rated	
Certificates of deposit U.S. Government and agency securities Corporate equities Mortgage-backed securities		- -	\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 - 13,565,586	•	- - - - -	\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 48,213,456 13,565,586	Not Rated Not Rated AA+ Not Rated Not Rated	
Certificates of deposit U.S. Government and agency securities Corporate equities Mortgage-backed securities Mortgage-backed securities		- -	\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 - 13,565,586 45,715	•	- - - - - -	\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 48,213,456 13,565,586 45,715	Not Rated Not Rated AA+ Not Rated Not Rated AAA	
Certificates of deposit U.S. Government and agency securities Corporate equities Mortgage-backed securities Mortgage-backed securities Corporate obligations		- -	\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 - 13,565,586 45,715 650,979	•		\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 48,213,456 13,565,586 45,715 650,979	Not Rated Not Rated AA+ Not Rated Not Rated AAA Not Rated	
Certificates of deposit U.S. Government and agency securities Corporate equities Mortgage-backed securities Mortgage-backed securities Corporate obligations Corporate obligations		- -	\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 - 13,565,586 45,715 650,979 49,112,195	•		\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 48,213,456 13,565,586 45,715 650,979 49,112,195	Not Rated Not Rated AA+ Not Rated Not Rated AAA Not Rated AAA Not Rated A - AAA	
Certificates of deposit U.S. Government and agency securities Corporate equities Mortgage-backed securities Mortgage-backed securities Corporate obligations Corporate obligations Corporate obligations		- -	\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 - 13,565,586 45,715 650,979 49,112,195 30,145,389	•		\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 48,213,456 13,565,586 45,715 650,979 49,112,195 30,145,389	Not Rated Not Rated AA+ Not Rated Not Rated AAA Not Rated A AA BB - BBB	
Certificates of deposit U.S. Government and agency securities Corporate equities Mortgage-backed securities Mortgage-backed securities Corporate obligations Corporate obligations Preferred stock		- -	\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 - 13,565,586 45,715 650,979 49,112,195 30,145,389 1,983,985	•		\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 48,213,456 13,565,586 45,715 650,979 49,112,195 30,145,389 1,983,985	Not Rated Not Rated AA+ Not Rated Not Rated AAA Not Rated A - AAA BB - BBB A - AAA	
Certificates of deposit U.S. Government and agency securities Corporate equities Mortgage-backed securities Mortgage-backed securities Corporate obligations Corporate obligations Corporate obligations		- -	\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 - 13,565,586 45,715 650,979 49,112,195 30,145,389	•		\$	3,748,040 - 4,338,520 48,213,456 13,565,586 45,715 650,979 49,112,195 30,145,389	Not Rated Not Rated AA+ Not Rated Not Rated AAA Not Rated A AA BB - BBB	

Corporate equities: Corporate equities are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices obtained from exchanges.

Money Market Mutual Funds: Mutual funds are reported at fair value based on quoted market prices obtained from exchanges and also reported at fair value based on evaluation using market sources and integrating relative credit information, observed market movements, and sector news into the evaluated pricing applications and models.

145,133,169

Corporate obligations, U.S. government agency securities and other fixed income: These investments are reported at fair value based on evaluation using market sources and integrating relative credit information, observed market movements, and sector news into the evaluated pricing applications and models.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

U.S. Government securities: U.S. Government securities are reported at fair value based on a bullet (non-call) spread scale for each issuer for maturities going out to forty years. These spreads represent credit risk and are obtained from the new issue market, secondary trading, and dealer quotes. An Option Adjusted Spread (OAS) model is incorporated to adjust spreads of issues that have early redemption features. Final spreads are added to a U.S. Treasury curve. A special cash discounting yield/price routine calculates prices from final yields to accommodate odd coupon payment dates typical of medium-term notes.

Certificates of deposit: Certificates of deposit are reported at fair value based on a multi-dimensional relational model and/or OAS.

Mortgage-backed securities: Mortgage-backed securities are reported at fair value via model using various inputs such as but not limited to daily cash flow, snapshots of the To Be Announced market and the US Treasury market, floating rate Indices such as London Inter-bank Offered Rate (LIBOR), Constant maturity, and Prime as a benchmark yield, spread over index, periodic and life caps, next coupon adjustment date, and convertibility of the bond.

Municipal bonds: Municipal bonds are reported at fair value based on trades, bid price or spread, two-sided markets, quotes, benchmark curves including but not limited to treasury benchmarks and LIBOR and swap curves, market data feeds such as Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board, financial statements, discount rate, capital rates, and trustee reports.

Preferred stock: Preferred stock is reported at fair value by calculating the appropriate spread over a comparable U.S. Treasury security for each issue. These spreads represent the amount of additional yield required to account for the risks inherent with preferred stocks, including credit, refunding and liquidity. Evaluators obtain benchmark quotes on liquid issues, follow both the listed and new issue market and focus on changing market conditions.

The District has no assets reported at fair value on a nonrecurring basis and no other investments meeting the fair value disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application.

Concentration of credit risk: The District's investment policy seeks diversification to reduce overall portfolio risk while attaining market rates of return to enable the District to meet all anticipated cash requirements. The District's policy further restricts investments in prime bankers' acceptances and commercial paper to no more than 10% of the investment portfolio for each type of investment, excluding DMTRS investments, and no more than 5% of the investment portfolio can be invested in the securities of a single issuer.

More than 5% of the District's investments, excluding DMTRS investments, are in U.S. Treasuries, commercial paper, and money market accounts. These investments are approximately 66.5%, 11.5% and 21.2%, respectively, of the District's total investments. The investments in U.S. Government Securities, Corporate Equities and Money market mutual funds, are not subject to concentration of credit risk due to either being guaranteed by the U.S. government, considered a pooled investment, were donated to the District, or none of the securities underlying the total investment type is more than 5% in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk: The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party.

As of June 30, 2022, none of the District's investments were insured, but they were all registered in the District's name and held by the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department.

Beginning January 1, 2022, LIBOR was replaced by Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 4. Interfund Receivables/Payables and Transfers

Due to and from other funds as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

		Due From Other Funds		
General fund Internal service fund, print shop	\$	- -	\$	9,366,985 8,630
Internal service fund, self insurance		9,375,615		, -
	\$	9,375,615	\$	9,375,615

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded and 3) payments between funds are made.

The \$9,375,615 due to other funds in the internal service funds is attributable to pending payroll funds which have not yet cleared as of year-end.

The due to and due from other funds balances are expected to be collected in the subsequent year.

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded and 3) payments between funds are made.

The following is a schedule of transfers as included in the basic financial statements of the District as of the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major funds:		
General fund	\$ 3,689,038	\$ 1,664,731
Capital projects fund	-	102,152,536
Debt service	102,249,067	-
Nonmajor governmental funds	-	2,613,451
Nonmajor enterprise funds	1,664,731	1,172,118
	\$ 107,602,836	\$ 107,602,836

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them or (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in a certain fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization or Board approval.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 5. Capital Assets

A summary of capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Governmental Activities		Beginning Balance, as restated	Additions and Transfers In	Deletions and Transfers Out	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	4,963,615	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 4,963,615
Construction-in-progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated		13,147,599 18,111,214	21,259,523 21,259,523	24,488,160 24,488,160	9,918,962 14,882,577
Capital assets, being depreciated:	_	10,111,211	21,200,020	21,100,100	11,002,077
Land improvements		9,868,310	_	125,333	9,742,977
Buildings and improvements		743,188,214	24,488,160	8,497,767	759,178,607
Vehicles, furniture and equipment		31,152,395	4,161,824	77,345	35,236,874
Lease assets, equipment		11,474,145	-	· -	11,474,145
Total capital assets, being depreciated		795,683,064	28,649,984	8,700,445	815,632,603
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements		(8,676,415)	(179,936)	(125,034)	(8,731,317)
Buildings and improvements		(202,630,865)	(13,789,224)	(1,527,029)	(214,893,060)
Vehicles, furniture and equipment		(20,518,287)	(2,206,147)	(62,402)	(22,662,032)
Lease assets, equipment		-	(3,710,288)	-	(3,710,288)
Total accumulated depreciation		(231,825,567)	(19,885,595)	(1,714,465)	(249,996,697)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		563,857,497	8,764,389	6,985,980	565,635,906
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	581,968,711	\$ 30,023,912	\$ 31,474,140	\$ 580,518,483
Business-Type Activities		Beginning Balance	Additions and Transfers In	Deletions and Transfers Out	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated,					
Land	\$	9,499	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 9,499
Capital assets, being depreciated: Vehicles, furniture and equipment	<u> </u>	6,668,011	71,435	-	6,739,446
Less accumulated depreciation		(4,975,160)	(301,535)	-	(5,276,695)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		1,692,851	(230,100)	-	1,462,751
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	1,702,350	\$ (230,100)	\$ -	\$ 1,472,250

Depreciation and amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was charged to the District's functions as follows:

Governmental activities:		
Instruction	\$ 16,719	,777
Noninstructional	354	,386
Business and central administration	1,451	,381
Plant operation and maintenance	259	,647
Student transportation	1,100	,404
Total	\$ 19,885	,595
Business-type activities: School nutrition Automotive	1	0,427 ,108 ,535

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities and Bonds Payable

The following is a summary of changes in bonds payable and other long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Beginning				
	Balance,			Ending	Due Within
	 as Restated	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Sales tax revenue bonds	\$ 158,015,000	\$ 66,335,000	\$ 91,750,000	\$ 132,600,000	\$ 16,445,000
Bond premiums	5,177,323	9,649,660	3,474,691	11,352,292	-
Retrospective insurance					
rating plan	1,299,850	294,604	189,997	1,404,457	-
Termination benefits	9,273,394	-	8,434,714	838,680	752,178
Compensated absences	5,487,654	3,533,450	3,631,903	5,389,201	3,764,313
Other postemployment benefits	41,933,409	5,712,332	6,390,802	41,254,939	-
Lease liability	10,508,349	-	4,523,628	5,984,721	3,486,010
Net pension liability	216,974,929	-	173,329,584	43,645,345	-
Pollution remediation	 50,018	124,796	-	174,814	
Long-term liabilities	\$ 448,719,926	\$ 85,649,842	\$ 291,725,319	\$ 242,644,449	\$ 24,447,501
Business-type activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 487,796	\$ 227,859	\$ 307,959	\$ 407,696	\$ 299,860
Net pension liability	 8,369,388	-	7,082,585	1,286,803	
Long-term liabilities	\$ 8,857,184	\$ 227,859	\$ 7,390,544	\$ 1,694,499	\$ 299,860

Compensated absences and other postemployment benefits are generally liquidated by the General Fund and the retrospective insurance rating plan liability is liquidated by the Management Fund, a major governmental fund. Net pension liabilities will generally be liquidated by the General Fund, School Nutrition and Child Care Funds.

The District has pledged future statewide penny school infrastructure, services and use tax revenues to repay the following bonds:

Bond Issued, Month and Year	Issued Amount	Interest Rate		
2014 SAVE Revenue Bonds, May 2014	61,940,000	3.0%-5.0%		
2018 SAVE Revenue Bonds, April 2018	56,235,000	3.0%-5.0%		
2021 SAVE Revenue Bonds, November 2021	66,335,000	2.0%-5.0%		

The bonds were issued for the purpose of financing costs of school infrastructure improvement projects. The bonds are payable solely from the proceeds of the statewide penny school infrastructure, services and use tax revenue received by the District and are payable through 2029. The bonds are not a general obligation of the District; however, the debt is subject to the constitutional debt limitation of the District. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds were expected to require less than 50% of the statewide penny school infrastructure, services and use tax revenues. For the current year, principal and interest paid was \$22,197,799 and total statewide penny school infrastructure revenue recognized was \$38,218,634.

On November 15, 2021, the District issued School Infrastructure Sales, Service and Use Tax Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2022 totaling \$66,335,000 with an interest rate of 0.84 percent. The bonds were issued to advance refund the School Infrastructure Sales, Services and Use Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, 2013, and 2016. The District paid \$75,710,000 of existing debt service reserve fund resources into escrow as a result of the issuance. As a result of the refunding, the District reduced its debt service requirements by \$6,878,698 for a net present value savings of \$6,648,329 after considering the payment of existing resources from the debt service reserve fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities and Bonds Payable (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity as of June 30, 2022 for the outstanding sales tax revenue bonds are summarized as follows:

	 Governmental Activities						
	Principal		Interest		Total		
Year ending June 30:							
2023	\$ 16,445,000	\$	5,646,575	\$	22,091,575		
2024	17,275,000		4,824,325		22,099,325		
2025	18,055,000		4,046,775		22,101,775		
2026	18,865,000		3,233,625		22,098,625		
2027	19,730,000		2,372,100		22,102,100		
2028—2029	42,230,000		2,158,650		44,388,650		
	\$ 132,600,000	\$	22,282,050	\$	154,882,050		

As of June 30, 2022, the District did not exceed its legal debt margin, computed as follows:

Lease agreements: The District has various equipment leases. These agreements have varying terms, including inception dates from April 2018 through October 2020, monthly payments of \$8,044 to \$103,108, and have terms of from 48 months to 60 months. During the year ended June 30, 2022, principal and interest paid were approximately \$4,523,000 and \$339,000, respectively.

Principal and interest requirements for the leases are as follows:

	Principal		Interest
2023 2024 2025 2026	\$ 3,486,010 2,155,472 319,239 24,000 5,984,721	\$	189,368 73,937 5,293 133 268,731
Total assessed valuation		\$ 14	4,410,442,093
Debt limit of 5% of total assessed valuation Amount of debt applicable to debt limit, total bonded debt Lease obligations Total indebedness Excess of debt limit over bonded debt issued, legal debt margin		\$	720,522,105 132,600,000 5,984,721 138,584,721 581,937,384

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 6. Long-Term Liabilities and Bonds Payable (Continued)

Special termination benefits: Prior to the year ended June 30, 2018, the District offered a special termination benefit to certified teachers and administrators. To be eligible to participate in this Plan, an employee must (1) have attained age 55; (2) have at least 10 consecutive contract years of employment with the District; (3) have worked a minimum of 100 days during the contract year in which he or she elects to participate in this Plan; (4) have not received an official notice of lay off or termination; (5) not be subject to termination pursuant to lowa Code Section 279.15 or Section 279.27, whether such termination occurs before or after the acceptance of his or her application and (6) otherwise meet the requirements of this Plan. The special termination benefit allows an eligible employee to (1) if at the time of retirement has health insurance, to use the value of their accumulated sick leave benefit and annual special leave to pay for health insurance until they reach the age of 65 and opt for Medicare benefits, with any remaining funds at that time paid out in a single lump sum payment, or (2) if at the time of retirement has no health insurance, or already reached the age of 65, to pay out the value of their accumulated sick leave benefit and annual special leave over five equal annual payments into a tax sheltered annuity of their choice.

Beginning during the year ended June 30, 2018, the District offered a special termination benefit to all employees. To be eligible to participate in this Plan, an employee must (1) have attained age 60 and (2) have at least 10 or more years of continuous service as a permanent employee of the District. The special termination benefit allows an eligible employee to receive \$50,000 paid to a tax-sheltered annuity over 1 to 2 years. The amount is prorated based upon the eligible employee's full-time equivalency as of the fiscal year-end date in which the employee elected to participate in the Plan. Eligible employees will also have the option to purchase and participate in the District's group health insurance plan until age 65.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District offered a special termination benefit to eligible teachers and administrators. The incentive criteria was based upon enrollment in IPERS or DMTRS.

For DMTRS participants to be eligible to participate in this Plan, an employee must (1) have attained age 55 and (2) have at least 10 or more years of continuous service with the District. The special termination benefit allows an eligible employee to receive \$50,000 plus \$2,500 for each year of consecutive service with the district, paid to a tax-sheltered annuity over 1 to 2 years. The amount is prorated based upon the eligible employee's full-time equivalency as of the fiscal year-end date in which the employee elected to participate in the Plan. Eligible employees will also have the option to purchase and participate in the District's group health insurance plan until age 65.

For IPERS participants to be eligible to participate in this Plan, an employee must (1) have attained age 60 and (2) have at least 10 or more years of continuous service with the District. The special termination benefit allows an eligible employee to receive \$50,000 paid to a tax-sheltered annuity over 1 to 2 years. The amount is prorated based upon the eligible employee's full-time equivalency as of the fiscal year-end date in which the employee elected to participate in the Plan. Eligible employees will also have the option to purchase and participate in the District's group health insurance plan until age 65.

The special termination benefits are generally liquidated by the Management Fund. As of June 30, 2022, the District has \$752,178 accrued in the Management Fund relating to employees over age 65 as they are considered due and expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The current year amount paid by the District was \$8,434,714 which consisted of 111 participants in the plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 7. Commitments and Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

As of June 30, 2022, the District was involved in construction projects with an estimated cost to complete the construction projects of approximately \$9,298,000.

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 11, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. Actions taken around the world to help mitigate the spread of the coronavirus include restrictions on travel, quarantines in certain areas and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. The coronavirus and actions taken to mitigate the spread of it have had and are expected to continue to have an adverse impact on the economies and financial markets of many countries and their political subdivision.

It is unknown how long the adverse conditions associated with the coronavirus will last and what the complete financial effect will be to the District. The extent to which COVID-19 may affect the District's results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information, which may emerge concerning the severity of COVID-19 and actions taken to contain COVID-19 or its impact, among others.

Additionally, it is reasonably possible that estimates made in the financial statements have been, or will be, materially and adversely impacted in the near term as a result of these conditions.

Note 8. Risk Management

The District has chosen to establish a risk financing fund for risks associated with the self-insurance plan for medical, prescription, dental and vision benefits. The risk financing fund is accounted for as an internal service fund where assets are set aside for claim settlements. The total charge allocated to each of the funds is based on each employees selected plan premiums. Premiums are calculating using trends in actual claims experience. Losses on medical claims are limited through the purchase of stop-loss insurance to \$150,000 per accident or disease, and 120% of actuarially projected claims for the District in total.

Liabilities include an estimated amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR) which represent estimates of the eventual loss on claims arising prior to year-end. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two fiscal years are as follows:

Unpaid claims, beginning of year Current year claims and changes in estimates Claim payments Unpaid claims, end of year

Years Ended June 30								
	2022	2021						
\$	5,384,135	\$	5,390,729					
	64,856,556		63,759,461					
	(65,002,495)		(63,766,055)					
\$	5,238,196	\$	5,384,135					

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 8. Risk Management (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, the unpaid claims payable of \$5,238,196 is net of \$601,612 of reimbursement receivable that the District expects to receive as it has exceeded its individual stop-loss amount. A total of \$601,612 reinsurance revenue to be received is netted against claims expense.

The District self-insures its workers' compensation exposures. As of June 30, 2022, the amount of liabilities recorded for estimated claims payable for workers' compensation was \$7,524,109 of which \$431,152 was recorded in the Risk Management Internal Service Fund in accounts payable, a major governmental fund, as that portion of the liability has matured, and an additional \$7,092,957 was recorded in the government-wide statements. Liabilities are reported in the financial statements in claims payable. Losses on workers' compensation claims are limited through the purchase of stop-loss insurance to \$1,000,000 per occurrence.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two fiscal years are as follows:

	rears Ended June 30				
	2022			2021	
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	5,780,151	\$	6,389,460	
Current year claims and changes in estimates		2,326,836		1,986,871	
Claim payments		(582,878)		(2,596,180)	
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	7,524,109	\$	5,780,151	

Voore Ended June 20

The District's general liability and automobile liability policies are written under a retrospective rating plan where final premium costs are within a specified minimum and maximum premium. For the policy year ended June 30, 2022, various liability claims remain unsettled; therefore, the District has accrued a liability for the maximum potential additional premium that could be payable under the retrospective rating plan of \$1,404,457. The liability is recorded in the Government-wide financial statements.

The District continues to carry commercial insurance for other risks of loss. The District has a \$500,000 deductible on property insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded the planned coverage during any of the past three years.

Note 9. Retirement Systems

Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System:

Plan description: Employees of the District are provided with pensions through a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by IPERS. IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the District, except for those covered by another retirement system. IPERS issues a standalone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under lowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided for general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Pension benefits: A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits. Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier (based on years of service).
- The member's highest five-year average salary. For members with service before June 30, 2012, the highest three-year average salary as of that date will be used if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Disability and death benefits: A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions: Effective July 1, 2012, as a result of a 2010 law change, the contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. Statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll, based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

In fiscal year 2022, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 6.29% of pay and the District contributed 9.44% for a total rate of 15.73%.

The District's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$23,910,225.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Net pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$4,284,675 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the District's collective proportion was 3.056310%, which was a decrease of 0.000541% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$15,546,380 and reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the IPERS pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,260,041	\$	3,273,273
Changes of assumptions	2,802,544		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments	-		155,240,797
Changes in proportion and differences between District			
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	 905,814		7,750,664
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension			_
expense in future periods	6,968,399	•	166,264,734
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	23,910,225		
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$ 30,878,624	\$ ^	166,264,734
	 ·		

The \$23,910,225 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022. The deferred inflows relates to the difference between expected and actual investment earnings and is being amortized over a closed 5-year period as of the beginning of each measurement period. Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are being amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected service lives of all employees as of the beginning of each measurement period, which was 5.00 years for the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Doforrod

	Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Years ending June 30:	
2023	\$ (39,319,429)
2024	(40,014,453)
2025	(36,946,998)
2026	(43,046,822)
2027	31,367
	\$ (159,296,335)

There were no non-employer contributing entities to IPERS.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 3.25% to 16.25%, average, including inflation; rates vary by

membership group

Long-term rate of return 7.00%, net of investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Generational Mortality Table, with age setbacks and age set forwards as well as other adjustments based on different membership groups. Future mortality improvements are anticipated using Projection Scale MP-2017.

The demographic actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period ended June 28, 2019.

At the Investment Board's direction, the experience study of IPERS economic assumptions, including the long-term rate of return, was accelerated a year resulting in a full review of the economic assumptions in early 2018. The findings of the experience study on economic assumptions, along with the resulting recommendations, were included in a report dated March 24, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected Real
Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Rate of Return
Core-plus fixed income	26.0%	0.29%
Domestic equity	22.0	4.43%
International equity	17.5	6.01%
Private equity	13.0	9.51%
Public credit	4.0	2.08%
Private credit	3.0	2.87%
Private real assets	7.5	4.63%
Global smart beta equity	6.0	5.10%
Cash	1.0	-0.25%
	100.0%	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the District will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability (asset) as of June 30, 2022	\$ 151,648,729	\$ 4,284,675	\$ (119,215,767)

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at www.ipers.org.

Des Moines Teachers' Retirement System:

Plan description: The DMTRS Plan and Trust (the Plan) is a single employer pension plan administered by Bankers Trust Capital Management with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. as custodian of the Plan. The Plan was established in 1953 to offer employees of the school district a choice in planning for their retirement and is a uniquely designed hybrid pension plan as it contains features of both a traditional defined benefit plan, which is very common in the public sector, and a defined contribution plan. The Plan is considered a hybrid plan because investment risk is borne by the participant in the form of a variable account balance, implying a defined contribution plan; however, mortality risk is maintained by the District, which is a defined benefit plan feature. Due to this hybrid feature, the benefit terms cannot be modified.

The District's Board of Education is also the Plan's board and constitutes the trustees. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Effective June 1, 2021, the plan was amended to only allow employees who were employed prior to July 1, 2020 to participate in the plan.

Basis of accounting: The DMTRS financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The District's contributions are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions is made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. All plan investments are reported at fair value. Administrative costs of DMTRS are financed through investment earnings.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Employees of the District who are teachers as defined under the Plan are eligible to participate in the Plan. Each teacher may choose to participate in either the Plan or in the IPERS. The election is made within 30 days of hire. If no election is made, the default is to participate in IPERS. The membership data as of the most recent actuarial valuation date was:

Active members	144
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	828
Inactive members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	138
	1,110

Plan benefits and death benefits: Upon retirement on or after age 55, the account balance is converted to one of various available forms of monthly benefits payable to the participant, and if elected, a continuing benefit to a surviving spouse.

Contributions: Participants electing to participate in the Plan will have contributions deducted on a pretax basis. The contribution will be based on the participant's age at hire and will remain constant for that participant thereafter. The older the participant, the higher the contribution. The Plan's contribution rates range from 6.31% to 9.14%, dependent on the entry age of the participant. The contribution rates increased between 30% to 45% from 2007 to 2015.

An "Employer Matching Contribution" ranging from 7.83% to 11.00% (120% to 124% of the employee contribution) will also be made. Both employee and employer contributions are credited to an employee's account balance. The account balance is also credited with plan investment earning allocations.

Investments: The Board of Education established an investment policy guiding the allocation of invested assets. This policy may be amended by the Board of Education. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the Plan. See additional information about the DMTRS investments in Note 3.

The Plan shall diversify the investments so as to minimize the risk of large losses unless, under the circumstances, it is clearly prudent not to do so.

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Certificates of deposit	0.0%	2.8%
Money market mutual funds	0.5	2.4
U.S. Government securities	2.0	3.2
Corporate equities	26.0	6.5
Mortgage-backed securities	8.5	3.3
Corporate obligations	46.0	4.2
Preferred stock	1.0	4.6
Municipal bonds	16.0	3.9
	100.0%	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9. Retirement Systems (Continued)

There are no investments in any one organization representing more than 5% or more of DMTRS' net position. There are no investments in, loans to, or leases with related parties.

Rate of return: For the year ended June 30, 2022, the annual weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense was (9.6%). The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net pension liability: The total pension liability was determined using an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2021 using generally accepted actuarial principles and methods.

A schedule of the District's changes in its net pension asset for DMTRS for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Total pension liability		
Service cost	\$	1,703,282
Interest		10,241,022
Differences between expected and actual experience		9,060,737
Changes of assumptions		555,206
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(25,148,956)
Net change in total pension liability		(3,588,709)
Total pension liability—beginning	_	239,301,107
Total pension liability—ending (a)	\$	235,712,398
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions—employer	\$	940,505
Contributions—members		762,777
Net investment income		(22,041,950)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(25,148,956)
Administrative expense		(94,023)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(45,581,647)
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning		240,646,572
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (b)	\$	195,064,925
Figure induction and induction in the state of the state	φ	190,004,920
Net pension liability—ending (a) - (b)	\$	40,647,473

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using a 4.50% investment rate of return with mortality rates based on the RP-2014 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for MP-2018 projections. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies with dates corresponding to those listed above.

82.8%

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the District will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's net pension asset to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the District's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 4.50%, as well as what the District's net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.50%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (3.50%)	Discount Rate (4.50%)	1	% Increase (5.50%)
District's net pension liability as of June 30, 2022	\$ 66,436,995	\$ 40,647,473	\$	18,922,628

Pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$14,008,341. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the DMTRS pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
		0
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 14,825,933	\$ 4,715,394
Changes of assumptions	12,977,727	2,853,237
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	15,694,168	-
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$ 43,497,828	\$ 7,568,631

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the differences between expected and actual experience and changes of assumptions are being amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected service lives of all employees as of the beginning of the measurement period, which was 7 years as of June 30, 2022. The deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between expected and actual investment earnings is being amortized over a closed 5-year period as of the beginning of each measurement period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 9. Retirement Systems (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Years ending June 30:	
2023	\$ 6,930,691
2024	9,339,028
2025	9,643,367
2026	9,363,102
2027	653,009
	\$ 35,929,197

Aggregate pension related amounts for all plans are as follows:

	IPERS	DMTRS	Total
Net pension liability	\$ 4,284,675	\$ 40,647,473	\$ 44,932,148
Deferred outflows of resources, pension related amounts	30,878,624	43,497,828	74,376,452
Deferred inflows of resources, pension			
related amounts	166,264,734	7,568,631	173,833,365
Pension expense	15,546,380	14,008,341	29,554,721

Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to both pension plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred
	Outflows (Inflows)
	of Resources
Years ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (32,388,738)
2024	(30,675,425)
2025	(27,303,631)
2026	(33,683,720)
2027	684,376
	(123,367,138)
Deferred outflows of resources, pension related	
amounts—District contributions to IPERS	
subsequent to the measurement date	23,910,225
	\$ (99,456,913)
	-

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan description: The District sponsors a single-employer health care plan that provides two self-funded medical plans which includes prescription drug benefits to all active and retired employees and their eligible dependents. Retiree coverage begins for employees who have attained age 55 prior to the beginning of the subsequent contract year and have at least 10 consecutive contract years of employment and continues until the retiree is Medicare eligible at age 65. The plan is administered by the District and the District has the authority to establish or amend the plan provisions or contribution requirements within the sections of the Code. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Funding policy: The current funding policy of the District is to pay health claims as they occur through internal allocated funds. For employees who retired on or before June 30, 2002, the District provides a 100% subsidy to the full cost of coverage for both retiree and dependent coverage. For employees who retire on or after June 30, 2002, the District provides no subsidy.

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing. For fiscal year 2022, the District contributed \$1,057,142. Retiree and active members receiving benefits contributed through their required monthly contributions of the following:

Rate Tier		Fiscal Year 2022 Alliance Select		2022 Alliance 2022		Fiscal Year 2022 Blue Access
Employee Employee + One Family	\$	734.24 1,400.34 2,232.06	\$	719.72 1,372.64 2,187.92		

Employees covered by benefit terms: At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

131
809
2,326
3,266

Total OPEB Liability: The District's total OPEB liability of \$41,254,939 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	2.00%
Discount rate	3.54%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.5% for medical and prescription benefits and 4.0%
	for administrative fees, decreasing 0.50% per year
	to an ultimate rate of 4.00% for 2022 and later years

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 generational table scaled using MP-20 and applied on a gender-specific basis. It is assumed that 50% of future retirees cover a spouse at retirement. This is based on the current retiree spouse election percentages. All current and future retirees are assumed to be eligible for Medicare at age 65. The participation percentage is the assumed rate of future eligible retirees who elect to continue health coverage at retirement. It is assumed that 70% of all employees and their dependents who are eligible for early retiree benefits will participate in the retiree medical plan.

Based on current retiree plan elections, future retirees are assumed to elect plan coverage at the following rates:

Alliance Select—47% Blue Access—53%

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ 41,933,409
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	4,716,119
Interest	996,213
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(5,333,660)
Contributions and payments made	(1,057,142)
Net changes	(678,470)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 41,254,939

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16% in 2021 to 3.54% in 2022 a change in the mortality improvement scale, a lowered participation rate and reduction of health care cost trend rates by 0.50% as the rates decrease towards the ultimate rates as assumed.

Changes in benefit terms included increases in deductibles, office visit copays and various other changes.

Differences between expected and actual experience is due to a decrease in active and retired populations and updates to the 24 most recent month claims and premiums.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 10. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the approximate total OPEB liability of the District calculated using a discount rate of 3.54%, as well as what the District's approximate total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.54%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease		iscount Rate	1% Increase
	 (2.54%)		(3.54%)	(4.54%)
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022	\$ 45,093,000	\$	41,254,939	\$ 37,747,000

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trend rates: The following presents the approximate total OPEB liability of the District calculated using health care cost trend rates of 4.50% decreasing to 4.00%, as well as what the District's approximate total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (3.50% decreasing to 3.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.50% decreasing to 5.00%) than the current health care cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost					
	1% Decrease			rend Rates		1% Increase
	(3.50% decreasing		(4.50% decreasing		(5.50% decreasing	
	to 3.00%)		1	to 4.00%)		to 5.00%)
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022	\$	35,818,000	\$	41,254,939	\$	47,848,000

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to **OPEB**: For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$4,267,463. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from changes in assumptions or other inputs in the amount of \$12,939,496, deferred outflows related to changes in assumptions or other inputs differences between expected and actual experience of \$3,464,631, and deferred inflows differences between expected and actual experience of \$25,409,208.

Amounts reported as the deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense over the average future service to retirement of plan participants as follows:

	Inflows of Resources
Years ending June 30:	
2023	\$ 3,983,652
2024	3,983,652
2025	3,983,652
2026	3,983,652
2027	3,983,652
Thereafter	19,904,816
	\$ 39,823,076

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 11. Tax Abatements

GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* defines tax abatements as a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

Property tax revenues of the District were reduced by the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2022 under agreements entered into by the following entities:

Entity	Tax Abatement Program	Amount of Tax Abated	Amount of Tax Diverted		
City of Des Moines, Iowa	Urban renewal and economic development projects	\$ 21,088,046	\$ 7,239,826		
City of Pleasant Hill, Iowa	Urban renewal and economic development projects	3,166	115		
City of Norwalk, Iowa	Urban renewal and economic development projects	1,517,700	<u>-</u>		
		\$ 22,608,912	\$ 7,239,941		

The State of Iowa reimburses the District an amount equivalent to the increment of valuation on which property tax is divided times \$5.40 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District received \$2,967,969 of State Foundation Aid Replacement from the State of Iowa to replace \$5.40/per \$1,000 of assessed valuation lost due to tax increment financing tax abatements paid by the above listed municipalities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 12. Fund Balances

GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, establishes criteria for classifying fund balances into specifically defined classifications and clarifies definitions for governmental fund types. The details for the District's fund balance as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

			Capital			Nonmajor		
Fund Balances:		General	Projects	Management		Governmental	Total	
Nonspendable:								
Inventories	\$	1,846,110	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,846,110	
Prepaids		101,415	15,680	-		408,866	525,961	
Total nonspendable		1,947,525	15,680	-		408,866	2,372,071	
Restricted:								
Student activities		-	-	-		1,027,775	1,027,775	
Management levy purposes		-	-	33,938,622		-	33,938,622	
Physical plant and equipment		-	-	-		12,636,989	12,636,989	
Public education and recreation		-	-	-		2,101,654	2,101,654	
District Supported Trust		-	-	-		2,666,919	2,666,919	
Capital projects		-	70,772,495	-		-	70,772,495	
Categorical funding		8,127,592	-	-		-	8,127,592	
Shared programs		964,038	-	-		-	964,038	
Grants		602,769	-	-		-	602,769	
Total restricted		9,694,399	70,772,495	33,938,622		18,433,337	132,838,853	
Committed:								
Common core projects		5,000,000	-	-		-	5,000,000	
Technology		6,500,000	-	-		-	6,500,000	
Total committed		11,500,000	-	-		-	11,500,000	
Assigned:								
Technology		555,448	-	-		-	555,448	
Parent pay reserve		1,775,594	-	-		-	1,775,594	
Total assigned		2,331,042	-	-		-	2,331,042	
Unassigned		154,372,935	-	-			154,372,935	
Total fund balances	\$	179,845,901	\$ 70,788,175	\$ 33,938,622	\$	18,842,203	\$ 303,414,901	

Nonspendable:

Inventories: These dollars have been committed and spent on inventories that have yet to be consumed.

Prepaid items: These dollars have been spent on expenditures that relate to subsequent fiscal years.

Restricted: The following list of funds are restricted per Department of Education policy or explicitly stated in Iowa code. Please refer to Note 1 for a description of each funds restricted purpose:

- Student Activities
- Management Levy Purposes
- Physical Plant and Equipment (PPEL)
- Public Education and Recreation (PERL)
- District Supported Trust Fund
- Capital Projects
- Permanent Trust

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 12. Fund Balances (Continued)

Categorical funding: These are funds that Des Moines Public Schools has received from State and Federal sources. These dollars have to be spent in accordance with the guidelines defined by each of these categories. These programs include, but are not limited to:

- 4-Year Old Preschool
- Early Childhood
- English Language Learners (Students that English is not their first language)
- Nonpublic Textbooks
- Professional Development
- Success Early Readers
- Gifted & Talented
- Teacher Leadership/Teacher Mentoring
- Medicaid Reimbursement
- Special Education Reserve to be utilized for special education related expenditures

Grants: These are funds that have been granted to the District from Federal, State or Local sources. These funds can only be spent as defined by the grant.

Shared Programs Reserve: These funds have been set aside to allow students to take classes outside of their core classes. These courses allow students to take college level courses and career courses that will help transfer these credits to a college after graduation.

Committed:

Common core projects: These funds have been set aside to help the District continue to develop Common Core Strategies across the District now and in future years. This initiative will require significant resources and manpower to help the District move forward to this goal.

Technology: These funds have been set aside for curriculum technology as the District moves toward the Common Core Strategies and continue to move the District into the future state of learning in the 21st Century.

Assigned:

Technology: These are funds that have been set aside to make sure that the District can maintain and improve its current technology infrastructure. This enables the students and employees to have access to the technology needs for the present and the future.

Parent pay reserve: The District has several pre-school programs serving more than 1,500 students, including multiple funding sources. In most cases, half of the school day is covered through the state-funded Universal Preschool Program. The remaining portion of the day is often covered by fees charged to parents (referred to as parent pay revenue). As a result, the District assigned the remaining funds in the parent pay account to be utilized for future pre-school needs.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

The GASB has issued a statement which was implemented by the District in the current year. The statement adopted in the current year is as follows:

• GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, issued June 2017, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, and was adopted accordingly. Statement No. 87 establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. Under this statement, a government entity that is a lessee must recognize (1) a lease liability and (2) an intangible asset representing the lessee's right to use the leased asset. In addition, the County must report the (1) amortization expense for using the lease asset over the shorter of the term of the lease or the useful life of the underlying asset, (2) interest expense on the lease liability and (3) note disclosures about the lease. The Statement provides exceptions from the single-approach for short-term leases, financial purchases, leases of assets that are investments and certain regulated leases. This statement also addresses accounting for lease terminations and modifications, sale-leaseback transactions, non-lease components embedded in lease contracts (such as service agreements), and leases with related parties. As a result of the adoption, the District recorded a right to use lease asset of \$11,474,145 and a lease liability of \$10,508,349 as of July 1, 2021. See Note 14 for the change to net position.

The GASB has issued several statements not yet implemented by the District. The Statements which might impact the District are as follows:

- GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020, issued in January 2020, will be effective for the District fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. The objective of Statement No. 92 is to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to leases, postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits), fiduciary activities, asset retirement obligations and fair value measurement and application.
- GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment*Arrangements will improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnerships and provides guidance for accounting and reporting for availability payment arrangements. This statement will be effective for the District with its year ending June 30, 2023.
- GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, issued May 2020, provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. This statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosure regarding a SBITA. This statement will be effective for the District with its year ending June 30, 2023.
- GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans, issued June 2020, will result in more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans. This statement will also enhance the relevance, consistency and comparability of (1) the information related to Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and the benefits provided through those plans and (2) investment information for all Section 457 plans. Another objective of this statement is to increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform. This statement will be effective for the District with its year ending June 30, 2022.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 13. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements (Continued)

- GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, addresses a variety of topics and practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The new statement clarifies issues related to derivative instruments, leases, PPP and APA arrangements, SBITAs and various other topics. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Corporation is evaluating the impact that adoption of this Statement will have on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.
- GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections- Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, this Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The Corporation is evaluating the impact that adoption of this Statement will have on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.
- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, this Statement clarifies the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The Corporation is evaluating the impact that adoption of this Statement will have on its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The District's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the District's financial statements.

Note 14. Accounting Change/Restatement

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, Leases, was implemented as of July 1, 2021. The new requirements require the reporting of certain lease-related items, which were previously not reported. The result of these changes had the following effect on beginning net position of the governmental activities.

	Net Position Governmental Activities
June 30, 2021, as previously reported	\$ 455,786,865
Changes to implement GASBS No. 87	965,796
July 1, 2021, as restated	\$ 456,752,661

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

		June 30, 2022			
Total OPEB Liability:					
Service cost	\$	4,716,119	\$	5,863,578	
Interest		996,213		1,187,174	
Changes in benefit terms		-		-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		(16,561,012)	
Changes of assumptions and other inputs		(5,333,660)		4,066,409	
Contributions and payments made		(1,057,142)		(954,848)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		(678,470)		(6,398,699)	
Total OPEB liability, beginning		41,933,409		48,332,108	
Total OPEB liability, ending	<u> </u>	41,254,939	\$	41,933,409	
Covered - employee payroll	\$	272,686,768	\$	268,756,689	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		15.13 % 15			

Notes to schedule:

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the changes in the discount rate each period. The following are discount rates used in each period.

2017	3.58%
2018	3.87
2019	3.50
2020	2.21
2021	2.16
2022	3.54

The following are health care cost trend rates used in each period.

- 2017—7.00% for medical and prescription benefits and 4.50% for administrative fees, decreasing 0.50 per year to an ultimate rate of 4.50% for 2022 and later years.
- 2018—6.50% for medical and prescription benefits and 4.00% for administrative fees, decreasing 0.50 per year to an ultimate rate of 4.00% for 2022 and later years.
- 2019—6.00% for medical and prescription benefits and 4.50% for administrative fees, decreasing 0.50 per year to an ultimate rate of 4.00% for 2022 and later years.
- 2020—5.50% for medical and prescription benefits and 4.00% for administrative fees, decreasing 0.50 per year to an ultimate rate of 4.00% for 2022 and later years.
- 2021—5.00% for medical and prescription benefits and 4.00% for administrative fees, decreasing 0.50 per year to an ultimate rate of 4.00% for 2022 and later years.
- 2022—4.50% for medical and prescription benefits and 4.00% for administrative fees, decreasing 0.50 per year to an ultimate rate of 4.00% for 2022 and later years.

Note: No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires the presentation of 10 years of information. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years which information is available.

	June 30, J 2020		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018	*		
\$	5,809,199	\$	5,612,753	\$	6,736,438	\$	6,485,451	
	1,757,982		2,877,808		2,702,819		2,415,343	
	-		(4,273,106)		-		-	
	-		(16,056,500)	16,056,500) -			-	
	(2,729,718)		(10,863,757)	(10,863,757) (1,604,544)			(4,247,673)	
	(1,848,426)		(1,406,697)		(2,971,963)		(2,091,035)	
	2,989,037		(24,109,499)		4,862,750		2,562,086	
	45,343,071		69,452,570		64,589,820		62,027,734	
\$	48,332,108	\$	45,343,071	\$	69,452,570	\$	64,589,820	
\$	265,906,251	\$	265,893,659	\$	270,536,351	\$	262,230,859	
Ψ	200,000,201	Ψ	200,000,000	.00,000,000 \$ 210,000,		Ψ	202,200,000	
	18.18%		17.05%	17.05%			24.63%	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	6/30/2021	6/30/2020
District's proportion of the net pension liability	3.056310%	3.110417%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,284,675	\$ 216,974,929
District's covered payroll	\$ 248,176,597	\$ 244,576,229
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	1.73%	88.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	100.81%	82.90%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	
6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	•
3.176775%	3.267692%	3.171386%	3.180910%	3.109113%	2.990126%	
\$ 185,191,878	\$ 206,722,536	\$ 211,254,423	\$ 200,184,731	\$ 153,605,231	\$ 121,012,958	
\$ 243,397,763	\$ 245,660,552	\$ 236,726,377	\$ 228,344,150	\$ 213,014,784	\$ 199,662,244	
76.09%	84.15%	89.24%	87.67%	72.11%	60.61%	
85.45%	83.62%	82.21%	81.82%	85.19%	87.61%	

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Contributions Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System

					Actual
Fiscal					Contribution
Year	Actuarially		Contribution		as a Percentage
Ended	Determined	Actual	Deficiency	Covered	of Covered
June 30,	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2022	\$ 23,910,225	\$ 23,910,225	\$ -	\$ 253,286,282	9.44%
2021	23,440,204	23,440,204	-	248,176,597	9.44
2020	23,087,996	23,087,996	-	244,576,229	9.44
2019	22,976,746	22,976,746	-	243,397,763	9.44
2018	21,937,488	21,937,488	-	245,660,552	8.93
2017	21,139,663	21,139,663	-	236,726,377	8.93
2016	20,391,133	20,391,133	-	228,344,150	8.93
2015	19,022,220	19,022,220	-	213,014,784	8.93
2014	17,947,600	17,947,600	-	199,662,244	8.99
2013	16,364,515	16,364,515	-	N/A	N/A

N/A - information is not available for this fiscal year.

Note to Required Supplementary Information lowa Public Employees' Retirement System Year Ended June 30, 2022

The information presented in the required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the June 30, 2021 and 2020 actuarial valuations.

Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods:

June 30, 2021 Valuation:

None

June 30, 2020 Valuation:

None

June 30, 2019 Valuation:

None

June 30, 2018 Valuation:

- Mortality assumption was changed to the family of RP-2014 Mortality Tables for all groups, with mortality improvements modeled using Scale MP-2017.
- Retirement rates for Regular members were lowered to better reflect actual experience. For the Sheriffs and Deputies, the retirement assumption was modified to reflect lower retirement rates at the younger ages. For the Protection Occupation group, the retirement rates were modified both higher and lower across the age ranges.
- Disability rates were lowered for all groups to better reflect the actual experience.
- Termination rates for Regular members were adjusted to better reflect actual experience.
 Separate termination assumptions were adopted for the two Special Service groups and the assumptions were changed to be service-based rather than age-based.
- The probability of a vested member electing to receive a deferred benefit was adjusted for Regular members to better reflect actual experience.
- The merit component of the salary increase assumptions was adjusted to better reflect actual salary increases.

June 30, 2017 Valuation:

- The inflation assumption decreased from 3.00% to 2.60% per year.
- The assumed rate of interest on member accounts was decreased from 3.75% to 3.50% per year.
- The long-term rate of return assumption decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% per year.
- The wage growth and payroll growth assumption decreased from 4.00% to 3.25% per year.
- Salary increase assumption decreased by 0.75%.

June 30, 2016 Valuation:

None

June 30, 2015 Valuation:

None

Note to Required Supplementary Information lowa Public Employees' Retirement System Year Ended June 30, 2022

June 30, 2014 Valuation:

- The inflation assumption decreased from 3.25% to 3.00% per year.
- The assumed rate of interest on member accounts was decreased from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Male mortality rates for Regular members were adjusted:
 - State males were changed to the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table using generational mortality projections with no age adjustment.
 - School males were changed to the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table using generational mortality projections with a 1-year age set back and rates decreased by 5% below age 75.
 - o Other males were changed to the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table using generational mortality projections with no age adjustment.
- Retirement rates were reduced for Sheriffs and Deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Beginning June 30, 2014, the Amortization Method amortizes the June 30, 2014 UAL as a level percentage of payroll over a closed 30-year period. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL will result in the establishment of new amortization bases. The future bases arising from plan experience will be amortized over a closed 20-year period beginning on the date the base is established. The amortization period for changes in the UAL due to plan amendments and assumption changes will be determined by the Investment Board at the time they occur.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Net Pension (Asset) Des Moines Teachers' Retirement System

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total Pension Liability				
Interest	\$ 10,241,022	\$ 10,941,085	\$ 10,491,563	\$ 9,850,960
Service cost	1,703,282	2,420,781	2,506,661	2,662,665
Benefit payments	(25,148,956) (18,676,083) (18,641,113)	(19,246,304)
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	9,060,737	(3,945,498) (3,155,225)	16,672,458
Changes in assumptions	555,206	(2,702,051) 18,847,928	4,071,232
Unadjusted difference to statement				
of net position		-	-	
Net change in total				
pension liability	(3,588,709) (11,961,766) 10,049,814	14,011,011
Total pension liability—beginning				
of year	239,301,107	251,262,873	241,213,064	227,202,054
Total pension liability—end of year	\$ 235,712,398	\$ 239,301,107	\$ 251,262,878	\$ 241,213,065
rotal perision liability—end of year	Ψ 233,7 12,330	Ψ 239,301,107	Ψ 231,202,070	Ψ 241,210,000
Plan Net Position				
Contributions—employer	\$ 940,505	\$ 1,336,348	\$ 1,383,617	\$ 1,561,342
Contributions—members	762,777	1,084,433	1,123,044	1,101,323
Investment income, net of				
investment expenses	(22,041,950) 23,573,457	12,010,385	17,530,073
Benefit payments	(25,148,956) (18,676,083)) (18,641,113)	(19,246,305)
Administrative expenses	(94,023	(131,181	(93,792)	(103,014)
Net change in plan		,	,	,
net position	(45,581,647	7,186,974	(4,217,859)	843,419
Total plan net position—beginning				
of year	240,646,572	233,459,598	237,677,457	236,834,038
Total plan not position, and of war-	¢ 405.064.005	¢ 240 646 572	Ф 222 4E0 E00	Ф 007 677 <i>45</i> 7
Total plan net position—end of year	\$ 195,064,925	\$ 240,646,572	\$ 233,459,598	\$ 237,677,457
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 40,647,473	\$ (1,345,465) \$ 17,783,280	\$ 3,535,608

2018	2017	2016		2015		2014		2013
\$ 10,600,709 3,093,833 (16,736,075)	\$ 11,061,733 3,170,939 (16,737,133)	\$ 13,296,891 3,406,928 (16,089,811)	\$	11,540,872 3,540,132 (15,741,167)	\$	10,694,208 3,486,593 (15,527,208)	\$	11,114,714 3,378,539 (14,784,760)
454,936 (205,296)	(659,353) (6,051,814)	4,733,074 -		- -		(2,173,638) 12,834,761		548,767 -
 -	-	-		(2,395,304)		-		
(2,791,893)	(9,215,628)	5,347,082		(3,055,467)		9,314,716		257,260
229,993,947	239,209,575	233,862,493		236,917,960		227,603,244		227,345,984
\$ 227,202,054	\$ 229,993,947	\$ 239,209,575	\$	233,862,493	\$	236,917,960	\$	227,603,244
\$ 1,707,565 1,386,268 5,467,803 (16,736,075) (89,897)	\$ 1,809,156 1,383,568 8,976,669 (16,737,133) (86,307)	\$ 1,880,180 1,526,748 15,786,080 (16,089,811) (92,792)	\$	1,940,452 1,599,680 9,342,942 (15,741,167) (197,373)	\$	1,766,655 1,719,938 20,652,265 (15,527,208) (201,969)	\$	1,707,967 1,670,572 5,954,025 (14,784,760) (307,487)
(8,264,336)	(4,654,047)	3,010,405		(3,055,466)		8,409,681		(5,759,683)
245,098,374	249,752,421	246,742,016		249,797,482		241,387,802		247,147,485
\$ 236,834,038	\$ 245,098,374	\$ 249,752,421	\$	246,742,016	\$	249,797,483	\$	241,387,802
\$ (9,631,984)	\$ (15,104,427)	\$ (10,542,846)	\$	(12,879,523)	\$	(12,879,523)	\$	(13,784,558)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Des Moines Teachers' Retirement System

	2022 2021 2020		2020	2019			
Total pension liability—end of year Plan net position—end of year	\$ 235,712,398 195,064,925	\$	239,301,107 240,646,572	\$	251,262,878 233,479,598	\$	241,213,065 237,677,458
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ 40,647,473	\$	(1,345,465)	\$	17,783,280	\$	3,535,607
Plan net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	82.8%		100.6%		92.9%		98.5%
Covered payroll	\$ 11,548,370	\$	12,193,164	\$	17,693,180	\$	18,197,426
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	342.3%		(11.0)%		100.5%		19.4%

2018	2017	2016	2015 2014		2013	
\$ 227,202,054 236,834,038	\$ 229,993,947 245,098,374	\$ 239,209,575 249,752,421	\$ 233,862,493 246,742,016	\$	236,917,960 249,797,483	\$ 227,603,244 241,387,802
\$ (9,631,984)	\$ (15,104,427)	\$ (10,542,846)	\$ (12,879,523)	\$	(12,879,523)	\$ (13,784,558)
104.2%	106.6%	104.4%	105.5%		105.4%	106.1%
\$ 20,381,987	\$ 19,420,566	\$ 19,971,785	\$ 25,125,460	\$	26,211,873	\$ 27,639,623
(47.3)%	(77.8)%	(52.8)%	(51.2)%		(49.1)%	(49.9)%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Money-Weighted Rate of Return Des Moines Teachers' Retirement System

Plan year ended June 30:	
2013	2.5
2014	8.8
2015	3.8
2016	6.6
2017	3.7
2018	2.3
2019	7.7
2020	5.2
2021	10.5
2022	(9.6)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions From the District Des Moines Teachers' Retirement System

Plan Year Ended June 30,		nual Required Contribution	C	Actual Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Co	overed Payroll	Actual Contributions as a Percent of Covered Payroll
2013	\$	1,707,967	\$	1,707,967	\$	_	\$	27,639,623	6.2%
2014	*	1,766,655	*	1,766,655	Ψ.	-	•	26,211,873	6.7
2015		1,940,452		1,940,452		-		25,125,460	7.7
2016		1,880,180		1,880,180		-		19,971,785	9.4
2017		1,750,905		1,750,905		-		19,420,566	9.0
2018		1,707,565		1,707,565		-		20,381,987	8.4
2019		1,561,342		1,561,342		-		18,197,426	8.6
2020		1,383,617		1,383,617		-		17,693,180	7.8
2021		1,336,348		1,336,348		-		12,193,164	11.0
2022		940,505		940,505		-		11,548,370	8.1

Note to Required Supplementary Information Des Moines Teachers' Retirement System Year Ended June 30, 2022

The information presented in the required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation.

Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods:

June 30, 2022 Valuation:

None

June 30, 2021 Valuation:

The mortality improvement scale was changed to MP-2020

June 30, 2020 Valuation:

 The mortality tables used changed to Pub-2010 Mortality Tables for Teachers with projection using scale MP-2019

June 30, 2019 Valuation:

• The mortality improvement scale was changed to MP-2019

June 30, 2018 Valuation:

None

June 30, 2017 Valuation:

- The discount rate was changed from 4.75% to 4.5%
- The mortality improvement scale was changed to MP-2017

June 30, 2016 Valuation:

The mortality improvement scale was changed to MP-2016

June 30, 2015 Valuation:

- The discount rate was changed from 3.5-4.5% to 4.75%
- The mortality improvement scale was changed to MP-2015

June 30, 2014 Valuation:

The mortality improvement scale was changed to MP-2014

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule All Governmental Funds, Enterprise Funds and Private Purpose Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Actual					
	Governmental Fund Types		Enterprise Funds		Total	
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$	177,464,949	\$	3,381,081	\$	180,846,030
Intermediate sources		814,975		-		814,975
State sources		304,494,999		168,389		304,663,388
Federal sources		57,514,582		23,178,596		80,693,178
Total revenues		540,289,505		26,728,066		567,017,571
Expenditures/Expenses:						
Instruction		273,427,727		25,080		273,452,807
Support services		179,857,939		19,525,769		199,383,708
Noninstructional		3,437,405		-		3,437,405
Other		72,527,295		3,343,267		75,870,562
Total expenditures/expenses		529,250,366		22,894,116		552,144,482
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures/expenses		11,039,139		3,833,950		14,873,089
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		4,006,568		-		4,006,568
Issuance of refunding bonds		66,335,000		-		66,335,000
Premium on bonds		9,591,519		-		9,591,519
Transfers in		105,938,105		-		105,938,105
Transfers out		(106,430,718)		1,664,731		(104,765,987)
Payment to escrow for refunded bonds		(75,710,000)		(1,172,118)		(76,882,118)
Net change in fund						
balances/net position	\$	14,769,613	\$	4,326,563	\$	19,096,176

Note: Capital project expenditures have been classified according to function for budgetary comparison purposes.

	Bu	_		
	Original	Final		Final Budget to Actual Variance
\$	169,845,216 622,000 308,394,627 60,876,046	\$ 169,845,216 622,000 308,394,627 60,876,046	\$	11,000,814 192,975 (3,731,239) 19,817,132
	539,737,889	539,737,889		27,279,682
_	283,553,293 168,392,566 25,471,638 76,759,532 554,177,029 (14,439,140)	289,553,293 193,392,566 27,471,638 152,759,532 663,177,029 (123,439,140)		(16,100,486) 5,991,142 (24,034,233) (76,888,970) (111,032,547)
	- - - 24,093,997 (24,093,997)	- - - 24,093,997 (24,093,997)		4,006,568 66,335,000 9,591,519 105,938,105 (128,859,984) (52,788,121)
\$	(14,439,140)	\$ (123,439,140)	\$	142,535,316

Note to Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The District operates within the budget requirements for school districts as specified by state law and as prescribed by the lowa Department of Management. Budgets are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

For the fiscal year beginning July 1, a proposed budget is adopted by the Board and filed with the County Auditor no later than April 15. The budget is certified by the County Auditor to the Department of Management.

Once adopted, the budget can be amended by the Board. The amendment must be published and a public hearing conducted prior to the amendment. Any amendments must be certified to the County Auditor no later than May 31. The proposed expenditure budget is advertised in the local newspaper, together with a notice of public hearing.

The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the functional area for budgeted governmental, enterprise, and private purpose trust funds in total, rather than by individual fund type. Formal and legal budgetary control is based on four major classes of expenditures known as functional areas. These four functional areas are instruction, support services, noninstructional programs and other expenditures. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District was below budget in instructional programs, noninstructional programs and other expenditures. Code of Iowa also provides that District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. Authorized expenditures cannot exceed the lesser of the certified budget plus any allowable amendments, or the authorized budget, which is the sum of the District's cost for that year plus the actual miscellaneous income received for that year plus the actual unspent balance from the preceding year. Appropriations as adopted and amended lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

During the year, one budget amendment increased allowable budgeted expenditures by \$109,000,000.

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of media, educational services and special education support provided through the local area education agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$15,405,608 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Student Activity Funds</u>: This fund accounts for transactions that occur due to student-related activities from groups and organizations such as athletic and activity events, fundraising and other extracurricular or cocurricular activities.

<u>District Supported Trust</u>: This fund accounts for transactions that are received in trust in which both the principal and interest earned can be used to support the District.

Capital Projects Funds

Accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Physical Plant and Equipment Levy (PPEL): This capital projects fund is authorized by Iowa Code Section 298.2 and accounts for transactions related to the improvement of facilities and grounds, construction of schoolhouses, certain equipment expenditures and other expenditures authorized in Iowa Code Section 298.3.

<u>Public Education and Recreation Levy (PERL)</u>: This fund is authorized by Iowa Code Section 300.2 and accounts for transactions related to schoolhouse playgrounds and recreational activities within the District. This fund also accounts for community education activity.

Combining Balance Sheet All Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

		Special Revenue				
		District Supported Trust				
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$	1,158,633	\$	1,061,673		
Restricted investments		-		1,769,603		
Property taxes receivable—current year		-		-		
Property taxes receivable—succeeding year		-		-		
Other receivables		731		-		
Prepaid items		-		-		
Total assets	\$	1,159,364	\$	2,831,276		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	130,404	\$	156,808		
Accrued payroll		-		-		
Other current liabilities		-		7,549		
Due to other governments		1,185		-		
Total liabilities		131,589		164,357		
Deferred inflows of resources, succeeding year,						
property taxes		-		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		-		-		
Restricted	_	1,027,775		2,666,919		
Total fund balances		1,027,775		2,666,919		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources						
and fund balances	\$	1,159,364	\$	2,831,276		

	Capital	_			
	Public				Total
P	Physical Plant	E	Education and		Nonmajor
aı	nd Equipment		Recreation		Governmental
	Levy		Levy		Funds
\$	13,930,960	\$	2,190,066	\$	18,341,332
	-		-		1,769,603
	81,905		7,754		89,659
	16,760,096		1,190,112		17,950,208
	100,000		5		100,736
	408,866		-		408,866
\$	31,281,827	\$	3,387,937	\$	38,660,404
<u> </u>	0.,20.,02.	<u> </u>	0,00.,00.	<u> </u>	00,000,101
\$	1,393,789	\$	94,324	\$	1,775,325
	-		1,847		1,847
	82,087		-		89,636
	-		-		1,185
	1,475,876		96,171		1,867,993
	16,760,096		1,190,112		17,950,208
	16,760,096		1,190,112		17,950,208
	408,866		-		408,866
	12,636,989		2,101,654		18,433,337
	13,045,855		2,101,654		18,842,203
\$	31,281,827	\$	3,387,937	\$	38,660,404

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances All Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Special Revenue				
		Student Activity				
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -			
Other local sources		17,325	64,963			
Federal sources		-	-			
Investment earnings		1,085	368,241			
Student activities		1,766,554	-			
Total revenues		1,784,964	433,204			
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction		1,732,525	47,109			
Instructional support services		-	3,951			
Building administration		-	-			
Business and central administration		-	-			
Plant operation and maintenance		-	2,500			
Student transportation		-	198,714			
Noninstructional		-	-			
Miscellaneous		-	-			
Capital outlay		-	-			
Total expenditures		1,732,525	252,274			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		52,439	180,930			
Other financing sources (uses), transfers out		-	-			
Proceeds from sale of capital asset		-	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-			
Net change in fund balances		52,439	180,930			
Fund balances, beginning of year		975,336	2,485,989			
Fund balances, end of year	_\$	1,027,775	\$ 2,666,919			

Capital	_			
Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Equipment Recreation			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 16,270,407 2,143,167 23 19,121	\$	1,182,355 25,737 - - -	\$	17,452,762 2,251,192 23 388,447 1,766,554
 18,432,718		1,208,092		21,858,978
92,968		63,437		1,936,039
-		-		3,951
-		17,736		17,736
3,158,728		70,781		3,229,509
552,381		-		554,881
2,034,276		-		2,232,990
-		170,309		170,309
-		-		-
 4,948,373		668,921		5,617,294
 10,786,726		991,184		13,762,709
7,645,992		216,908		8,096,269
(2,613,451)		-		(2,613,451)
 3,978,316		-		3,978,316
 1,364,865		-		1,364,865
9,010,857		216,908		9,461,134
4,034,998		1,884,746		9,381,069
\$ 13,045,855	\$	2,101,654	\$	18,842,203

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the District has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

School Nutrition Fund

This fund accounts for transactions related to the school lunch, breakfast and summer food programs authorized by Iowa Code Section 283A.

Child Care Fund

This fund accounts for transactions for before and after school child care and summer child care programs authorized by Iowa Code Sections 298A.12 and 279.49.

Home Construction Fund

This fund accounts for transactions for the home building activity performed by students as part of their instructional or extracurricular program. This fund also accounts for the sale of those homes.

Automotive Fund

This fund accounts for transactions for the service and repair of automobiles performed by students as part of their instructional or extracurricular program.

Farm to Market Ag Store Fund

This fund accounts for transactions from the student operated ag store as part of their instruction or extracurricular program.

Combining Statement of Net Position All Nonmajor Enterprise Funds June 30, 2022

	School Nutrition	Child Care	Home Construction
Assets		J J	000
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,331,966	\$ 595,588	\$ 116,148
Other receivables, net	32,454	1,185,959	-
Due from other governments	712,814	-	-
Inventories	 836,575	-	-
Total current assets	 2,913,809	1,781,547	116,148
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Nondepreciable	-	-	9,499
Depreciable, net	 1,457,690	-	-
Total noncurrent assets	 1,457,690	-	9,499
Total assets	 4,371,499	1,781,547	125,647
Deferred Outflow of Resources			
Pension related amounts	1,186,658	490,072	
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	210,732	34,415	-
Accrued payroll	67,766	60,292	-
Unearned revenue	137,256	771,405	-
Compensated absences	222,931	76,929	-
Total current liabilities	638,685	943,041	-
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	107,238	598	-
Net pension liability	533,585	753,218	-
Total noncurrent liabilities	640,823	753,816	-
Total liabilities	 1,279,508	1,696,857	-
Deferred Inflow of Resources			
Pension related amounts	5,353,797	1,893,343	-
Net Position (Deficit)			
Investment in capital assets	1,457,690	-	9,499
Unrestricted (deficit)	(2,532,838)	(1,318,581)	116,148
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (1,075,148)	\$ (1,318,581)	\$ 125,647

		Farm to Market					
	Automotive		Ag Store	Total			
Φ.	00.000	•	4.070	•	0.444.000		
\$	66,308	\$	1,972	\$	2,111,982		
	-		-		1,218,413		
	-		-		712,814 836,575		
	66,308		1,972		4,879,784		
	00,000		1,072		4,010,104		
	_		-		9,499		
	5,061		-		1,462,751		
	5,061		-		1,472,250		
	_						
	71,369		1,972		6,352,034		
	-		-		1,676,730		
	2 610		236		249 001		
	2,618		230		248,001 128,058		
	_		_		908,661		
	_		_		299,860		
-	2,618		236		1,584,580		
	_,0.0				.,00.,000		
	_		-		107,836		
	-		-		1,286,803		
	-		-		1,394,639		
	2,618		236		2,979,219		
	-		-		7,247,140		
	5,061				1,472,250		
	63,690		- 1,736		(3,669,845)		
	03,090		1,730		(5,008,045)		
\$	68,751	\$	1,736	\$	(2,197,595)		
_							

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position (Deficit) All Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

		School Nutrition	Child Care	Home Construction	
Operating revenues:					
Student activities	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Charges for services:					
Sale of food		416,188		-	-
Child care		-		2,875,880	-
Total operating revenues		416,188		2,875,880	-
Operating expenses:					
Instruction		-		25,080	-
Student services		19,484,241		-	-
Depreciation		300,427		-	-
Community services		-		3,041,732	-
Total operating expenses		19,784,668		3,066,812	-
Operating income (loss)		(19,368,480)		(190,932)	-
Nonoperating revenues:					
Other local sources		76,393		-	-
State sources		126,189		42,200	-
Federal sources		22,131,914		1,046,682	-
Total nonoperating revenues	-	22,334,496		1,088,882	-
Transfers in		124,532		1,540,199	_
Transfers out		(1,172,118)		-	_
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,047,586)		1,540,199	-
Change in net position		1,918,430		2,438,149	-
Total net position (deficit), beginning of year		(2,993,578)		(3,756,730)	125,647
Total net position (deficit), end of year	_\$	(1,075,148)	\$	(1,318,581)	\$ 125,647

Automotive	Farm to Market Ag Store	Total
\$ 8,121	\$ 4,499	\$ 12,620
- -		416,188 2,875,880
8,121	4,499	3,304,688
-	-	25,080
12,717	28,811	19,525,769
1,108	-	301,535
 -	-	3,041,732
 13,825	28,811	22,894,116
(5,704)	(24,312)	(19,589,428)
-	-	76,393
-	-	168,389
 -	-	23,178,596
-	-	23,423,378
-	-	1,664,731
-	-	(1,172,118)
-	-	492,613
(5,704)	(24,312)	4,326,563
74,455	26,048	(6,524,158)
\$ 68,751	\$ 1,736	\$ (2,197,595)

Combining Statement of Cash Flows All Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

		School				Home
		Nutrition		Child Care		Construction
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from user charges	\$	475,971	\$	2,770,485	\$	-
Cash payments to employees for services		(9,557,928)		(2,891,198)		-
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(9,005,614)		(306,268)		-
Net cash used in operating activities		(18,087,571)		(426,981)		-
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Payments from other funds		-		(1,606,512)		-
Payments to other funds		(307,859)				-
Grants and donations received		20,969,508		1,088,882		-
Transfers in		(1,172,118)				-
Transfers out		-		1,540,199		-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing						
activities		19,489,531		1,022,569		_
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities,						
Acquisition of capital assets		(71,435)		_		_
Net cash provided by noncapital financing		(71,400)				
activities		(71,435)		_		_
National (desires) in each and each		, . ,				
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash		4 220 525		505 500		
equivalents		1,330,525		595,588		-
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,441		-		116,148
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,331,966	\$	595,588	\$	116,148
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by (used in) operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(19,368,480)	\$	(190,932)	\$	-
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash		, , , ,		, ,		
used in operating activities:						
Depreciation		300,427		_		_
Commodities used		1,155,566		_		_
Changes in assets and liabilities:		,,				
Receivables		72,363		(267,083)		_
Prepaid items		(56,316)		-		_
Inventories		-		_		_
Accounts payable and due to other governments		193,723		4,675		_
Unearned revenue		(12,580)		161,688		_
Accrued liabilities and compensated absences		28,759		(75,285)		_
Net pension liability		(5,487,408)		(1,595,177)		_
Deferred outflows of resources		492,493		100,568		_
Deferred inflows of resources		4,593,882		1,434,565		-
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(18,087,571)	\$	(426,981)	\$	_
		(.0,001,011)	Ψ	(.20,001)	*	
Noncash items:						
Noncapital financing activities, commodities received from U.S. Department of Agriculture	¢	1,155,566	\$	_	Ф	
nom 0.5. Department of Agriculture	φ	1, 100,000	\$		φ	

			Farm to Market		
	Automotive		Ag Store		Total
\$	8,121	\$	4,499	\$	3,259,076
	-		-		(12,449,126)
	(10,179)		(30,004)		(9,352,065)
	(2,058)		(25,505)		(18,542,115)
	_		-		(1,606,512)
	-		_		(307,859)
	-		_		22,058,390
	-		_		(1,172,118)
	-		-		1,540,199
	-		-		20,512,100
					_
	-		-		(71,435)
	-		-		(71,435)
	(2,058)		(25,505)		1,898,550
	68,366		27,477		213,432
\$	66,308	\$	1,972	\$	2,111,982
\$	(5,704)	\$	(24,312)	\$	(19,589,428)
Ψ	(3,704)	Ψ	(24,312)	Ψ	(19,509,420)
	1,108		-		301,535
	-		-		1,155,566
					(404.700)
	-		-		(194,720)
	-		-		(56,316)
	2,538		(1,193)		199,743
	-,555		-		149,108
	_		-		(46,526)
	_		-		(7,082,585)
	-		-		593,061
	-		-		6,028,447
\$	(2,058)	\$	(25,505)	\$	(18,542,115)
\$		\$	-	\$	1,155,566

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The internal service funds are used to account for goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the District on a cost reimbursement basis.

Self-Insurance Fund

This fund accounts for transactions for self-insured health insurances including medical, dental, prescription and vision received by District employees in which the District is responsible for paying all claims and administrative costs attributable to the insurances listed in Note 1.

Risk Management Fund

This fund accounts for transactions for certain insurances including life and disability received by District employees in which the District is responsible for paying all premiums as specified attributable to the insurances listed in Note 1.

Print Shop Fund

This fund accounts for transactions for print shop and copying services.

Combining Statement of Net Position All Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022

			Risk		
	5	Self-Insurance	Management	Print Shop	Total
Assets			-		
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,858,161	\$ 476,745	\$ -	\$ 26,334,906
Other receivables		1,584	-	22	1,606
Due from other governments		365,458	-	-	365,458
Due other funds		246,569	-	8,630	255,199
Inventories		-	-	125,125	125,125
Total current assets		26,471,772	476,745	133,777	27,082,294
Noncurrent assets,					
Depreciable capital assets, net		-	-	22,965	22,965
Right-to-use leased equipment, net		-	-	1,164,652	1,164,652
Total noncurrent assets		-	-	1,187,617	1,187,617
Total assets		26,471,772	476,745	1,321,394	28,269,911
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable		-	102,645	31,983	134,628
Claims payable		5,238,196	-	· <u>-</u>	5,238,196
Accrued payroll		230,861	156,632	13,026	400,519
Due to other governments		529,310	-	-	529,310
Lease liability		· -	-	490,653	490,653
Advance from other funds		-	-	246,569	246,569
Compensated absences		-	-	16,031	16,031
Due to other funds		9,375,615	-	-	9,375,615
Unearned revenue		46,944	-	-	46,944
Other		62,366	-	75	62,441
Total current liabilities		15,483,292	259,277	798,337	16,540,906
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Lease liability, net of current position		_	_	672,175	672,175
Compensated absences		_	_	5,364	5,364
Total noncurrent liabilities		-	-	677,539	677,539
Total liabilities		15,483,292	259,277	1,475,876	17,218,445
Net Position					
Investment in capital assets		_	_	22,965	22,965
Unrestricted (deficit)		10,988,480	217,468	(177,447)	11,028,501
Total net position (deficit)	_\$	10,988,480	\$ 217,468	\$ (154,482)	\$ 11,051,466

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position All Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Risk		
	S	elf-Insurance	Management	Print Shop	Total
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services:					
Employee benefits	\$	70,547,660	\$ 942,968	\$ - \$	71,490,628
Miscellaneous		-	-	1,694,989	1,694,989
Total operating revenues		70,547,660	942,968	1,694,989	73,185,617
Operating expenses:					
Claims and related costs		70,012,854	934,434	-	70,947,288
Depreciation and amortization		-	-	485,478	485,478
Miscellaneous		664	-	1,368,311	1,368,975
Total operating expenses		70,013,518	934,434	1,853,789	72,801,741
Operating income (loss)		534,142	8,534	(158,800)	383,876
Nonoperating expenses:					
Interest		-	-	(47,043)	(47,043)
Change in net position		534,142	8,534	(205,843)	336,833
Total net position, beginning of year		10,454,338	208,934	51,361	10,714,633
Total net position, end of year	\$	10,988,480	\$ 217,468	\$ (154,482) \$	11,051,466

Combining Statement of Cash Flows All Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	S	elf-Insurance	ľ	Risk Management		Print Shop	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from user charges Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers for	\$	70,594,604 -	\$	942,968 -	\$	1,694,989 (496,133)	\$ 73,232,561 (496,133)
goods and services		(69,533,758)		(829,477)		(677,757)	(71,040,992)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		1,060,846		113,491		521,099	1,695,436
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Payments from other funds Payments to other funds		- 5,606		- -		- -	- 5,606
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		5,606		-		-	5,606
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Lease agreements - principal Lease agreements - Interest Acquisition of capital assets		- - -		- - -		(474,701) (47,043) (7,985)	(474,701) (47,043) (7,985)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		-		-		(529,729)	(529,729)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,066,452		113,491		(8,630)	1,171,313
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		24,791,709		363,254		8,630	25,163,593
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	25,858,161	\$	476,745	\$		\$ 26,334,906
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by	\$	534,142	\$	8,534	\$	(158,800)	\$ 383,876
operating activities: Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities:		-		-		485,478	485,478
Other receivables and due from other governments Inventories Accounts payable and due to other governments Claims payable Unearned revenue		279,387 - 115,450 (145,938) 46,944		- 102,645 - -		(5,125) 8,527 183,106 -	274,262 8,527 401,201 (145,938) 46,944
Accrued liabilities		230,861		2,312		7,913	241,086
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	1,060,846	\$	113,491	\$	521,099	\$ 1,695,436

Statistical Section Contents

The statistical section of the District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	102 - 117
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax (or sales tax).	118 - 124
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current level of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	125 - 130
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	131 - 132
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	133 - 155

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

Net Position By Component Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis Of Accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year										
		2013		2014		2015		2016			
Governmental activities:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$	373,455,547	\$	385,508,379	\$	403,601,966	\$	409,270,357			
Restricted		28,273,606		27,692,220		28,487,506		36,241,306			
Unrestricted		50,099,198		55,256,442		(73,620,226)		(77,773,524)			
Total governmental											
activities net position	\$	451,828,351	\$	468,457,041	\$	358,469,246	\$	367,738,139			
Business-type activities:											
Investment in capital assets	\$	2,002,716	\$	2,035,725	\$	2,233,660	\$	2,411,601			
Restricted	·	-	·	-		, , , <u>-</u>	·	-			
Unrestricted		321,461		1,614,094		(3,097,678)		(1,905,390)			
Total business-type						, , , , , ,					
activities net position	\$	2,324,177	\$	3,649,819	\$	(864,018)	\$	506,211			
Primary government:											
Net investment in capital assets	\$	375,458,263	\$	387,544,104	\$	405,835,626	\$	411,681,958			
Restricted		28,273,606		27,692,220		28,487,506		36,241,306			
Unrestricted		50,420,659		56,870,536		(76,717,904)		(79,678,914)			
Total primary government		•		· · ·		, , , , , ,		, , , , ,			
net position	\$	454,152,528	\$	472,106,860	\$	357,605,228	\$	368,244,350			

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Note: The District adopted GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71 in fiscal year 2015. Although beginning net position on the basic financial statements was restated, this schedule has not been adjusted for years prior to 2015.

Note: The District adopted GASB Statement Nos. 75 in fiscal year 2017. Although beginning net position on the basic financial statements was restated, this schedule has not been adjusted for years prior to 2017.

Fiscal Year												
2017	2017 2018			2018 2019 2020				2021		2022		
\$ 424,605,987 38,432,829 (122,405,143)	\$	441,037,719 34,985,107 (143,143,029)	\$	459,486,214 28,677,324 (135,755,065)	\$	424,580,383 77,701,519 (121,062,299)	\$	431,069,588 100,034,357 (75,317,080)	\$	454,935,481 112,513,490 (38,233,173)		
\$ 340,633,673	\$	332,879,797	\$	352,408,473	\$	381,219,603	\$	455,786,865	\$	529,215,798		
\$ 2,522,174	\$	2,370,341	\$	2,445,207	\$	2,183,983	\$	1,702,350	\$	1,472,250		
(1,532,493)		(2,119,809)		(2,804,738)		- (4,752,782)		(8,226,508)		(3,669,845)		
\$ 989,681	\$	250,532	\$	(359,531)	\$	(2,568,799)	\$	(6,524,158)	\$	(2,197,595)		
\$ 427,128,161 38,432,829 (123,937,636)	\$	443,408,060 34,985,107 (145,262,838)	\$	461,931,421 28,677,324 (138,559,803)	\$	426,764,366 77,701,519 (125,815,081)	\$	432,771,938 100,034,357 (83,543,588)	\$	456,407,731 112,513,490 (41,903,018)		
\$ 341,623,354	\$	333,130,329	\$	352,048,942	\$	378,650,804	\$	449,262,707	\$	527,018,203		

Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense) Revenue Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
		2013		2014		2015		2016
Expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
Instructional	\$	258,926,988	\$	269,507,255	\$	275,533,672	\$	285,545,061
Student services		20,673,660		21,897,132		23,458,269		23,906,378
Instructional support services		12,021,171		13,454,781		15,425,505		23,602,238
General administration		5,186,473		6,199,577		7,383,479		8,571,037
Building administration		18,779,363		19,406,283		21,862,042		23,089,264
Business and central administration		9,892,503		14,198,791		17,476,884		17,624,834
Plant operation and maintenance		34,339,085		39,242,957		39,177,136		39,189,530
Student transportation		11,151,818		13,022,397		12,735,357		12,982,765
Noninstructional		2,904,231		2,171,793		3,991,896		7,497,669
AEA support		12,235,407		13,086,762		13,829,063		13,974,996
Interest and issuance costs on long-term debt		7,368,345		6,216,637		7,291,619		6,758,235
Total governmental activities expenses		393,479,044		418,404,365		438,164,922		462,742,007
Business-type activities:								
School nutrition		15,869,943		16,888,843		18,413,290		19,257,934
Child care		3,589,842		3,804,322		3,455,013		3,911,144
Other		32,246		47,399		29,958		32,125
Total business-type activities expenses		19,492,031		20,740,564		21,898,261		23,201,203
Total primary government expenses	\$	412,971,075	\$	439,144,929	\$	460,063,183	\$	485,943,210
Program revenues:								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
Instruction	\$	9,694,289	\$	9,796,930	\$	8,118,482	\$	10,242,839
Support services		13,396,056		14,256,785		14,997,758		14,870,394
Operating grants and contributions		76,875,344		73,477,654		81,089,328		89,892,845
Capital grants and contributions				13,668		84,894		101,867
Total governmental activities program revenues		99,965,689		97,545,037		104,290,462		115,107,945

(Continued)

		Fisca	al Ye	ar		
2017	2018	2019		2020	2021	2022
\$ 299,588,285	\$ 314,831,138	\$ 305,170,678	\$	304,894,704	\$ 303,488,319	\$ 251,459,003
25,416,663	29,403,392	31,051,113		29,597,270	41,542,610	37,694,571
26,269,291	26,859,782	26,819,051		22,014,167	25,444,494	28,781,319
8,078,756	10,643,955	8,113,785		9,937,242	8,825,277	8,235,575
24,415,186	23,840,018	22,469,805		26,198,838	28,064,669	29,735,063
18,899,917	17,079,473	19,943,140		18,523,911	28,889,181	22,072,137
38,016,319	41,362,030	43,506,348		44,204,184	42,911,867	51,145,290
14,155,962	15,199,931	14,242,627		14,517,845	11,519,467	14,153,956
3,414,227	4,982,212	936,462		2,567,160	2,064,361	4,122,574
14,162,548	14,751,903	14,914,998		15,108,730	15,424,026	15,405,608
5,564,932	5,676,396	6,350,435		5,837,889	4,616,535	8,247,093
477,982,086	504,630,230	493,518,442		493,401,940	512,790,806	471,052,189
20,596,296	20,594,344	20,098,310		20,630,266	17,560,332	19,784,668
4,829,288	5,843,523	5,589,519		4,774,139	3,132,635	3,066,812
25,452	39,050	47,036		36,608	206,529	42,636
25,451,036	26,476,917	25,734,865		25,441,013	20,899,496	22,894,116
\$ 503,433,122	\$ 531,107,147	\$ 519,253,307	\$	518,842,953	\$ 533,690,302	\$ 493,946,305
\$ 10,662,079	\$ 10,680,233	\$ 20,189,225	\$	20,176,931	\$ 17,999,849	\$ 20,492,892
15,240,574	15,631,811	15,713,866		15,424,425	15,572,754	15,766,752
93,119,480	95,083,902	86,167,139		90,407,871	146,867,423	115,933,911
		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>	
119,022,133	121,395,946	122,070,230		126,009,227	180,440,026	152,193,555

Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense) Revenue (Continued) Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

		Fisca	al Ye	ear	
	2013	2014		2015	2016
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
School nutrition	\$ 2,743,057	\$ 2,753,299	\$	2,131,101	\$ 1,926,629
Child care	3,465,978	3,799,779		3,904,107	4,369,310
Other	62,249	53,245		30,043	32,029
Operating grants and contributions	13,801,050	14,772,639		17,127,503	18,243,464
Capital grants and contributions	-	9,365		-	-
Total business-type program revenues	20,072,334	21,388,327		23,192,754	24,571,432
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 120,038,023	\$ 118,933,364	\$	127,483,216	\$ 139,679,377
Net (expense) revenue:					
Governmental activities	\$ (293,513,355)	\$ (320,859,328)	\$	(333,874,460)	\$ (347,634,062)
Business-type activities	 580,303	647,763		1,294,493	1,370,229
Total primary government net expense	\$ (292,933,052)	\$ (320,211,565)	\$	(332,579,967)	\$ (346,263,833)

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Note: The District adopted GASB Statement Nos. 68 and 71 in fiscal year 2015. Although beginning net position on the basic financial statements was restated, this schedule has not been adjusted for years prior to 2015.

Note: The District adopted GASB Statement Nos. 75 in fiscal year 2017. Although beginning net position on the basic financial statements was restated, this schedule has not been adjusted for years prior to 2017.

H	isca	ΙY	ear

2017		2017 2018		2018 2019 2020			2020		2021		2022		
\$	1,810,790	\$	1,809,975	\$	1,514,195	\$	915,037	\$	255,769	\$	492,581		
	4,858,437		5,699,860		5,386,885		3,204,779		1,499,313		2,875,880		
	43,523		37,593		38,904		22,092		41,181		12,620		
	19,222,218		19,333,214		19,297,198		19,461,524		16,287,095		23,346,985		
	-		=		=		-		=		-		
	25,934,968		26,880,642		26,237,182		23,603,432		18,083,358		26,728,066		
\$	144,957,101	\$	148,276,588	\$	148,307,412	\$	149,612,659	\$	198,523,384	\$	178,921,621		
\$	(358,959,953)	\$	(383,234,284)	\$	(371,448,212)	\$	(367,392,713)	\$	(332,350,780)	\$	(318,858,634)		
,	483,932	_	403,725	•	502,317	•	(1,837,581)	•	(2,816,138)	•	3,833,950		
_	70,000						(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(,: : : , : : :)		.,,,		
\$	(358,476,021)	\$	(382,830,559)	\$	(370,945,895)	\$	(369,230,294)	\$	(335,166,918)	\$	(315,024,684)		

General Revenues and Total Change in Net Position Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year									
	2013	2014	2015	2016							
Net (expense) revenue:											
Governmental activities	\$ (293,513,355)	\$ (320,859,328)	\$ (333,874,460)	\$ (347,634,062)							
Business-type activities	580,303	647,763	1,294,493	1,370,229							
Total primary government net expense	(292,933,052)	(320,211,565)	(332,579,967)	(346,263,833)							
General revenues and other changes in net position:											
Governmental activities:											
Property taxes:											
Levied for general purposes	100,387,919	103,598,448	101,357,950	110,669,219							
Levied for management	9,939,725	10,136,078	12,704,254	8,500,956							
Levied for property, plant, and equipment	6,830,405	6,956,453	6,917,190	7,203,640							
Levied for playground	863,021	880,069	892,877	921,927							
Sales tax, for capital projects	27,431,076	27,898,170	30,840,252	30,991,151							
State foundation aid	174,578,921	186,285,458	193,830,409	195,304,005							
Investment earnings	377,933	533,415	296,406	1,517,487							
Other local sources, including gain on sale of capital assets	1,439,852	1,877,806	1,394,310	1,794,570							
Transfers		(677,879)	33,252	=							
Total governmental activities	321,848,852	337,488,018	348,266,900	356,902,955							
Business-type activities:											
Other local sources, including gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-							
Transfers		677,879	(33,252)								
Total business-type activities		677,879	(33,252)								
Total primary government	321,848,852	338,165,897	348,233,648	356,902,955							
Change in net position:											
Governmental activities	28,335,497	16,628,690	14,392,440	9,268,893							
Business-type activities	580,303	1,325,642	1,261,241	1,370,229							
Total primary government	\$ 28,915,800	\$ 17,954,332	\$ 15,653,681	\$ 10,639,122							

	Fiscal Year	
)		2020

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		2022			
\$ (358,959,953)	\$ (383,234,284)	\$ (371,448,212)	\$ (367,392,713)	\$ (332,350,780)	\$	(318,858,634)			
 483,932	403,725	502,317	(1,837,581)	(2,816,138)		3,833,950			
 (358,476,021)	(382,830,559)	(370,945,895)	(369,230,294)	(335,166,918)		(315,024,684)			
115,462,200	117,223,840	124,085,031	125,443,707	125,822,333		105,721,486			
8,832,673	9,330,713	12,333,977	14,210,347	28,198,098		20,660,671			
7,463,306	7,641,516	8,250,108	8,404,254	9,320,286		16,270,408			
953,982	972,429	1,040,696	1,065,792	1,174,812		1,182,355			
31,115,408	30,737,734	31,911,353	32,997,111	31,561,628		38,218,634			
199,399,080	204,551,888	203,948,433	206,654,943	207,395,814		205,760,431			
1,163,645	2,471,733	6,185,178	4,313,176	(252,637)		(181,252)			
2,260,799	1,407,681	2,109,732	2,535,516	2,558,487		4,181,651			
462	1,142,874	1,112,380	578,997	1,139,221		(492,613)			
366,651,555	375,480,408	390,976,888	396,203,843	406,918,042		391,321,771			
-	-	-	207,310	-		-			
(462)	(1,142,874)	(1,112,380)	(578,997)	(1,139,221)		492,613			
(462)	(1,142,874)	(1,112,380)	(371,687)	(1,139,221)		492,613			
366,651,093	374,337,534	389,864,508	395,832,156	405,778,821		391,814,384			
7,691,602	(7,753,876)	19,528,676	28,811,130	74,567,262		72,463,137			
483,470	(739,149)	(610,063)	(2,209,268)	(3,955,359)		4,326,563			
\$ 8,175,072	\$ (8,493,025)	\$ 18,918,613	\$ 26,601,862	\$ 70,611,903	\$	76,789,700			

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

			Fisca	l Yea	r	
	•	2013	2014		2015	2016
General Fund:						
Nonspendable	\$	427,883	\$ 1,133,969	\$	1,722,676	\$ 2,022,946
Restricted		9,777,870	8,471,647		12,395,621	19,449,024
Committed		6,632,403	11,500,000		11,500,000	11,500,000
Assigned		8,000,000	8,000,000		4,717,021	2,270,271
Unassigned		49,196,424	47,321,858		43,870,654	45,777,595
Total General Fund	\$	74,034,580	\$ 76,427,474	\$	74,205,972	\$ 81,019,836
All other governmental funds:						
Nonspendable	\$	39,965	\$ 16,465	\$	114,706	\$ 13,350
Restricted		97,382,007	152,135,180		125,919,770	94,019,857
Total all other governmental						
funds	\$	97,421,972	\$ 152,151,645	\$	126,034,476	\$ 94,033,207

_		
_	ıccal	Year
_	ıscai	ı caı

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 2,678,098	\$ 2,545,106	\$ 3,968,453	\$ 2,187,264	\$ 1,817,518	\$ 1,947,525
20,113,274	16,977,566	15,816,459	17,588,320	16,614,372	9,694,399
11,500,000	11,500,000	11,500,000	11,500,000	11,500,000	11,500,000
2,747,894	2,722,083	2,887,205	2,374,122	2,374,122	2,331,042
45,264,493	50,372,420	62,613,523	91,410,321	151,959,117	154,372,935
\$ 82,303,759	\$ 84,117,175	\$ 96,785,640	\$ 125,060,027	\$ 184,265,129	\$ 179,845,901
\$ 97,759	\$ 95,216	\$ 84,370	\$ 1,185,434	\$ 1,013,572	\$ 424,546
 78,834,902	131,096,251	117,205,931	105,355,583	103,366,587	123,144,454
\$ 78,932,661	\$ 131,191,467	\$ 117,290,301	\$ 106,541,017	\$ 104,380,159	\$ 123,569,000

Governmental Funds Revenues Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fisca	al Yea	r	
	2013	2014		2015	2016
Federal sources,					
federal grants and other outside sources	\$ 37,849,720	\$ 30,009,399	\$	33,148,580	\$ 31,271,845
State sources,					
state foundation aid and other sources	241,334,568	256,973,716		270,150,009	283,148,964
Intermediate sources	540,171	708,970		767,417	807,026
Local sources,					
local and other sources	 141,367,663	147,356,203		148,062,066	155,787,365
Total revenues	\$ 421,092,122	\$ 435,048,288	\$	452,128,072	\$ 471,015,200

Fiscal Year

			i i cui	1 1000			
2022	2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	
57,514,582	\$ 90,859,853	\$ 38,615,413	\$	35,854,833	\$ 37,575,065	\$ 33,821,414	\$
304,494,999	302,480,397	299,868,060		297,456,647	293,820,917	288,229,705	
814,975	771,045	749,892		839,737	816,427	906,897	
177,464,949	188,218,138	181,775,366		177,432,673	163,398,729	161,068,816	
540,289,505	\$ 582,329,433	\$ 521,008,731	\$	511,583,890	\$ 495,611,138	\$ 484,026,832	\$

Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

(Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year								
		2013		2014		2015		2016	
Instruction	\$	248,569,469	\$	258,355,855	\$	268,167,131	\$	269,163,315	
Student services		20,677,284		21,660,306		23,058,840		23,649,011	
Instructional support services		12,220,238		13,537,582		14,992,771		23,319,060	
General administration		5,086,112		6,217,049		7,287,867		8,604,467	
Building administration		19,269,977		19,518,195		21,595,487		22,990,624	
Business and central administration		9,440,413		12,741,906		16,491,865		16,864,453	
Plant operation & maintenance		33,601,546		38,768,237		38,400,905		37,564,110	
Student transportation		10,403,066		12,304,303		11,976,509		12,589,191	
Non-instructional		1,741,450		1,842,754		2,197,270		2,840,290	
AEA support		12,235,407		13,086,762		13,829,063		13,974,996	
Capital outlay		51,387,286		40,938,222		41,088,513		40,928,413	
Capital outlay not capitalized		3,528,631		897,825		2,874,161		5,308,585	
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		5,810,000		6,595,000		9,845,000		10,355,000	
Interest		6,348,244		6,036,366		8,781,480		8,143,820	
Payment to escrow agent		-		-		-		-	
Bond issuance costs		-		817,127		-		<u>-</u>	
Total expenditures	\$	440,319,123	\$	453,317,489	\$	480,586,862	\$	496,295,335	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital									
expenditures		3.23%	, D	3.17%)	4.43%)	4.23%	

Source: Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Note: Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures is calculated by dividing total debt service expenditures (principal and interest) by total noncapital expenditures (the difference between total expenditures and capitalized capital outlay expenditures).

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 277,942,567	\$ 283,694,521	\$ 284,763,964	\$ 273,859,957	\$ 276,213,680	\$ 273,427,727
25,386,339	29,100,096	31,555,455	29,448,320	40,955,896	38,189,443
25,988,683	26,717,537	26,977,947	21,990,298	25,291,710	29,012,407
8,031,356	9,096,670	9,548,868	9,917,278	8,776,417	8,554,715
24,004,917	23,469,984	22,842,478	25,922,890	27,821,772	29,968,215
17,653,942	15,894,969	18,222,763	16,423,845	26,759,102	19,457,191
36,891,726	40,785,171	42,996,180	42,413,921	40,809,304	40,809,225
13,630,046	14,355,654	13,407,432	12,893,527	10,371,400	13,866,743
2,530,080	2,692,121	2,524,745	2,014,478	1,354,339	3,437,405
14,162,548	14,751,903	14,914,998	15,108,730	15,424,026	15,405,608
27,804,984	25,096,331	23,495,644	27,414,818	23,342,271	25,667,337
(546,245)	(741,152)	829,066	3,769,044	7,274,070	4,699,770
12,495,000	12,655,000	15,405,000	16,015,000	16,655,000	20,088,927
5,878,708	5,594,571	7,690,026	6,980,050	6,341,380	6,450,140
5,507,264	-	-	-	-	-
502,725	469,512	-	-	-	215,513
497,864,640	\$ 503,632,888	\$ 515,174,566	\$ 504,172,156	\$ 527,390,367	\$ 529,250,366

4.70%

4.82%

4.56%

5.27%

5.36%

3.81%

Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fisc	cal Year	
=	2013	2014	2015	2016
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (19,227,001	l) \$ (18,269,201)	\$ (28,458,790)	\$ (25,280,135)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Issuance of debt	-	70,720,000	-	-
Issuance of refunding debt	-	-	-	-
Payments to escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	107,648	214,140	86,867	92,730
Premiums	-	5,135,507	-	-
Transfers in	12,333,049	12,631,366	18,659,732	18,498,820
Transfers out	(12,333,049	9) (13,309,245)	(18,626,480)	(18,498,820)
Total other financing sources				
(uses)	107,648	3 75,391,768	120,119	92,730
Net change in fund balances	\$ (19,119,353	3) \$ 57,122,567	\$ (28,338,671)	\$ (25,187,405)

Fiscal	Year

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ (13,837,808) \$	(8,021,750) \$	(3,590,676) \$	16,836,575 \$	54,939,066 \$	11,039,139
-	56,235,000	-	-	-	_
53,655,000	-	-	-	-	66,335,000
(53,655,000)	-	-	-	-	(75,710,000)
94,586	239,930	1,245,595	109,531	965,957	4,006,568
-	4,476,168	-	-	-	9,591,519
23,910,864	19,412,445	24,216,939	24,268,720	24,185,601	105,938,105
(23,984,265)	(18,269,571)	(23,104,559)	(23,689,723)	(23,046,380)	(106,430,718)
21,185	62,093,972	2,357,975	688,528	2,105,178	3,730,474
 21,100	02,033,312	2,001,910	000,320	2,103,170	5,730,474
\$ (13,816,623) \$	54,072,222 \$	(1,232,701) \$	17,525,103 \$	57,044,244 \$	14,769,613

Taxable Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Rea	l Property		Persona	l Property	
Levy	Collection	Taxable	Estimated		Taxable	Estir	nated
Year	Year	Value	Actual Value	e	Value	Actua	l Value
2011	2012-13	\$ 6,845,833,397	\$ 10,453,35	3.698 \$	_	\$	_
2012	2013-14	7,030,673,370	10,507,33	,	_	•	-
2013	2014-15	6,905,500,764	10,363,62	26,769	-		-
2014	2015-16	6,894,664,897	10,431,16	0,954	-		-
2015	2016-17	7,215,082,273	10,924,64	7,220	-		-
2016	2017-18	7,407,396,041	11,060,02	20,747	-		-
2017	2018-19	8,057,537,240	12,192,41	5,869	-		-
2018	2019-20	8,341,227,272	12,437,38	32,676	-		-
2019	2020-21	9,056,877,909	13,816,51	1,624	-		-
2022	2021-22	9,256,198,087	13,944,48	6,108	-		-

(Continued)

Source: Polk County Auditor, Warren County Auditor, and Iowa Department of Management

Railroad a	ind L	Itilities							
Without Ga	ıs &	Electric	Gas &	Ele	ctric	Т	otal		
Taxable		Estimated	Taxable		Estimated	Taxable		Estimated	Total
Value	Α	ctual Value	Value		Actual Value	Value		Actual Value	Direct Rate
\$ 55,092,528	\$	55,092,528	\$ 232,662,908	\$	345,375,275	\$ 7,133,588,833	\$	10,853,821,501	18.34845
57,982,509		57,982,509	231,076,580		357,993,296	7,319,732,459		10,923,315,289	18.14592
52,397,622		53,251,989	233,578,596		303,652,622	7,191,476,982		10,720,531,380	17.99477
46,373,454		48,073,610	234,441,061		351,197,379	7,175,479,412		10,830,431,943	18.42809
44,423,941		46,304,465	227,640,443		376,010,748	7,487,146,657		11,346,962,433	18.50586
44,330,131		46,401,518	209,778,221		382,451,027	7,661,504,393		11,488,873,292	18.56349
44,562,378		46,559,797	205,819,434		380,207,922	8,307,919,052		12,619,183,588	18.60074
46,499,711		48,656,364	201,590,684		393,759,064	8,589,317,667		12,879,798,104	18.60686
46,205,378		48,586,731	192,761,064		414,850,274	9,295,844,351		14,279,948,629	18.61192
41,761,132		44,556,164	180,704,431		421,399,821	9,478,663,650		14,410,442,093	16.05937

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

(Unaudited)

					District Direct Rate	es		
Levy	Collection	General	Management	PPEL	PERL		Debt	
Year	Year	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Schoolhouse	Service	Total
2011	2012-13	\$ 15.69861	\$ 1.55484	\$ 0.96000	\$ 0.13500	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18.34845
2012	2013-14	15.14156	1.90936	0.96000	0.13500	-	-	18.14592
2013	2014-15	14.99041	1.90936	0.96000	0.13500	-	-	17.99477
2014	2015-16	16.08309	1.25000	0.96000	0.13500	-	-	18.42809
2015	2016-17	16.16086	1.25000	0.96000	0.13500	-	-	18.50586
2016	2017-18	16.16849	1.30000	0.96000	0.13500	-	-	18.56349
2017	2018-19	15.90574	1.60000	0.96000	0.13500	-	-	18.60074
2018	2019-20	15.71186	1.80000	0.96000	0.13500	-	-	18.60686
2019	2020-21	14.27664	3.24028	0.96000	0.13500	-	-	18.61192
2022	2021-22	11.89536	2.35901	1.67000	0.13500	-	-	16.05937

(Continued)

									О	vei	rlapping Rates										
	Polk		County		City of		City of		City of		City of		City of		City of	В	loomfield		Ag		
	County		Hospital		Des Moines		Norwalk	F	Pleasant Hill		Urbandale	٧	Vindsor Hts		WDM	7	ownship	Е	xtension	Α	ssessor
r.	6.80992	\$	2.97819	¢	16.91982	\$	15.69000	\$	11.65000	¢	9.62000	\$	13.31499	\$	12.05000	\$	0.87750	\$	0.03866	\$	0.24382
Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф		\$		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф		Ф	
	6.94381		2.99567		16.92001		15.69000		11.64997		9.57000		13.89892		12.05000		0.87733		0.03945		0.27822
	7.16880		3.11769		16.92000		15.68944		11.65000		9.72000		15.34886		12.05000		0.87731		0.04061		0.27750
	7.30880		3.21296		16.92000		15.69376		11.65000		9.82000		15.07588		12.00000		0.87750		0.04102		0.27920
	7.30880		2.77545		16.92000		15.69499		11.65000		9.92000		15.66110		12.00000		0.87750		0.03985		0.27220
	7.30880		2.77545		17.04000		15.42340		11.65000		10.02000		16.96522		12.00000		0.87744		0.03939		0.27177
	7.30880		2.77513		17.24000		15.40640		11.65000		10.02000		16.58088		11.79000		0.87721		0.03690		0.25471
	7.30880		2.77513		16.64000		15.40604		11.50000		10.52000		16.52430		10.99000		0.87739		0.03689		0.25455
	7.30880		2.67405		16.61156		15.20141		11.50000		10.16000		14.47611		10.99000		0.87727		0.03502		0.24836

10.11000

14.47612

10.95000

0.87744

0.03486

0.19192

11.50000

7.13382

2.57740

16.61000

15.14192

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Continued) Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value) (Unaudited)

							Overlapp	oing	Rates													
Levy	Collection		Area XI	Urb	andale-WH	С	Oowntown	SI	herman Hills	Sh	nerman Hills	S	herman Hill	Hig	hland Park	In	gersoll Grand	Be	averdale	SW9th	R	oosevelt
Year	Year	State	College		SS Dist		SSMID	MID Lightii		L	ighting #2		SSMID		SSMID		SSMID		SSMID	 SSMID	,	SSMID
2011	2012-13	\$ 0.00330	\$ 0.58466	\$	0.47069	\$	1.00000	\$	1.50011	\$	1.50002			\$	1.75001	\$	1.75001	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
2012	2013-14	0.00330	0.69120		0.47163		1.15002		1.50021		1.50001				1.75002		2.25000		-	-		-
2013	2014-15	0.00330	0.67574		0.44216		1.15000		1.50019		1.50024				1.75002		2.25000		1.74994	-		-
2014	2015-16	0.00330	0.67574		0.29126		1.30000		1.50012		1.50002				1.75010		2.25000		1.75007	-		-
2015	2016-17	0.00330	0.72334		0.30810		1.30000		1.50001		1.50001				1.75001		2.25000		1.74996	-		-
2016	2017-18	0.00310	0.67458		0.38597		1.30000		1.50003		1.50000				1.75014		2.25000		1.75008	2.25000		1.75010
2017	2018-19	0.00290	0.69468		0.40186		1.30000		-		-		1.50000		1.75011		2.25000		1.75006	2.25000		1.75003
2018	2019-20	0.00280	0.65249		0.42000		1.30000		-		-		1.50001		1.75006		2.25000		1.75002	2.25001		1.75003
2019	2020-21	0.00270	0.63533		0.39000		1.30000		-		-		1.50001		1.74998		2.25000		1.74998	2.25000		1.75008
2022	2021-22	0.00260	0.67789		0.38720		1.30000		-		-		1.50001		1.75000		2.25001		1.74993	2.25001		1.75003

Source: Polk County Auditor, Iowa Department of Management

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Unaudited)

_		2022			2013	
			Percentage			Percentage
	Taxable		of Total Taxable	Tavabla		of Total
T		Danie		Taxable	DI-	Taxable
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Principal Life Insurance Company	\$ 162,607,320	1	1.72%			
Nationwide Mutual Insurance Company	156,614,490	2	1.65%	172,946,600	2	2.44%
Principal Mutual Life Insurance Company	133,787,394	3	1.41%			
Wellmark Inc	119,748,600	4	1.26%	126,790,000	4	1.78%
Wells Fargo Properties Inc	109,629,900	5	1.16%			
Employers Mutual Casualty Company	89,311,500	6	0.94%	54,607,770	6	0.77%
Linden Street Investments LLC	71,550,000	7	0.75%			
Polk County	38,087,739	8	0.40%			
Federal Home Loan Bank of Des Moines	34,452,000	9	0.36%			
Meredith Operations Corp	31,397,827	10	0.33%			
Principal Financial Group, Inc.				200,090,200	1	2.80%
Mercy Medical Plaza				156,563,000	3	2.19%
Wells Fargo Financial Inc.				96,811,700	5	1.78%
Iowa Methodist Medical CNT & Plaza				48,360,000	7	0.68%
Meredith Corporation				30,990,900	8	0.43%
LB Properties XLLC				28,950,000	9	0.41%
Lexington TNI Des Moines LP				26,857,000	10	0.38%
=	947,186,770		9.99%	942,967,170		13.66%

Source: Polk County Auditor

Property Tax Levies and Collections Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Collected Within the Taxes Levied Fiscal Year of the Levy Collections Total Collections to Date Fiscal for the Percentage In Subsequent Percentage Year Fiscal Year Amount* of Levy Years Amount of Levy 2013 118,233,562 116,612,288 98.63% \$ 1,364,597 \$ 117,976,885 99.78% 2014 122,372,255 120,135,631 98.17% 1,397,537 121,533,168 99.31% 117,530,023 2015 118,679,473 99.03% 1,305,381 118,835,404 100.13% 2016 121,390,508 120,894,205 99.59% 1,122,654 122,016,859 100.52% 2017 127,369,855 1,296,903 126,191,778 99.08% 127,488,681 100.09% 2018 130,095,935 130,225,910 100.10% 130,225,910 100.10% 2019 140,189,825 140,534,664 100.25% 100.25% 140,534,664 2020 145,831,772 143,900,910 98.68% 143,900,910 98.68% 156,895,694 2021 101.42% 159,129,812 101.42% 159,129,812 2022 139,389,057 137,649,917 98.75% 137,649,917 98.75% 1,320,447,936 \$1,319,292,209 99.91%

Source: Iowa Department of Management and District Records

^{*} Amount collected includes taxes collected for delinquent payments from previous fiscal years. Additionally, due to timing of collections, there are instances where the property tax is collected before the official due date.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	Des Moines Population*	Iowa Per Capita Personal Income**	Personal Income for Des Moines***	Des Moines Unemployment Rate****
22.42	000.000	45.050	A 0.074.540.000	0.40/
2012	206,688	45,356	\$ 9,374,540,928	6.1%
2013	207,510	46,753	9,701,715,030	5.8%
2014	209,220	47,612	9,961,382,640	5.0%
2015	210,330	46,232	10,263,473,010	4.4%
2016	215,472	46,437	10,647,548,880	4.1%
2017	217,521	47,490	10,764,026,685	3.8%
2018	216,853	50,243	11,341,411,900	3.2%
2019	214,877	50,533	10,858,379,441	2.7%
2020	212,312	53,469	11,352,110,328	5.5%
2021	212,031	57,054	12,097,216,674	4.2%

^{*} Source: US Census, City and Town Population Totals: 2010-2020, Des, Moines, IA, Vintage 2020 population totals. NOTE: Census 2020 city populations are scheduled to be released May 2022

^{**} Source: Iowa Data, Quarterly Personal Income for State of Iowa, Average of quarters

^{***} Estimated using the population of Des Moines and the Per Capita Income for Iowa

^{****} Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, 12 month average

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

							G	General Bonded [Debt	Outstanding			
						General		General	C	ualified Zone	_	Debt to	
Fiscal		Assessed Value		Legal	(Obligation	Ob	oligation Capital		Academy		Assessed	
Year	Population	Property	D	ebt Limit (5%)		Bonds		Loan Notes		Bonds	Total	Value	Per Capita
2013	206,688	\$ 10,853,821,501	\$	542,691,075	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	0.00%	-
2014	207,510	10,923,315,289		546,165,764		-		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2015	209,220	10,720,531,380		536,026,569		-		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2016	210,330	10,830,431,943		541,521,597		-		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2017	215,472	11,346,962,433		567,348,122		-		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2018	217,521	11,488,873,292		574,443,665		-		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2019	216,853	12,796,130,290		639,806,515		-		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2020	214,237	12,879,798,104		643,989,905		-		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2021	212,312	14,279,948,629		713,997,431		-		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2022	212,031	14,410,442,093		720,522,105		-		-		-	-	0.00%	-

Source: Polk County Auditor, Warren County Auditor, Iowa Department of Management, U.S. Census Bureau, and District Records

Outstanding Debt by Type Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Governmental Activities											_				
Fiscal Year		eneral tion Bonds		Ü	Qualified Zone Academy Bonds		SAVE Revenue Bonds		Unamortized Premium / Discount			Lease Obligations***	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income*	Per Capita**	
2013	\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$	131,860,000	\$	7,827,835	\$	_	\$ 139,687,835	1.49%	\$	637.97
2014		-		-		-		195,985,000		12,109,155		-	208,094,155	2.14%	\$	944.46
2015		-		-		-		186,140,000		10,644,178		-	196,784,178	1.98%	\$	940.56
2016		-		-		-		175,785,000		9,296,539		-	185,081,539	1.86%	\$	884.63
2017		-		-		-		162,510,000		5,690,611		-	168,200,611	1.58%	\$	780.61
2018		-		-		-		206,090,000		9,313,683		-	215,403,683	2.00%	\$	990.27
2019		-		-		-		190,685,000		9,514,448		-	200,199,448	1.77%	\$	923.20
2020		-		-		-		174,670,000		6,426,358		-	181,096,358	1.67%	\$	842.79
2021		-		-		-		158,015,000		5,177,323		10,508,349	173,700,672	1.53%	\$	818.14
2022		-		-		-		132,600,000		11,353,292		5,984,721	149,938,013	1.38%	\$	707.15

Source: District Records

^{*} Calculated as Total Primary Government debt divided by Personal Income for Des Moines (per Demographic and Economic Statistics)

** Calculated as Total Primary Government debt divided by Des Moines Population (per Demographic and Economic Statistics)

***Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 as of 7/1/2021, 6/30/2021 financials were not restated

Legal Debt Margin Information Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2013			2014		2015	2016		
Debt limit		546,165,764	\$	546,165,764	\$	536,026,569	\$	541,521,597	
Total net debt applicable to limit		131,860,000		195,985,000		186,140,000		175,785,000	
Legal debt margin		414,305,764	\$	350,180,764	\$	349,886,569	\$	391,563,122	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		24.14%		35.88%	ı	34.73%		30.98%	

(Continued)

Source: Polk County Auditor and District Records

	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2022 Assessed value								\$	14,410,442,093
	Debt limit (5% of assessed value) Debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin								\$	720,522,105 138,584,721 581,937,384
2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$ 567,348,122	\$	630,959,179	\$	643,989,905	\$	643,989,905	\$	713,997,431	\$	720,522,105
 162,510,000		206,090,000		190,685,000		174,670,000		168,523,349		138,584,721
\$ 404,838,122	\$	424,869,179	\$	453,304,905	\$	469,319,905	\$	545,474,082	\$	581,937,384
28.64%	28.64% 32.66			29.61%	1	27.12%)	22.13%)	19.23%

Pledged-Revenue Coverage Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Local Option Sales and Services Tax

		Edda Option daies and dervices rax									
Fiscal	<u>-</u>							Debt	Servic	е	_
Year		Revenue	Reconciliation Payment		Total*	Principal			Interest	Coverage	
2013	\$	26,056,081	\$	1,368,580	\$	27,424,661	\$	5,810,000	\$	6,348,244	2.26
2014		26,506,077		1,407,751		27,913,828		6,595,000		6,036,366	2.21
2015		29,337,080		1,598,872		30,935,952		9,845,000		8,781,480	1.66
2016		29,329,789		1,218,216		30,548,005		10,355,000		8,143,820	1.65
2017		29,968,822		649,276		30,618,098		12,495,000		5,878,708	1.67
2018		30,057,621		1,984,666		32,042,286		12,655,000		5,594,571	1.76
2019		31,911,353		988,068		32,899,420		15,405,000		7,690,026	1.42
2020		32,997,111		997,965		33,995,076		16,015,000		6,980,050	1.48
2021		31,561,628		4,683,625		36,245,252		16,655,000		6,341,380	1.58
2022		33,535,010		5,315,317		38,850,327		16,445,000		5,646,575	1.76

Source: Iowa Department of Revenue; District Records

Note: The Secure an Advanced Vision for Education (SAVE) tax was implemented in the District on July 1, 2010. The State estimated the District's annual SAVE tax revenue by multiplying the District's certified enrollment by the statewide average tax revenue per student. The statewide average is calculated by dividing the total estimated SAVE tax revenue by the statewide enrollment.

^{*}Table updated in FY 2022 to show the additional Reconciliation Payment, which is received after June 30. The Reconciliation Payment is a final true-up payment of actual sales tax collected during the fical year.

Largest Public and Private Employers in Greater Des Moines Region **Current Year and Nine Years Ago** (Unaudited)

		2022			2013****	
			Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees *	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Wells Fargo	13,500	1	3.69%	13,500	1	4.24%
Hy-Vee Inc.	6,800	2	1.86%	2,100	9	0.66%
Principal Financial Group, Inc.	6,500	3	1.78%	6,131	3	1.92%
MercyOne (Mercy Medical Center)	5,843	4	1.60%	7,100	2	2.23%
UnityPoint Health	5,580	5	1.53%	5,505	4	1.73%
Des Moines Independent CSD**	4,913	6	1.34%	4,967	6	1.56%
Amazon	3,500	7	0.96%			
Nationwide Insurance (Nationwide/Allied)	3,300	8	0.90%	5,000	5	1.57%
John Deere	3,280	9	0.90%	3,100	7	0.97%
Corteva Agriscience (Dupont Pioneer)	2,500	10	0.68%	2,849	8	0.89%
Kum & Go				1,820	10	0.57%
Total employment **	* 365,366			318,672		

^{*} Source: Major Employers in the Greater Des Moiens Region, Greater Des Moines Partnership, July 2022

^{**} Source: District records October 2022

^{***} Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, US Dept. of Labor, June 2022 and June 2013; District Records **** Source: District ACFR FY 2013

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2022

(Unaudited)

Governmental Unit		Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt	
Overlapping:					
City of Des Moines	\$	534,105,545	96.4%	\$	514,878,000
City of Pleasant Hill		21,120,000	24.1%		5,090,000
City of Urbandale		83,471,000	10.0%		8,347,000
City of Windsor Heights		18,746,315	0.9%		169,000
City of West Des Moines		206,308,065	0.1%		206,000
Des Moines Area Community College		103,700,000	30.1%		31,214,000
Polk County		253,521,000	35.3%		89,493,000
Warren County		38,010,169	5.4%		2,053,000
Subtotal, overlapping debt		1,258,982,094			651,450,000
Direct, Des Moines Independent Community School District:					
Sales tax revenue bonds and lease obligations		149,938,013	100.0%		149,938,013
Subtotal direct debt		149,938,013			149,938,013
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	1,408,920,107		\$	801,388,013

Source: State Treasurer of Iowa, Outstanding Obligation Report; District records.

Note: The percentage applicable to the District is determined by the portion of the District geographical boundary included in the total boundary of the respective governmental entity.

Full-Time Equivalent District Employees By Type Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30						
	2013	2014	2015	2016			
Administrators							
Central Office	35.0	36.0	37.0	39.0			
Elementary Schools	37.0	37.0	37.0	38.0			
Middle Schools	21.0	21.0	20.0	20.0			
High Schools	22.0	22.0	24.0	24.0			
Special Schools	8.0	8.0	5.0	5.0			
Total Administrators	123.0	124.0	123.0	126.0			
Certified Staff							
Academic Support	25.0	26.0	32.0	36.5			
Behavior Coach	7.5	9.5	19.7	26.8			
Non-classroom (other)	14.9	14.8	11.8	6.3			
Classroom teachers	1,499.5	1,555.0	1,563.7	1,578.3			
Counselors	58.3	58.4	63.0	67.4			
Dean of Students	16.2	14.5	4.6	3.6			
ELL	86.8	88.8	91.0	106.5			
Gifted and Talented	11.0	11.0	15.0	18.0			
Head Start	14.5	13.5	14.0	14.0			
Home Instruction	7.0	6.0	6.0	5.0			
Instructional Coach	-	-	49.5	109.9			
International Baccalaureate Coordinator	7.0	8.0	8.0	6.5			
Library/Media specialists	3.0	2.0	2.0	2.0			
Mentor Teachers	-	10.5	14.5	17.5			
Nurses	57.6	57.7	58.4	60.2			
Preschool	38.5	38.5	34.0	34.0			
Special Ed teachers	508.8	509.3	499.4	494.0			
Special Ed consultants	30.0	31.0	34.0	33.0			
Special Ed Support	128.2	126.4	121.6	125.9			
Title I	171.4	187.8	159.4	178.0			
Float	2.0	4.0	1.0	6.0			
Total Certified Staff	2,687.2	2,772.7	2,802.6	2,929.4			
Associates							
Central Office	9.8	11.8	24.8	26.8			
Elementary Schools	211.0	222.0	195.0	189.8			
Middle Schools	62.0	61.0	58.8	61.0			
High Schools	44.6	46.0	57.0	54.0			
Special Schools	191.9	180.2	182.6	183.8			
Total associates	519.3	521.0	518.2	515.4			

Change		e 30	oloyees as of Jun	e Equivalent Emp	Full-Tim	
2013 - 202	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
14.3	40.0	40.0	41.0	42.0	41.0	36.0
2.7	40.0 38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0	38.0
-52.4	36.0 10.0	10.0	10.0	19.0	20.0	20.0
-36.4	14.0	14.0	13.0	20.0	23.0	23.0
-30.4 -62.5	3.0	3.0	5.0	4.0	23.0 5.0	23.0 5.0
-14.6	105.0	105.0	104.0	123.0	127.0	122.0
-14.0	105.0	103.0	104.0	123.0	127.0	122.0
-35.6	16.1	14.1	14.1	22.6	29.1	31.6
509.3	45.7	35.9	35.9	36.4	35.0	26.0
-16.1	12.5	12.7	3.5	13.3	10.7	12.0
-0.5	1,492.5	1,505.2	1,532.4	1,532.4	1,556.3	1,562.1
63.8	95.5	96.0	85.0	82.0	82.0	80.5
-100.0	-	-	=	1.0	1.0	3.3
36.4	118.4	117.9	118.4	117.4	119.0	111.0
109.1	23.0	23.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	18.0
-10.3	13.0	13.0	14.0	13.0	14.0	14.0
28.6	9.0	9.0	8.0	11.0	5.0	5.0
*	106.6	112.3	100.6	111.6	95.1	92.6
-100.0	-	-	=	1.3	4.0	5.0
-66.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0
*	-	=	=	=	=	-
5.9	61.0	61.0	61.0	59.9	59.5	60.0
-9.1	35.0	35.0	35.0	34.0	34.0	34.0
-7.0	473.0	479.0	487.0	488.0	483.0	483.5
0.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	29.0	32.0	32.0
-5.2	121.5	137.5	132.4	135.3	136.3	130.8
-0.9	169.8	168.4	150.8	169.1	183.3	183.8
150.0	5.0	21.0	3.0	1.0	7.2	8.0
5.3	2,828.6	2,872.0	2,833.1	2,880.3	2,908.5	2,895.2
400.0	49.0	51.5	46.0	50.0	12.8	17.0
14.2	241.0	244.0	239.0	214.0	195.0	188.0
-6.5	58.0	60.0	57.5	57.0	58.3	59.5
43.5	64.0	66.5	61.0	62.0	46.0	52.0
-17.7	158.0	158.5	156.0	152.0	197.8	193.8
9.8	570.0	580.7	559.5	535.0	509.9	510.3

Full-Time Equivalent District Employees By Type (Continued) **Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years**

(Unaudited)

	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30								
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017				
Specialist, Clerical, and Paraprofessionals									
Central Office	181.7	206.5	231.0	243.8	237.2				
Elementary Schools	119.4	124.4	103.9	106.0	107.0				
Middle Schools	63.9	65.6	65.0	62.4	60.4				
High Schools	122.9	124.1	135.1	131.6	118.6				
Special Schools	20.9	21.5	17.0	20.0	23.0				
Total specialists, clerical, and paraprofessionals	508.8	542.1	552.0	563.8	546.2				
Food Service, Operations, Transportation and Child Care									
Central Office	373.0	344.9	336.4	342.0	310.2				
Elementary Schools	216.4	221.1	245.6	247.5	285.6				
Middle Schools	97.0	99.5	101.3	103.6	104.6				
High Schools	119.1	124.9	114.1	118.5	117.5				
Special Schools	11.2	13.3	13.1	16.0	18.4				
Total food svc, oper, transportation, and									
child care	816.7	803.7	810.5	827.5	836.3				
Total	4,655.0	4,763.5	4,806.3	4,962.1	4,910.0				

(Continued)

Source: District records

^{*} No employees in this category for comparison in 2013

					Percentage				
Fu	ıll-Time Equiva	lent Employee	s as of June 30)	Change				
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2013 - 2022				
266.4	255.2	256.9	257.3	253.3	39.4%				
111.0	117.0	111.0	112.9	113.9	-4.6%				
58.0	65.0	71.5	72.9	74.9	17.2%				
103.8	101.0	113.5	118.4	131.4	6.9%				
20.0	15.0	16.0	19.9	20.9	0.0%				
559.2	553.2	568.9	581.6	594.4	16.8%				
334.5	293.8	294.7	295.3	293.3	-21.4%				
288.5	292.3	283.9	285.0	285.0	31.7%				
103.1	106.6	105.3	106.3	106.3	9.6%				
113.1	117.5	112.2	113.3	110.3	-7.4%				
16.3	18.6	19.3	20.4	20.4	82.1%				
855.5	818.0	841.6	820.4	815.3	-0.2%				
4,960.0	4,909.5	4,907.1	4,959.7	4,913.3	5.5%				

Operating Statistics Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal		Operating		Percentage	Е	usiness-Type		Cost	Percentage
Year	Enrollment	Expenses	Cost Per Pupil	Change		Expenses	Pe	er Pupil	Change
2013	32,062.1	386,110,699	\$ 12,043	0.01	\$	19,492,031	\$	608	0.07
2014	32,413.2	412,187,728	12,717	0.06		20,740,564		640	0.12
2015	32,396.1	430,873,303	13,300	0.11		21,898,261		676	0.19
2016	32,581.9	455,983,772	13,375	0.09		23,201,203		712	0.30
2017	32,979.2	472,417,154	13,633	0.12		25,451,036		772	0.39
2018	33,057.4	498,953,834	15,094	0.24		26,476,917		801	0.44
2019	32,788.8	487,168,007	15,477	0.26		25,734,865		785	0.44
2020	32,606.7	487,564,051	14,953	0.23		25,441,013		780	0.41
2021	31,621.5	508,174,271	16,303	0.34		20,899,496		661	0.19
2022	31,023.8	462,805,096	14,918	0.24		22,894,116		738	0.21

Fiscal Year	Certified Staff	Percentage of Students Receiving Free or Reduced-Priced Meals
2013	2,687.2	68
2014	2,772.7	69
2015	2,802.6	69
2016	2,929.4	73
2017	2,895.2	67
2018	2,908.5	74
2019	2,880.3	76
2020	2,833.1	77
2021	2,872.0	76
2022	2,828.6	76

Source: District Records

Note: Operating expenses represent governmental activity expenses, less interest on long-term debt Note: Revised in 2022 to better match District schedules. Teaching Staff was changed to Certified Staff.

School Building Information Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	-	Fisca			
School	2013	2014	2015	2016	
Elementary:					
Name (Year)	Brubaker	Brubaker	Brubaker	Brubaker	
Square feet	78,224	78,224	78,224	78,224	
Capacity	792	816	816	816	
Enrollment	672	642	704	697	
Name (Year)	Capital View	Capital View	Capital View	Capital View	
Square feet	75,740	75,740	75,740	75,740	
Capacity	720	720	720	720	
Enrollment	539	534	551	568	
Name (Year)	Carver	Carver	Carver	Carver	
Square feet	91,500	91,500	91,500	91,500	
Capacity	720	720	720	720	
Enrollment	611	626	577	555	
Name (Year)	Cattell	Cattell	Cattell	Cattell	
Square feet	47,821	47,821	47,821	47,821	
Capacity	408	408	408	408	
Enrollment	408	411	397	388	
Name (Year)	Cowles	Cowles	Cowles	Cowles	
Square feet	42,800	42,800	42,800	42,800	
Capacity	432	456	517	517	
Enrollment	348	361	364	374	
Name (Year)	Downtown	Downtown	Downtown	Downtown	
Square feet	38,125	38,125	38,125	38,125	
Capacity	312	312	312	312	
Enrollment	274	263	267	268	
Name (Year)	Edmunds	Edmunds	Edmunds	Edmunds	
Square feet	76,385	76,385	76,385	76,385	
Capacity	576	576	576	576	
Enrollment	287	409	435	346	
Name (Year)	Findley	Findley	Findley	Findley	
Square feet	43,548	43,548	43,548	43,548	
Capacity	384	384	384	384	
Enrollment	314	320	342	344	
Name (Year)	Garton	Garton	Garton	Garton	
Square feet	65,648	65,648	65,648	65,648	
Capacity	720	720	720	720	
Enrollment	564	595	624	612	
Name (Year)	Greenwood	Greenwood	Greenwood	Greenwood	
Square feet	61,744	61,744	61,744	61,744	
Capacity	456	456	456	456	
Enrollment	446	414	384	325	
Enrollment Continued)	440	414	304	323	

F	iscal	l Yea	r

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Brubaker	Brubaker	Brubaker	Brubaker	Brubaker	Brubaker
78,224	78,224	78,224	78,224	78,224	78,224
816	816	816	960	960	960
727	709	665	673	643	652
					Capital View
Capital View	•				
75,740	75,740	75,740	75,740	75,740	75,740
720	720	720	913	912	912
556	551	539	523	498	510
Carver	Carver	Carver	Carver	Carver	Carver
81,885	81,885	81,885	81,885	91,500	91,500
720	720	720	720	720	720
573	549	484	461	462	437
Cattell	Cattell	Cattell	Cattell	Cattell	Cattell
48,188	55,125	55,125	55,125	55,125	55,125
408	408	408	504	504	504
392	410	397	402	393	367
Cowles	Cowles	Cowles	Cowles	Cowles	Cowles
45,130	45,130	53,060	53,060	53,060	53,060
432	432	432	431	431	431
375	363	362	379	358	342
Downtown	Downtown	Downtown	Downtown	Downtown	Downtown
38,125	38,125	38,125	38,125	38,125	38,125
312	312	312	168	168	168
268	271	265	264	241	240
Edmunds	Edmunds	Edmunds	Edmunds	Edmunds	Edmunds
76,385	76,385	76,385	76,385	76,385	76,385
576	576	576	696	696	696
329	312	316	314	297	260
Findley	Findley	Findley	Findley	Findley	Findley
43,628	43,628	43,628	43,628	43,628	43,628
384	384	384	384	384	384
338	343	333	324	306	311
Garton	Garton	Garton	Garton	Garton	Garton
65,648	65,648	65,648	65,648	65,648	65,648
720	720	720	720	720	720
649	650	558	502	497	474
Greenwood	Greenwood	Greenwood	Greenwood	497 Greenwood	Greenwood
62,227	62,227	62,227	62,227	62,227	62,227
456	456	456	528	528	528
			:)/0	:1/0	2/0

School Building Information (Continued) Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year				
chool	2013	2014	2015	2016	
lementary:					
Name (Year)	Hanawalt	Hanawalt	Hanawalt	Hanawalt	
Square feet	43,246	43,246	43,246	43,246	
Capacity	408	408	408	408	
Enrollment	352	376	373	362	
Name (Year)	Hillis	Hillis	Hillis	Hillis	
Square feet	57,720	57,720	57,720	57,720	
Capacity	600	600	600	600	
Enrollment	483	507	534	447	
Name (Year)	Howe	Howe	Howe	Howe	
Square feet	38,505	38,505	38,505	38,505	
Capacity	312	312	312	312	
Enrollment	297	282	298	312	
Name (Year)	Hubbell	Hubbell	Hubbell	Hubbell	
Square feet	53,327	53,327	53,327	53,327	
Capacity	456	456	456	456	
Enrollment	455	447	428	423	
Name (Year)	Jackson	Jackson	Jackson	Jackson	
Square feet	45,585	45,585	45,585	45,585	
Capacity	456	456	456	456	
Enrollment	413	418	435	429	
Name (Year)	Jefferson	Jefferson	Jefferson	Jefferson	
Square feet	45,830	45,830	45,830	45,830	
Capacity	408	408	456	456	
Enrollment	434	430	425	439	
Name (Year)	King	King	King	King	
Square feet	54,171	54,171	54,171	54,171	
Capacity	408	408	456	456	
Enrollment	335	362	376	358	
Name (Year)	Lovejoy	Lovejoy	Lovejoy	Lovejoy	
Square feet	39,154	39,154	39,154	39,154	
Capacity	456	456	456	456	
Enrollment	332	349	380	389	
Name (Year)	Madison	Madison	Madison	Madison	
Square feet	42,049	42,049	42,049	42,049	
Capacity	408	408	408	408	
Enrollment	409	377	346	317	
Name (Year)	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	
Square feet	49,994	49,994	49,994	49,994	
Capacity	360	360	360	360	
Enrollment	319	331	343	293	

			l Year		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Hanawalt	Hanawalt	Hanawalt	Hanawalt	Hanawalt	Hanawali
43,246	43.246	44,708	папаwап 44,708	папаwап 44,708	44,708
43,240	43,246	44,708	44,708	44,708	44,708
358	343	359	343	340	460 354
ანი Hillis			343 Hillis	340 Hillis	
	Hillis	Hillis			Hillis
57,720	57,720	57,720	57,720	57,720	57,720
600	600	600	576	576	576
381	370	364	318	313	292
Howe	Howe	Howe	Howe	Howe	Howe
34,320	33,220	33,220	42,891	42,891	42,891
312	312	312	336	336	336
310	307	286	279	270	305
Hubbell	Hubbell	Hubbell	Hubbell	Hubbell	Hubbell
53,327	49,440	50,505	50,505	50,505	50,505
456	456	480	480	480	480
415	433	414	444	420	415
Jackson	Jackson	Jackson	Jackson	Jackson	Jackson
45,585	45,585	57,969	57,969	57,969	57,969
456	456	552	552	552	552
467	427	444	413	387	386
Jefferson	Jefferson	Jefferson	Jefferson	Jefferson	Jefferson
45,830	45,830	45,830	45,830	55,730	55,730
456	456	456	456	456	456
408	392	393	389	371	338
King	King	King	King	King	King
54,171	54,171	54,171	54,171	54,171	54,171
456	456	456	504	504	504
336	329	300	295	265	264
Lovejoy	Lovejoy	Lovejoy	Lovejoy	Lovejoy	Lovejoy
39,154	39,154	39,154	50,534	50,534	50,534
456	456	456	480	480	480
383	394	391	392	378	403
Madison	Madison	Madison	Madison	Madison	Madison
42,049	42,049	49,558	49,558	49,558	49,558
408	408	408	456	456	456
267	279	264	282	255	239
McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley	McKinley
49,994	49,994	49,994	49,994	49,994	49,994
360	360	360	432	432	432
500	300	300	402	402	432

School Building Information (Continued) Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year			
chool	2013	2014	2015	2016	
lementary:					
Name (Year)	Monroe	Monroe	Monroe	Monroe	
Square feet	73,997	73,997	73,997	73,997	
Capacity	576	576	600	600	
Enrollment	533	553	536	535	
Name (Year)				Moore	
Square feet				51,848	
Capacity				432	
Enrollment				188	
Name (Year)	Morris	Morris	Morris	Morris	
Square feet	70,656	70,656	70,656	70,656	
Capacity	744	744	744	744	
Enrollment	617	612	595	579	
Name (Year)	Moulton	Moulton	Moulton	Moulton	
Square feet	121,650	121,650	121,650	121,650	
Capacity	744	744	744	744	
Enrollment	428	474	457	471	
Name (Year)	Oak Park	Oak Park	Oak Park	Oak Park	
Square feet	59,497	59,497	59,497	59,497	
Capacity	408	408	408	408	
Enrollment	399	396	406	424	
Name (Year)	Park Avenue	Park Avenue	Park Avenue	Park Avenue	
Square feet	64,925	64,925	64,925	64,925	
Capacity	552	552	600	600	
Enrollment	472	472	424	451	
Name (Year)	Perkins	Perkins	Perkins	Perkins	
Square feet	56,540	56,540	65,064	65,064	
Capacity	432	432	528	528	
Enrollment	438	441	464	482	
Name (Year)	Phillips	Phillips	Phillips	Phillips	
Square feet	41,936	41,936	41,936	41,936	
Capacity	336	336	336	336	
Enrollment	404	407	387	373	
Name (Year)	Pleasant Hill	Pleasant Hill	Pleasant Hill	Pleasant Hill	
Square feet	41,270	41,270	41,270	41,270	
Capacity	312	312	408	408	
Enrollment	312	309	309	315	
Name (Year)	River Woods	River Woods	River Woods	River Woods	
Square feet	59,950	58,126	64,773	64,773	
Capacity	504	504	600	600	
Enrollment	509	540	545	541	

Fiscal	Year

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Monroe	Monroe	Monroe	Monroe	Monroe	Monroe
73,997	73,997	73,997	73,997	73,997	73,997
600	600	600	600	600	600
547	513	472	464	445	433
Moore	Moore	Moore	Moore	Moore	Moore
51,848	51,848	51,848	51,848	51,848	51,848
432	432	432	408	408	408
260	297	325	339	334	308
Morris	Morris	Morris	Morris	Morris	Morris
70,656	70,656	70,656	71,114	71,114	71,114
744	744	744	744	744	744
601	600	567	527	472	448
Moulton	Moulton	Moulton	Moulton	Moulton	Moulton
121,650	121,650	121,650	121,650	121,650	121,650
744	744	744	768	768	768
469	488	531	536	481	441
Oak Park					
59,497	59,497	59,497	59,497	59,497	59,497
408	408	408	336	336	336
418	369	376	339	325	309
Park Avenue					
64,925	64,925	64,925	64,925	64,925	64,925
600	600	600	552	552	552
430	431	410	418	382	390
Perkins	Perkins	Perkins	Perkins	Perkins	Perkins
65,064	65,064	65,064	65,064	65,064	65,064
528	528	528	456	456	456
457	451	461	446	395	386
Phillips	Phillips	Phillips	Phillips	Phillips	Phillips
41,936	46,207	46,207	46,207	46,207	46,207
336	336	336	552	552	552
359	339	329	325	293	263
Pleasant Hill					
41,270	41,270	41,270	41,270	47,870	47,870
408	408	408	288	288	288
255	269	261	233	205	215
River Woods					
64,773	64,773	64,773	64,773	64,773	64,773
600	600	600	672	672	672
594	570	544	527	498	518

School Building Information (Continued) Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fis	cal Year	
School	2013	2014	2015	2016
Elementary:				
Name (Year)	Samuelson	Samuelson	Samuelson	Samuelson
Square feet	58,678	58,678	58,678	58,678
Capacity	528	528	528	528
Enrollment	526	515	527	470
Name (Year)	South Union	South Union	South Union	South Union
Square feet	68,508	68,508	68,508	68,508
Capacity	696	696	696	696
Enrollment	578	562	520	504
Name (Year)	Stowe	Stowe	Stowe	Stowe
Square feet	56,967	56,967	56,967	56,967
Capacity	408	408	408	408
Enrollment	362	363	365	374
Name (Year)	Studebaker	Studebaker	Studebaker	Studebaker
Square feet	45,400	45,400	45,400	45,400
Capacity	504	504	504	504
Enrollment	416	479	451	454
Name (Year)	Walnut Street	Walnut Street	Walnut Street	Walnut Street
Square feet	58,212	58,212	58,212	97,020
Capacity	384	414	414	630
Enrollment	312	278	283	292
Name (Year)	Willard	Willard	Willard	Willard
Square feet	59,301	59,301	59,301	59,301
Capacity	600	600	600	600
Enrollment	426	437	429	410
Name (Year)	Windsor	Windsor	Windsor	Windsor
Square feet	60,475	60,475	60,475	60,475
Capacity	408	408	408	408
Enrollment	425	394	360	338
Name (Year)	Wright	Wright	Wright	Wright
Square feet	30,300	30,300	30,300	30,300
Capacity	312	288	288	288
Enrollment	271	258	289	284

Fiscal	l Vear

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Samuelson	Samuelson	Samuelson	Samuelson	Samuelson	Samuelson
58,678	58,678	58,678	58,678	58,678	58,678
528	528	528	528	528	528
452	449	467	461	433	418
South Union					
68,508	68,508	68,508	68,508	68,508	68,508
696	696	696	696	696	696
513	494	488	500	439	445
Stowe	Stowe	Stowe	Stowe	Stowe	Stowe
56,967	56,967	56,967	56,967	56,967	56,967
408	408	408	456	456	456
399	367	371	359	298	307
Studebaker	Studebaker	Studebaker	Studebaker	Studebaker	Studebaker
45,400	45,400	45,400	64,455	64,455	64,455
504	504	504	600	600	600
500	495	492	556	522	522
Walnut Street					
97,020	97,020	97,020	97,020	97,020	97,020
630	630	630	816	816	816
291	269	297	297	245	268
Willard	Willard	Willard	Willard	Willard	Willard
59,301	59,301	59,301	59,301	59,301	59,301
600	600	600	624	624	624
355	362	348	324	294	262
Windsor	Windsor	Windsor	Windsor	Windsor	Windsor
60,475	60,475	60,475	60,475	60,475	60,475
408	408	408	432	432	432
358	375	345	307	284	285
Wright	Wright	Wright	Wright	Wright	Wright
30,300	39,139	39,139	39,139	39,139	39,139
288	288	288	312	312	312
265	280	270	284	256	261

School Building Information (Continued) Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		l Year		
chool	2013	2014	2015	2016
liddle:				
Name (Year)	Brody	Brody	Brody	Brody
Square feet	90,500	98,082	98,082	98,082
Capacity	871	871	871	871
Enrollment	702	744	736	749
Name (Year)	Callanan	Callanan	Callanan	Callanan
Square feet	116,037	116,037	116,037	116,037
Capacity	828	828	828	828
Enrollment	626	620	572	561
Name (Year)	Goodrell	Goodrell	Goodrell	Goodrell
Square feet	110,495	110,495	110,495	110,495
Capacity	871	871	893	893
Enrollment	591	619	633	632
Name (Year)	Harding	Harding	Harding	Harding
Square feet	125,339	125,339	125,339	125,339
Capacity	828	850	850	850
Enrollment	619	700	767	773
Name (Year)	Hiatt	Hiatt	Hiatt	Hiatt
Square feet	103,060	109,879	109,879	109,879
Capacity	850	850	850	850
Enrollment	634	626	551	589
Name (Year)	Hoyt	Hoyt	Hoyt	Hoyt
Square feet	99,874	100,691	100,691	100,691
Capacity	850	893	893	893
Enrollment	518	488	488	510
Name (Year)	McCombs	McCombs	McCombs	McCombs
Square feet	78,978	88,258	88,258	88,258
Capacity	807	807	829	829
Enrollment	664	657	662	691
Name (Year)	Meredith	Meredith	Meredith	Meredith
Square feet	107,316	107,316	107,316	107,316
Capacity	891	891	891	891
Enrollment	666	715	713	737
Name (Year)	Merrill	Merrill	Merrill	Merrill
Square feet	89,500	94,162	94,162	94,162
Capacity	658	658	701	701
Enrollment	658	705	718	730
Name (Year)	Weeks	Weeks	Weeks	Weeks
Square feet	112,390	112,390	112,390	112,390
Capacity	1,041	1,041	1,063	1,063
Enrollment	689	633	670	717

Fiscal Yea

			i i eai		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Produ	Produ	Produ	Produ	Produ	Dro d.
Brody	Brody	Brody	Brody	Brody	Brody
99,182 871	99,182 871	99,182 871	99,182 904	99,182 904	99,182 904
745	770	770	729	686	603
Callanan	Callanan	Callanan	Callanan	Callanan	Callanan
116,037	116,037	116,037	116,037	116,037	116,037
828	828	828	857	857	857
592	603	615	609	598	531
Goodrell	Goodrell	Goodrell	Goodrell	Goodrell	Goodrell
110,495	110,495	110,495	110,495	110,495	110,495
893	893	893	928	928	928
628	571	558	552	564	512
Harding	Harding	Harding	Harding	Harding	Harding
125,339	125,339	125,339	125,339	125,339	125,339
850	850	850	952	952	952
743	788	781	815	810	677
Hiatt	Hiatt	Hiatt	Hiatt	Hiatt	Hiatt
109,879	109,879	109,879	109,879	109,879	109,879
850	850	850	928	928	928
592	656	649	615	607	558
Hoyt	Hoyt	Hoyt	Hoyt	Hoyt	Hoyt
100,691	100,691	100,691	100,691	100,691	100,691
893	893	893	1,023	1,023	1,023
522	598	648	685	618	508
McCombs	McCombs	McCombs	McCombs	McCombs	McCombs
88,258	88,258	96,703	99,673	99,673	99,673
829	829	914	952	952	952
722	733	732	744	747	684
Meredith	Meredith	Meredith	Meredith	Meredith	Meredith
107,316	107,316	107,316	107,316	107,316	107,316
891	891	891	857	857	857
734	805	829	806	739	675
Merrill	Merrill	Merrill	Merrill	Merrill	Merrill
94,162	94,162	94,162	94,162	94,162	94,162
701	701	701	881	881	881
741	743	760	782	750	669
Weeks	Weeks	Weeks	Weeks	Weeks	Weeks
112,390					
	112,390	112,390	112,390	112,390	112,390
1,063	1,063	1,063	1,142	1,142	1,142

School Building Information (Continued) Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fisca	l Year	
School	2013	2014	2015	2016
High:				
Name (Year)	East	East	East	East
Square feet	344,376	344,376	344,376	344,376
Capacity	2,337	2,337	2,337	2,337
Enrollment	2,288	2,291	2,286	2,303
Name (Year)	Hoover	Hoover	Hoover	Hoover
Square feet	183,400	191,700	191,700	191,700
Capacity	1,105	1,105	1,105	1,105
Enrollment	1,028	966	1,016	1,070
Name (Year)	Lincoln	Lincoln	Lincoln	Lincoln
Square feet	312,628	312,628	312,628	312,628
Capacity	1,848	1,848	1,848	1,848
Enrollment	2,144	2,185	2,166	2,245
Name (Year)	Kurtz (Lincoln 9th Grade)			
Square feet	106,498	106,264	106,264	106,264
Capacity	637	637	637	637
Enrollment	*	*	*	*
Name (Year)	North	North	North	North
Square feet	220,960	249,639	249,639	249,639
Capacity	1,253	1,253	1,253	1,253
Enrollment	1,182	1,251	1,196	1,253
Name (Year)	Roosevelt	Roosevelt	Roosevelt	Roosevelt
Square feet	239,117	239,117	240,317	240,317
Capacity	1,785	1,785	1,785	1,785
Enrollment	1,658	1,708	1,819	1,790

	Fiscal Year							
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
East	East	East	East	East	East			
344,376	344,376	344,376	344,376	344,376	344,376			
2,337	2,337	2,337	2,570	2,570	2,570			
2,329	2,236	2,197	2,095	2,201	2,076			
Hoover	Hoover	Hoover	Hoover	Hoover	Hoover			
191,700	191,700	191,700	191,700	191,700	191,700			
1,105	1,105	1,105	1,428	1,428	1,428			
1,062	1,106	1,068	1,024	1,059	956			
Lincoln	Lincoln	Lincoln	Lincoln	Lincoln	Lincoln			
312,628	312,628	312,628	312,628	312,628	312,628			
1,848	1,848	1,848	2,047	2,047	2,047			
2,355	2,350	2,404	2,379	2,423	2,359			
Kurtz (Lincoln 9th Grade)	Kurtz (Lincoln 9th Grade)	Kurtz (Lincoln 9th Grade)	Kurtz	Kurtz	Kurtz			
106,498	106,498	106,498	%	%	%			
637	637	637	%	%	%			
*	*	*	%	%	%			
North	North	North	North	North	North			
249,639	249,639	249,639	249,639	249,639	249,639			
1,253	1,253	1,253	1,333	1,333	1,333			
1,274	1,319	1,452	1,393	1,495	1,427			
Roosevelt	Roosevelt	Roosevelt	Roosevelt	Roosevelt	Roosevelt			
240,317	306,722	306,722	306,722	306,722	306,722			
1,785	1,785	1,785	1,714	1,714	1,714			
1,925	1,943	2,008	2,116	2,085	2,060			

School Building Information (Continued) Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fisca	al Year	
School	2013	2014	456,660 1,848 \$ Central Academy Central Academy 86,426 658 \$ Virtual Campus Vi Scavo # see Central Campus see see Central Campus see See See See See See See See See Se	2016
Special Schools:				
Name (Year)	Central Campus	Central Campus	Central Campus	Central Campus
Square feet	456,660	456,660	456,660	456,660
Capacity	1,328	1,328	1,848	1,848
Enrollment	\$	\$	\$	\$
Name (Year)	Central Academy	Central Academy	Central Academy	Central Academy
Square feet	86,426	86,426	86,426	86,426
Capacity	658	658	658	658
Enrollment	\$	\$	\$	\$
Name (Year)	Virtual Campus	Virtual Campus	Virtual Campus	Virtual Campus
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Capacity	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Name (Year)	Scavo#	Scavo #	Scavo#	Scavo#
Square feet	45,334	45,334	see Central Campus	see Central Campus
Capacity	504	504	see Central Campus	see Central Campu
Enrollment	304	265	359	459
Name (Year)	Smouse ◆	Smouse ◆	Smouse ◆	Smouse ♦
Square feet	53,809	53,809	53,809	53,809
Capacity	384	384	384	384
Enrollment	128	110	93	83
Name (Year)	Van Meter ◆	Van Meter ◆	Van Meter ◆	Van Meter ◆
Square feet	56,460	56,460	56,460	56,460
Capacity	403	403	553	553
Enrollment	170	163	156	158

Eiccol	Voor

		1 1504	i i cai		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Central Campus	Central Campus	Central Campus	Central Campus	Central Campus	Central Campus
456,660	456,660	456,660	456,660	456,660	456,660
1,848	1,848	1,848	2,213	2,213	2,213
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Central Academy	Central Academy	Central Academy	Central Academy	Central Academy	Central Academ
86,426	86,426	86,426	86,426	86,426	86,426
658	658	658	738	738	738
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Virtual Campus	Virtual Campus	Virtual Campus	Virtual Campus	Virtual Campus	Virtual Campus
-	-	-	-	¥	¥
-	-	-	-	¥	¥
-	-	-	-	258	934
Scavo #	Scavo #	Scavo#	Scavo#	Scavo	Scavo
see Central Campus	see Central Campus	see Central Campus	see Central Campus	%	%
see Central Campus	see Central Campus	see Central Campus	see Central Campus	%	%
390	459	316	282	%	%
Smouse ◆	Smouse ◆	Smouse	Smouse	Smouse	Smouse
53,809	53,809	%	%	%	%
384	384	%	%	%	%
71	72	%	%	%	%
Van Meter ◆	Van Meter ♦	Van Meter ♦	Van Meter ◆	Van Meter ♦	Van Meter ◆
Tall Motor V		58,636	58,636	58,636	58,636
58 636					00,000
58,636 553	58,636 553	553	553	553	553

School Building Information (Continued) Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		Fiscal	Year		
School	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Other:					
Name (Year)	Casady	Jesse Taylor @ Cassady	Jesse Taylor @ Cassad	y Jesse Taylor @ Cassad	y Jesse Taylor @ Cassady
Square feet	43,709	45,297	45,297	45,297	45,297
Name (Year)	McKee	McKee	McKee	McKee	McKee
Square feet	43,400	43,400	43,400	43,400	43,400

Name (Year) Square feet	Mitchell 31,682	Mitchell 31,682	Mitchell 31,682	Mitchell 31,682	Mitchell 31,682
Square leet	31,002	31,002	31,002	31,002	31,002
Name (Year)	Woodlawn Education C	CtrWoodlawn Education Ctr	Woodlawn Education Ct	rWoodlawn Education Ct	rWoodlawn Education Ctr
Square feet	46,548	46,548	46,548	46,548	46,548
Other (Education Facilities):					
Name (Year)	Central Campus Ag La	ab Central Campus Ag Lab	Central Campus Ag Lab	Central Campus Ag Lab	Central Campus Ag Lab
Square feet	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	19,292
Name (Year)					
Square feet					
Name (Year)					Central Campus Aviation
Square feet					24,900
Name (Year)	Mann	Mann	Mann	Mann	Mann
Square feet	32,490	32,490	32,490	32,490	30,866
Other:	4045 B	4045 Burney	4045 B	4045 Burners	4045 Burner
Name (Year) Square feet	1915 Prospect 52,573	1915 Prospect 52,573	1915 Prospect 52,573	1915 Prospect 52,573	1915 Prospect 52,573
equals lest	32,373	02,070	02,010	02,070	02,010
Name (Year)			2323 Grand	2323 Grand	2323 Grand
Square feet			53,200	49,734	49,734
Name (Year)				2100 Fleur	2100 Fleur
Square feet				36,673	36,673
Name (Year)		er Central Nutrition Center			
Square feet	56,186	56,186	56,186	56,186	56,186
Name (Year)					
Square feet					
Name (Year)	Operations Center Dec	an Operations Center-Dean	Operations Contor Dear	Operations Contar Dear	Operations Center Deep
Square feet	97,404	97,404	97,404	97,404	97,404
	,	,	,	,	,
Name (Year)					
Square feet					
Name (Year)	Walker Street	Walker Street	Walker Street	Walker Street	Walker Street
Square feet	33,481	33,481	33,481	33,481	32,300
Name (Year)	Walnut St (Admin)	Walnut St (Admin)	Walnut St ‡	Walnut St ‡	Walnut St ‡
Square feet	58,212	58,212	19,404	19,404	19,404
Name (Year)	Welcome Center	Welcome Center	Welcome Center	Welcome Center	Welcome Center
Square feet	6,200	6,200	6,200	6,200	6,200
-					

Source: District records.

Note: Revised in 2014 to better match District schedules. Closed buildings moved to "other" and "special" schools category was broken out.

- * Building was used to house the Lincoln 9th graders. The enrollment was rolled into the Lincoln High School total.
- % Building no longer used for enrolled students.
- \$ Magnet schools; students who attend classes at these schools are included with enrollment totals at home Middle or High Schools.
- ¥ Virtual Campus is a stand alone, 100% online school
- # Scavo was housed in the Moore building until 2014 and moved back to Central Campus 2015-2020/
- Special needs schools do not have an "ideal capacity." Rather, capacity depends on the needs of the children that are attending and may vary year to year.
- £ Building sold
- ‡ Building no longer used for Admin space; the 6th floor is used for community partnerships/
- § Building no longer used for Welcome Center; used as Annex for Central Nutrition.

	Fiscal	Year		
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Jesse Taylor @ Cassady	Jesse Tavlor @ Cassadv	Jesse Taylor @ Cassady	Jesse Taylor @ Cassady	Jesse Taylor @ Cassady
45,297	45,297	45,297	45,297	45,297
McKee	McKee	McKee	McKee	McKee
43,400	43,400	43,400	43,400	43,400
Mitchell	Mitchell	Mitchell	Mitchell	Mitchell
31,682	31,682	31,682	31,682	31,682
Woodlawn Education Ctr	Woodlawn Education Ctr	Woodlawn Education Ctr	Woodlawn Education Ctr	Woodlawn Education Ctr
46,548	46,548	46,548	46,548	46,548
Central Campus Ag Lab 15,342	Central Campus Ag Lab	Central Campus Ag Lab ₡	Central Campus Ag Lab (Central Campus Ag Lab ¢
	C		-	entral Campus Horticultu
		10,373	10,373	10,373
Central Campus Aviation 24,900	Central Campus Aviation 24,900	Central Campus Aviation 31,250	Central Campus Aviation 31,250	Central Campus Aviation 31,250
Mann	Mann	Mann	Mann	Mann €
30,866	30,866	30,866	30,866	
1915 Prospect	1915 Prospect	1915 Prospect	1915 Prospect	1915 Prospect
52,573	52,573	52,573	52,573	52,573
0000 0	0000 0	0000 0	0000 0	0000 0
2323 Grand 49,734	2323 Grand 49,734	2323 Grand 49,734	2323 Grand 49,734	2323 Grand €
10,701	10,701	10,70	10,701	
2100 Fleur	2100 Fleur	2100 Fleur	2100 Fleur	2100 Fleur
36,673	36,673	36,673	36,673	36,673
Central Nutrition Center 56,186	Central Nutrition Center 56,186	Central Nutrition Center 56,186	Central Nutrition Center 56,186	Central Nutrition Center 56,186
		Kurtz Opportunity Center 106,498	Kurtz Opportunity Center 106,498	Kurtz Opportunity Center 106,498
Operations Center-Dean 97,404	Operations Center-Dean 97,404	Operations Center-Dean 97,404	Operations Center-Dean 97,404	Operations Center-Dean 97,404
	Smouse 53,809	Smouse 53,809	Smouse 53,809	Smouse 53,809
Walker Street 32,300	Walker Street 32,300	Walker Street 32,300	Walker Street 32,300	Walker Street 32,300
Walnut St ‡ 19,404	Walnut St ‡ 19,404	Walnut St ‡ 19,404	Walnut St ‡ 19,404	Walnut St ‡ 19,404
Welcome Center 6,200	Welcome Center 6,200	CNC Annex § 6,200	CNC Annex § 6,200	CNC Annex § 6,200

Capital Asset Information Current and Previous Nine Fiscal Years

(Unaudited)

_		Fiscal Ye	ar	
Schools:	2013	2014	2015	2016
Elementary:				
Buildings	44	37	37	38
Square feet	2,338,302	2,117,554	2,132,725	2,223,381
Capacity	19,968	18,294	18,811	19,459
Enrollment	15,848	15,944	15,930	15,731
Middle:				
Buildings	12	10	10	10
Square feet	1,196,213	1,062,649	1,062,649	1,062,649
Capacity	9,535	8,560	8,669	8,669
Enrollment	6,537	6,507	6,510	6,689
High:				
Buildings	8	6	6	6
Square feet	1,888,901	1,443,724	1,444,924	1,445,158
Capacity	10,818	8,965	8,965	8,965
Enrollment	8,604	8,401	8,483	8,661
Special Schools:				
Buildings		5	4	4
Square feet		698,689	653,355	653,355
Capacity		3,277	3,443	3,443
Enrollment		538	608	700
Other:				
Buildings	12	12	13	14
Square feet	514,385	515,973	530,365	563,572
Total District Sq Ft (less modulars)	5,771,181	5,838,589	5,824,018	5,928,711
Transportation:				
Garages	1	1	1	1
Buses	132	136	130	135
Athletics:				
Football fields	5	4	4	4
Running tracks	6	5	5	5
Baseball/softball	10	10	10	10
Swimming pools	8	8	8	7
Playgrounds	44	41	39	42

Source: District records.

Note: Revised in 2014 to better match District schedules. Closed buildings moved to "other" and "special" schools category was broken out.

	Fiscal Year					
2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	
38	38	38	38	38	38	
2,324,930	2,324,930	2,298,815	2,258,251	2,227,901	2,212,841	
20,615	20,615	20,521	19,494	19,374	19,374	
13,557	13,771	14,760	15,010	15,400	15,618	
10	10	10	10	10	10	
1,075,164	1,075,164	1,075,164	1,072,194	1,063,749	1,063,749	
9,424	9,424	9,424	8,754	8,669	8,669	
6,102	6,862	7,109	7,116	7,033	6,761	
5	5	5	6	6	6	
1,405,065	1,405,065	1,405,065	1,511,563	1,511,563	1,445,158	
9,092	9,092	9,092	8,965	8,965	8,965	
8,878	9,263	9,007	9,129	8,954	8,945	
3	3	3	3	4	4	
601,722	601,722	601,722	601,722	655,531	655,531	
3,504	3,504	3,504	3,059	3,443	3,443	
1,050	399	423	474	657	599	
15	17	17	16	15	15	
659,224	750,197	750,197	642,318	588,509	592,459	
6,066,105	6,157,078	6,111,559	6,066,644	6,027,849	5,950,334	
	1	1	1	1	1	
143	126	120	136	137	137	
4	4	4	4	4	4	
Ę	5	5	5	5	5	
10	10	10	10	10	10	
6	6	6	6	7	7	
42	43	43	43	42	42	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures	Passed Through To Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
(Passed through Iowa Department of Education):				
Child Nutrition Cluster:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	42-6004525	\$ 4,962,485	\$ -
National School Lunch Program	10.555	42-6004525	14,847,460	-
NSLP - USDA Commodities (Non-Cash)	10.555	42-6004525	1,155,566	-
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	42-6004525	373,366	-
School Food Service P-EBT Local Admin	10.649	42-6004525	 5,814	-
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			21,344,691	-
NSLP—Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	42-6004525	753,661	-
School Lunch Equipment Grant Stabilization	10.579	42-6004525	33,562	-
(Passed through Iowa Department of Public Health),				
State Administrative Matching Grants for				
Iowa Nutrition Network Basics	10.561	42-6004523	182,756	-
(Passed through Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land				
Stewardship	10.170	42-6004522	 90	-
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			 22,314,760	-
U.S. Department of Education:				
(Direct):				
Full Service Community Schools	84.215J	42-6001433	472,332	-
(Passed through Iowa Department of Education):				
Title 1:				
Title 1 Education, Consolidation and Improvement Act	84.010A	42-6004525	12,205,909	-
Title 1 Program for Neglected & Delinquent Children	84.010A	42-6004525	74,494	-
Title 1 Program for Neglected & Delinquent Children Carryover	84.010A	42-6004525	43,516	-
Title 1 School Improvement funds	84.010A	42-6004525	434,291	-
Vocational Education Basic Grants to States	84.048	42-6004525	453,301	-
Title II	84.367	42-6004525	1,534,719	-
Education for the Homeless	84.196	42-6004525	39,023	-
Title III ELL/LEP	84.365	42-6004525	432,408	-
Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	42-6004525	986,370	-
21st Century Subtotal	84.287	42-6004525	 1,159,351 17,363,382	<u> </u>
H0 B				
U.S. Department of Education (continued):	84.425C	40.0004505	04.040	
COVID-19 - CARES Act Education Stabilization GEERF Funds	84.425D	42-6004525 42-6004525	21,012	-
COVID-19 - CARES Act Education Stabilization ESSER I Funds	84.425U	42-6004525 42-6004525	136,332	-
COVID-19 - ARP School Emergency Relief funds ESSER III Funds 20%	84.425U 84.425U	42-6004525 42-6004525	6,227,984 20,451,354	-
COVID-19 - ARP School Emergency Relief funds ESSER III Funds COVID-19 - ARP School Emergency Relief funds ESSER III Funds SWVPP	84.425U	42-6004525 42-6004525	20,451,354 860,013	•
COVID-19 - ARP School Emergency Relief funds ESSER III Funds SWVPP	84.425D	42-6004525	2,329,546	-
COVID-19 - CRRSA ESSER IT reacher Retention COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund - eLearning Central	84.425B	42-6004525	2,329,346	-
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization with a Federal In Gentral COVID-19 - ARP Homeless Children & Youth	84.425W	42-6004525	27,286	_
Total U.S. Department of Education, Passed Through	J 1.72011	72-0004323	 21,200	
Through State of Iowa Department of				
Education			47,631,909	_
			 ,00.,000	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Follow I Greated Day Though Greated Day was Title	Assistance	Pass-Through	Federal	Passed Through To
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Listing Number	Grantor's Number	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Passed through Heartland Area Education Agency 11: Individuals with Disabilities Education Act	84.027	42-1028173	1,780,947	-
Part B Sect 611, Handicapped Preschool Program Vocational Assessment COVID-19 - IDEA Part LEA Program - ARP fund Total US Department of Education, Passed	84.027X	42-1028173	274,755	<u>-</u>
through Heartland Area Education Agency 11		_	2,055,702	<u> </u>
Passed through Iowa Department of administrative Services (IWD) Apprenticeship USA Grants	17.285	42-1590141	7,000	-
Passed through Iowa College Student Aid Commission: Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness (GEAR UP)	21.027	4200891451	84,020	-
Passed through Iowa State University Development and Dissemination	84.305H	42-6004224	22,176	<u> </u>
Total U.S. Department of Education		-	50,273,139	-
US Department of Health and Human Services: Passed through State of Iowa Department of Education School Wellness	93.945	42-1028173	1,849	_
Total US Department of Health & Human Services, Passed through State of Iowa			·	
Department of Education		-	1,849	
Passed through State of Iowa Vocational Rehabilitation Project Search	84.126	42-6004525	102,107	55,601
Passed through City of Des Moines COPS grant	16.71	42-6004514	17,041	
Passed through Drake University: Head Start	93.600	42-0680460	2,485,784	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			2,606,781	55,601
US Department of Health and Human Services: Passed through State of Iowa Dept of Human Service		_		
Rejuvenated Grant for Preschool Wrap around funds COVID-19 - ARP Child Care Stabilization Grant	93.575 93.575	42.6004525 42.6004525	1,053,090 5,591	-
US Department of Homeland Security's Federal Emergency		_	1,058,681	-
Management Agency				
Pass through Iowa Homeland Security				
COVID-19 - Public Health Emergency for COVID-19 Public Assistance for Derecho losses	97.036 97.036	11-0000583 11-0000583	7,875 23,145	-
Table Addition of Barone losses	07.000		31,020	-
U.S. Department of Defense National Security Agency - Startalk	12.900	N/A	23,844	
US Department of Federal Communication Commission Emergency Connectivity Funds	32.009	N/A	6,371,973	
US Department of Housing and Urban Development		-		
Passed through City of Des Moines:	14.228	42-6004514	221,951	-
Total expenditures of federal awards		≟	\$ 82,781,153 \$	55,601

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Des Moines Independent Community School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Des Moines Independent Community School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of Des Moines Independent Community School District (the District).

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Note 3. Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The District instead uses a negotiated rate published by the State of Iowa.

Note 4. Noncash Assistance

The schedule includes federal awards in the form of noncash assistance (commodities) received during the year in the amount of \$1,155,566 related to USDA Commodities grants provided by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and passed through the lowa Department of Education.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Corrective Action Plan	
Findings	Status	or Other Explanation	

Findings Related to Financial Statements:

None

Findings Related to Federal Awards:

None

Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

IV-G-21 Various certified enrollment variances Uncorrected See similar finding and corrective

identified by the State. action plan at IV-G-21.

IV-M-21 The Child Care, School Nutrition, and Print Shop Funds Uncorrected See similar finding and corrective

had deficit balance as of June 30, 2022. action plan at IV-M-21.



RSM US LLP

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education
Des Moines Independent Community School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standings*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Des Moines Independent Community School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2022. Our report includes an emphasis of matter paragraph due to the implementation of GASB 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Comments involving statutory or other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2022, are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures during our audit of the basic financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory

District's Responses to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Des Moines, Iowa November 29, 2022



Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education
Des Moines Independent Community School District

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Des Moines Independent Community School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, The District's complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
 to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
 control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance We have audited the financial statements of the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated November 29, 2022, which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Uniform Guidance and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

RSM US LLP

Des Moines, Iowa November 29, 2022

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

Summary of the Independent Auditor's Results		
Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	_X No
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	X None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	No
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	_x_No
Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	X None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with		
2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	xNo
Identification of Major Programs		
Federal Assistance		
Listing Number Name of Federal Program or Cluster 32.009 Emergency Connectivity 84.425C, 84.425D, 84.425U COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: \$2,483,435		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Y Yes	No
(Continued)		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

I. Findings Relating to the Financial Statement Audit as Required to be Reported in Accordance with Generally Accepted *Government Auditing Standards*

A. Internal Control

No matters reported.

B. Compliance Findings

No matters reported.

II. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

A. Internal Control

No matters reported.

B. Compliance Findings

No matters reported.

III. Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Requirements

IV-A-22—Certified Budget and General Fund Spending Authority—The District's certified budget was not in excess of spending authority. District expenditures did not exceed the certified budget.

IV-B-22—Questionable Expenditures—No expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.

IV-C-22—Travel Expense—No expenditures of District money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.

IV-D-22—Business Transactions—No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.

IV-E-22—Bond Coverage—Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure the coverage is adequate for current operations.

IV-F-22—Board Minutes—Board minutes were properly published, signed off on and each member's vote was properly recorded.

IV-G-22—Certified Enrollment—No material variances in the basic enrollment data certified to the lowa Department of Education was noted. However, the following item was noted.

<u>Finding</u>: There were various certified enrollment variances identified by the State and the District that resulted in an increase of 2.0 students from October 1, 2021 certified enrollment numbers reported by the District.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>Recommendation</u>: The District should correct the errors prior to providing the information to the State to avoid subsequent adjustments.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: The District has reviewed and agreed to the certified enrollment variances identified by the State as well as responded to the State with the District's assessment performed.

IV-H-22—Supplementary Weighting—No significant variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the lowa Department of Education were noted.

IV-I-22—Deposits and Investments—The District's policy for deposits and investments is in compliance with the Code of Iowa.

IV-J-22—Certified Annual Report—The Certified Annual Report was certified timely to the Iowa Department of Education.

IV-K-22—Categorical Funding—No instances of categorical funding being used to supplant rather than supplement other funds were noted.

IV-L-22—Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax—No instances of non-compliance with the use of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue. Districts are required to include these reporting elements in the Certified Annual Report (CAR) submitted to the Iowa Department of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District reported the following information regarding the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue in the District's CAR:

Beginning balance			\$	75,392,663
Local option sales tax				38,218,634
•				
Earnings on investments				116,028
				38,334,662
Expenditures/transfers out:				
School infrastructure:				
	_			
Buildings	\$	16,396,118		
Administration		101,502		
Debt service:				
Bond issuance costs	215,513			
Issuance of bonds	(66,335,000)			
Premium on bonds	(9,591,519)			
Transfers for debt service for school infrastructure:				
Revenue debt		102,152,536		42,939,150
Ending balance			\$	70,788,175

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District did not reduce any levies as a result of the monies received under Chapter 423E or 423F of the Code of Iowa.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2022

IV-M-22—Deficit Balances—The Child Care Fund, School Nutrition Fund, and the Print Shop Fund had deficit balances as of June 30, 2022 of \$1,318,581, \$1,075,148 and \$154,482, respectively.

<u>Finding</u>: As of June 30, 2022, the Child Care Fund, School Nutrition Fund, and the Print Shop Fund had reported a deficit balance.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The District should continue to investigate alternatives to eliminate the deficit in order to return funds to a sound financial condition.

Response and Corrective Action Plan: The primary cause of the deficit balance is due to accounting for the Child Care and School Nutrition Funds' share of the District's proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net pension liability related to IPERS. The primary cause of the Print Shop deficit is due to rising supply costs and implementation of GASB Statement No. 87. The District continues to analyze the fund's activities and have taken steps to reduce the deficit fund balance.

IV-N-22—Revenue Bonds—The District has established the reserve account required by all revenue bond resolutions as of June 30, 2022. The required monthly transfers from the revenue account to the sinking account were made by the District.

IV-O-22—Student Activity Fund—No instances of noncompliance with the use of student activity funds provisions of Chapter 298A.8 of the Code of Iowa and Iowa Administrative Rule 281-12.6(1) were noted.

IV-P-22—Early Childhood Iowa Area Board—The District is not the fiscal agent for the Early Childhood Iowa Area Board.

IV-Q-22—Receipts/Revenue—The District has limited school fees charged to categories identified in the Department of Education declaratory order #62.